Regd. No. B. 1065 CITY EDITION

Regd. No. B. 1065

JUPITER AND INSURANCE go hand in hand. J1

# The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

JUPITER GENERAL is doing all classes of INSURANCE Business. J2

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

VOL. XXVI NO. 297 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA

# Pro--Nazi Demonstrations In S. Africa

Gulam Md. Khan, President of The N. W. F. P. Congress Committee, who on invitation attended the Congress Working Committee Meeting at Wardha, is seen with Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, engaged in discussion on Wednesday.

## Travancore Congress To Defy Govt. Ban

### President's Charge Against Administration

TRIVANDRUM, Dec. 15.

The President of the Travancore State Congress, Mr. A. Thanu Pillai in a statement on the Travancore political situation states: "The provisions of the New Criminal Law Amendment Act directed against the formation of volunteer organisation and wearing of uniforms and badges cut at the root of the people's fundamental rights of association.

REPRESSION IN FULL SWING

The President criticises other provision of this law and adds "repression is again in full swing in Travancore to-day. State Congressmen are being proceeded against for acts alleged to have been done by them before the release of political prisoners. Fresh arrests are taking place in large numbers. He refers to the convictions of Miss Mascarene for sedition, as well as to the decision to prosecute on charge of sedition the signatories to the Memorandum to the Maharaja, and also the prohibition by District Magistrate of Trivandrum of the State Congress Conference near Trivandrum programmed for 22nd and 23rd December.

REPLY TO GOVT.

The President adds: "the Government have also begun to question the propriety of State Congress volunteer organisation. State Congress volunteers form a thoroughly non-violent body, and it is difficult to comprehend what the Government mean by saying that wearing of badges and uniforms creates impression that in the promotion of political activities, they will usurp the functions of the military and the police. Government are repeating the blunders they committed before the last civil disobedience movement began, and are forgetting the attitude that people of Travancore as well as the public men outside took towards the Government's action. To-day the country is more eager to get responsible government than it was at any time."

Concluding, the President says it is unreasonable to expect the State Congress which successfully resisted repression three months ago to obey the prohibitory order of the District Magistrate now. He fully hopes that the State Congress will assert the fundamental right of free speech and association by holding the conference, in spite of the Magistrate's order. It has to push forward its programme of non-violent action, and in doing so, exhibit its readiness to suffer for the progress of the country.—A. P.

## RELEASE OF TERRORISTS

### *Bengal Govt. Appoints* Advisory Committee

CALCUTTA, Dec. 15.

In pursuance of the policy announced in September last, the Government of Bengal have set up an Advisory Committee to examine the cases of the Terrorist convicts in Bengal and to make recommendations to the Government regarding the exercise of clemency therein.

The following gentlemen have been appointed to be the members of the Committee:—

Rai Bahadur Surendranath Guha, lately a Judge of the Calcutta High Court (President); Khan Bahadur A. M. L. Rahman, M.L.A., Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, M.L.A., Mr. Birat Chandra Mandal, M.L.A., Maharaj Kumar Udaychand Mahatab, M.L.A., Mr. Lalit Chandra Das, M.L.C., Mr. Curtis Miller, M.L.A., and Mr. J. R. Blair, C.I.E., I.C.S. (Members).

Rai Sahib Bhabesh Chandra Ray, B. C. S. Assistant Secretary, Home Department, Government of Bengal, will act as Secretary to the Committee.—A.P.

## *TRAVANCORE ARRESTS*

TRIVANDRUM, Dec. 15.

In connection with the sedition charge against the signatories to the Travancore State Congress Working Committee's Memorandum to the Maharaja, four of the 21 signatories were arrested and produced to-day before the District Magistrate of Trivandrum, who released them on bail till 19th instant on their own bonds. These four signatories are Messrs. K. P. Neelakanta Pillai, K. M. Korah, P. J. Sebastian and A. J. John. Mr. Madhava Warrior, another signatory, was released on bail last night.

Information has been received from Alleppey that Mr. V. K. Velayudhan, another signatory, has been arrested there.—A. P.

## *Congress Coalition For Bengal?*

## SARKAR ON MISSION TO WARDHA

## Nariman To Present His Case To Working Committee

CALCUTTA, Dec. 15.

**The Associated Press understands that in response to an urgent call, the Hon. Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, Finance Minister, Bengal, is proceeding to Wardha to-morrow evening.**

**It is stated that Mr. Sarkar will meet there some of the members of the Congress Cabinet, including Mr. Subhas Bose, the President, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad.**

**Mr. G. D. Birla, who left for Wardha last night, may also be present at the meeting.**

**Although strictest secrecy is being maintained regarding the object of Mr. Sarkar's visit, political circles believe that it may have a bearing on the reported negotiations for the establishment of a Congress Coalition Ministry in Bengal.**

WARDHAGANJ Dec. 15.

Mr. Ghanshyamdas Birla arrivtd here this evening from Calcutta. It is understood that, while Mr. Birla was at Calcutta, he had discussions with certain groups in the Bengal Legislative Assembly on the question of formation of a Congress Coalition Ministry in that Prvince.

CONFERENCE WITH MAHATMA.

According to talks in Congress circles here, Mr. Birla will acquaint Mahatma Gandhi and All-India Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee with the situation in Bengal and the possibilities of a Congress Coalition Ministry in that Province.

Mr. Birla's arrival assumes added significance by the fact that Mr. Sarat Bose spent nearly an hour with Mahatma Gandhi this evening after the Working Committee meeting, discussing with him the situation in Bengal and the possibilities of forming a Congress Coalition Ministry in Bengal. It is understood Mr. Sarat Bose told Gandhiji that the position in Bengal was ripe for a Congress Coalition Ministry and that the Working Committee should seriously consider this possibility.

Further informal discussion on this subject is expected to-morrow when Mr. Birla also will place his viewpoint before the Committee.

FRIDAY'S AGENDA

The Working Committee will consider to-morrow the Hindu-Muslim question and issue a comprehensive statement setting forth the Congress position 'vis-a-vis' Muslims and what action the Congress Governments in various Provinces have taken to meet Muslim demands and how in future the Congress proposes to deal with questions connected with Muslims.

The Working Committee session concludes to-morrow.

NARIMAN FOR WARDHA

Mr. K. F. Nariman is arriving here to-morrow personally to appeal to the Working Committee regarding the rejection of his candidature for the Bombay Municipal elections.

Mr. Sarat Bose left for Shegaon with Gandhiji to discuss with him the possibilities of a Congress Coalition Ministry in Bengal.

SHAREEF CASE

It is understood that the Sub-Committee consisting of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Mr. Sarat Bose will submit its report on the Shareef case early in January.

Dr. Pattabi Seetaramayya left for Madras by the Express.—A. P.

(Earlier Proceedings on Page 7)

## *BIRLA FOR BOMBAY*

WARDHA, Dec. 15.

Sjt. Ghanshyamdas Birla arrived by the Howrah Mail to-day. He is a member of the Industrial Planning Commission and proceeds to Bombay to-morrow after meeting Mahatma Gandhi and other Congress leaders.—United Press.

## *INDIANS OVERSEAS*

### *Discussion In Working Committee*

WARDHA, Dec. 15.

The afternoon session of the Working Committee was devoted to the consideration of the international situation. But the official resolution released relates only to the Palestine question, condemning the repressive policy in the mandatory territory.

**Other resolutions on the British Foreign and Colonial policy, Indians Overseas, especially in Tanganyika where Indians oppose transfer of the territory to Germany were discussed but withheld.**

**It is said that Gandhiji does not favour the idea of premature declaration of the Congress policy on the European situation and in the event of war.**

Discussion between Mahatmaji and Pandit Nehru were not concluded, when Gandhiji left for Shegaon with Sjt. Sarat Bose and Sjt. B. F. Bharucha.—United Press.

## *COMMUNAL UNITY FORMULA*

WARDHA, Dec. 15.

The United Press learns that the draft resolution on the communal problem specifically deals with important issues like the inclusion of minorities in provincial cabinets, coalition governments in provinces where Muslim parties exist, provided they substantially accept the Congress policy and programme, representation of Muslims and minorities in services, questions like cow sacrifice and music before mosques, scripts, etc.

The draft prepared by Mahatmaji is undergoing changes, and will receive final touches to-morrow and issued thereafter.—United Press.

Dr. S. Bannerji, President, A. I. T. U. C., is seen engaged in discussion with Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru at Wardha on Wednesday.

## Premier Assures Empire Will Survive

### *Defends Under-Study In Commons*

LONDON, Dec. 15.

Perturbation over Mr. MacDonald's speech at the Constitutional Club provoked two questions in the House of Commons this afternoon, to which the Prime Minister replied firmly defending the Dominion's Secretary.

Questions of Mr. Arthur Henderson and Lieut.-Commander Fletcher asked, if Mr. MacDonald's speech expressed the Government's policy.

Mr. Chamberlain replied that the speech, only partially reported, included a statement of various influences at work within the British Commonwealth, and it gave reasons for Mr. MacDonald's firm faith that the Commonwealth of Nations would survive in co-operation together, whatever the crises they might have to face in the future. (Cheers). "The British Government certainly fully share that faith." (Renewed cheers).

Mr. Arthur Henderson asked whether in the present circumstances, it would not be better for Ministers to confine themselves to dealing with matters of policy rather than speculation regarding hypothetical events. The Prime Minister said:—"I don't think so. The speech was very brilliant and a statesmanlike exposition." (Cheers).

Sir Louis Smith asked if Mr. Chamberlain was aware that the large number of Conservatives who heard the speech welcomed it as a well-balanced and most helpful statement, and Mr. Somerset De Chair (Conservative) asked if it was not a fact that the report was based on a single News Agency report, and could not the Prime Minister give the House the assurance that before a Cabinet Minister was going to make an important speech, all leading news agencies and newspapers should be represented.

A third supplementary question, to none of which the Prime Minister replied, was by Mr. G. L. M. Mander, (Labour) who asked whether Mr. Chamberlain was aware that a good many people outside the Cabinet did not think that the British Empire was likely to survive the present Government.

MACDONALD'S REFERENCE.

A reference to the speech was made by Mr. MacDonald at a farewell luncheon to Sir Harry Batterbee, the new British High Commissioner in New Zealand, at the Royal Empire Society, in which hypothetically, yet good-humorously, he referred to the wrong deductions which might possibly be drawn by newspapers from incidental remarks in the speech he was then making. He did not think, despite what he was reported to have said in the press, that much strengthening of ties between the Dominions and Great Britain was needed, and perhaps no strengthening between Britain and New Zealand.—Reuter.

## HYDERABAD UNITY TALKS

### Congress High Command To Be Consulted

(From Our Correspondent).

HYDERABAD (Dn.) Dec. 15.

The Hindu Muslim unity talks mooted two months ago have, it is understood, taken definite shape. In this connection Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung, local Muslim leader, who is connected with Anjuman-i-Ithihad - ul - Musalmin after consultation with Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad at Allahabad returned to Hyderabad.

Mr. Narsingrao, spokesman on behalf of Hindus, immediately after return of the Nawab discussed with him the existing situation in Hyderabad with special reference to the Satyagraha movement and the "Vande Mataram" controversy and the dismissal of more than a thousand Hindu students from educational institutions. He also obtained information as to what transpired at Allahabad, when the Nawab interviewed the Congress leaders.

According to information available Mr. Narsingrao, who is already in communication with the Congress High Command and before whom recommendations of unity talks were placed a fortnight ago left for Wardha to explain affairs personally. During his stay at Wardha Mr. Narsingrao is expected to avail himself of the opportunity of discussing the feasibility of starting a National University in Hyderabad for affording educational facilities to students dismissed en masse in the "Vande Mataram" affair.

## *GLOSTER AIRCRAFT STRIKE ENDS*

LONDON, Dec. 15.

The strike in Gloster Aircraft Company has ended. The men resumed work this morning. Meanwhile negotiations upon the point of dispute are proceeding.—Reuter.

## VOORTREKKER CELEBRATIONS

### CROWDS GIVE NAZI SALUTE

### Speakers In English Howled Down By Audience

**PRETORIA, Dec. 15.**

**ROBERT'S HEIGHTS, A WELL-KNOWN MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT SITUATED ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF PRETORIA NAMED AFTER LORD ROBERTS HAS BEEN RENAMED "VOORTREKKER HEIGHTS."**

This was announced by Gen. Kemp, who is acting Minister for Defence, in the absence of Mr. Oswald Pirow, when addressing a large audience in the amphi-theatre of Voortrekker Canvas City.

There was an incident at the Voortrekker celebrations to-day when Mr. E. W. Douglas, ex-Attorney-General of Cape Province and a member of the Celebrations Committee, was howled down, when he attempted to address the gathering of many thousands in English. He was scheduled to speak in English. Mr. Douglas eventually spoke in Afrikaans and received cheering.

Dr. Breyne, Professor in Afrikaans of Berlin University was also cheered when he spoke in Afrikaans and a section of the crowd afterwards gave him the Nazi salute.—Reuter.

## BRITAIN HELPLESS AGAINST NAZIS

LONDON, Dec. 15.

Invited by Lt.-Commander Fletcher in the Commons for a statement concerning the dismissal of British and Jewish employees by German firms in London before Christmas on instructions from abroad, Sir Samuel Hoare said he was aware that allegations have been made of such terminations of service, but he had no knowledge that they were done under instructions of the German Government. He could, however, give the assurance that permission would not be given for importation by any firm in Britain of any foreigner to fill the post, which could be filled by person resident here, possessing the necessary qualifications.

Lt.-Commander Fletcher said that he had two fully authenticated cases of such dismissals, in one of which a man was employed for seventeen years by one firm and who was told he was discharged on account of his faith.

Sir Samuel Hoare asked Lt.-Commander Fletcher to furnish particulars and added that in such a case he would certainly not allow immigration to replace him. Lt.-Commander Fletcher asked if Sir Samuel Hoare had no powers to compel the German firms enjoying British hospitality and the protection of our laws, carrying on lucrative business here to conform to civilized standards of racial and religious toleration prevailing here.

Sir Samuel Hoare replied he had no such statutory powers."—Reuter.

## STOP PRESS

LABOUR PARTY AND RECRUITMENT.

LONDON, Dec. 15.

Lord Strabolgi emphatically stated in the House of Lords that the Labour Party would assist the recruiting campaign. He said that there was a real temptation not to do so because of their contempt and loathing for the Government's foreign policy but on the question of help they had no choice. **"We must and we will. That is democracy."—Reuter.**

# Our Tabulated Adlets

## 1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

**CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

**SPECIAL REDUCTION** in our soheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

**STILL ONE MORE FACILITY** is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

**ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

### 42. SITUATIONS VACANT

**Wanted Five First Class Stenographers.** Beginners no objection. Apply with testimonials Brilliant prospects, Box 11146 "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted immediately a young** Steno-Typist, well experience with Office Routine and able to carry correspondence independently. Pay according to qualifications and experience. State age, nationality experience etc. Apply to the Manager, Belvandi Sugar Farm Ltd., P.O. Belvandi-Sugar-Farm, Dist: Ahmednagar. (10125)

**Wanted experienced Salesmen in** Cigarette line for up-country, write or see. Shah Bros (Jintan Agency) Princess St. Bombay 2. (11141)

**Wanted:—A 1st Class Weaving** Master thoroughly experienced in Light and Heavy sizing coarse and fine counts fancy goods, Dobby Jacquard and fine works for a Calcutta Cotton Mill. Apply with minimum terms to Post Box No. 210, Calcutta. (11133).

### 141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

**Wanted—1000 pupils to practically** learn Hypnotism, Mesmerism, Thought-Reading, Crystal Gazing Auto Suggestion etc. by Post. For particulars send one anna stamp Prof. Rudra, 100|5, Surendra Banerjee Road, Calcutta. (10969)

### 174. BOOKS

**Practical Race Calculator, Only** Book Reveals Unknown System To Find Winner. Stone-Wall Certainty, Regain Your Losses, Rs. 5 King Coy, Booksellers, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (11132).

### 191. MEDICAL ADLETS

**Guaranteed cures for diseases** such as Piles, Asthma, Malaria, Women's Ailments, etc., as also the most efficient Tonic, Contraceptive, etc. Send for our free catalogue of these most efficacious medicines. Agents Wanted. T. Boyce Co., Belgaum. (11106).

### 651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

**Forgery Detection Bureau:** 20 Hamam St., Bombay, Director Parmeshwar Dayal, M.A., Handwriting Expert. (11068)

**Knowing when to Buy and sell,** Earn Profits by weekly Reports for Rupees Ten about Deferred Shares, Cotton Rates. Apply Provident Co., Top, Daryamahal opp. Telegraph Office, Fort, Bombay. (11142)

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GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

| | Per column inch Per insertion. |
|---|---|
| 1st Insertion | Rs. 7-8-0 |
| 2nd Insertion | Rs. 5-8-0 |
| 3rd and Subsequent-Insertions | Rs. 4-8-0 |

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for 1939-40 for 8 Schedules viz., (1) Drawing materials, (2) Miscellaneous stores, (3) Writing ink, (4) Straw boards, (5) Jaconet cloth, (6) Country leather, (7) Typewriting accessories and (8) Rubber stamps from Manufacturers and accredited agents of the manufacturers in India only and 'bona fide' importers and stockists of foreign goods. Schedules with tender forms can be had from the office of the undersigned at a cost of Re. 1 per schedule. Any other information, if required, can be obtained on application. All correspondence and tenders should be addressed by designation only. Tenders will be received till 2 P.M. of 18th January, the same being opened publicly on 20/1/39 at 2 P.M. sharp.

N. GHOSH,
Superintendent,
Government Printing,
Bihar, Gulzarbagh.

10126.

THE OKHA SALT WORKS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ELEVENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on 29th December, 1938, at the Registered Office, Navsari Building, Hornby Road, Bombay, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Accounts for the year ending 31st July, 1938.
2. To elect Directors in place of Messrs. Walchand Hirachand, B. S. Lalkaka and Madanlal H. Vakil, who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 23rd December, 1938 to 31st December, 1938, (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Directors,
KAPILRAM, LTD.,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 14th December, 1938.
10123.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the works noted below and will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 23rd December, 1938.

1. Construction of a Ward No. XV in Small-pox Unit at Arthur Road Hospital.
2. Construction of 200 S. P. rooms, 8 Shops, office and store rooms, etc., at Worli.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification etc., will be issued to anyone deputed to receive them on payment of Rs. 5|- for each tender copy by the City Engineer, who will on application, give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

(10123)

## Public Notices

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 297851 on the life of Thakkar Nanjibhai Dayabhai of Bulsar Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

Bombay, 16th December, 1933.
(Sd.) H. E. JONES,
Manager.
(10129)

THE OKHA SALT WORKS, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that AN EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above named Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Navsari Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay on the 29th day of December, 1938, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) for the purposes of considering and if thought fit of passing resolutions relating to the sale of this Company to the projected Tata Chemicals Ltd. and for passing the draft agreement approved and sanctioned by the Directors.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
KAPILRAM, LTD.,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 14th December, 1938.
(10124)

## Auction Sales

### MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS.

In accordance with Section 94 of the Bombay Port Trust Acts of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 20th December 1938 at 2 P.M. (Sale Warehouse), at Alexandra Docks the following goods:

Art Silk Fents, Cotton P. Goods; Toilet requisites; sewing machine; colodin cotton, etc.

### GANDHI & CO.

Government Auctioneers

SALE THIS DAY
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT KAZI STREET.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Khandvala & Chhotalal, Attorneys for Messrs. The Sonawala Co., Ltd. the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Abdool Carrim Tyeb, the Mortgagor, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the deed of mortgage dated 22nd December 1934 sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Valuable Immovable Property THIS DAY Friday the 16th December 1938 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of land of the quit and ground tenure together with dwelling house situate at Kazi Street admeasuring 174.6|9 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector under New No. 8097 New Survey No. 833 and Cadastral Survey No. 3325 in the Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 6178 Street New No. 22 and bounded on the North by the Property of Jamal Kasai, on the South by the Property of Shaboodin, on the East by the said Kazi Street and on the West by a Sweeper's passage.

For further Particulars please apply to Messrs. Khandvala & Chhotalal Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.


5th WEEK
FROM TO-MORROW:
GENERAL FILMS'
INDUSTRIAL INDIA
THE PICTURE of the NEW INDIA that You Cannot Afford to Miss
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
5-15, 8 & 10-45 P.M.

POSITIVELY LAST 4 DAYS OF THE
MARCUS SHOW
AT
THE EXCELSIOR
TWO SHOWS DAILY:
AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
SUN. DEC. 18TH
AT 3-30 & 6-30 P.M.
3RD AND LAST PROGRAMME
LA VIE PAREE
THE BEST OF THE LOT, with GLITTERING SCENES of
FOLLIES BERGERE
CASINO DE PARIS
MOULIN ROUGE
PLUS THE
SENSATIONAL FAN DANCE
PERFORMED BY
HA CHA SAN
(THE GOLDEN GODDESS)
WHICH CREATED A SENSATION AT THE CHICAGO WORLD FAIR
Be sure to be present at
THE GRAND FAREWELL CARNIVAL PROGRAMME
Presenting NEW NUMBERS
On MON. DEC. 19TH AT 10 P.M. when you will meet the members of the MARCUS SHOW in person
POPULAR PRICES:
Rs. 10, Rs. 7, Rs. 5-12, Rs. 4-8, Rs. 3-6, Rs. 2-4, Rs. 1-2.
BOOK NOW!
There will be a SPECIAL SHOW under the Distinguished Patronage of THEIR EXCELLENCIES
THE GOVERNOR
AND
LADY LUMLEY
ON
SUN., DEC. 18TH: AT 3-30 P.M.
50% OF THE ENTIRE PROCEEDS WILL BE DONATED TO THE ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS FUND!
(By arrangement with WESTERN INDIA THEATRES, LTD.)

FOURTH Fascinating Week
NEW THEATRES' MUSICAL ROMANCE:
"THE STREET SINGER"
Starring: SAIGAL & KANANBALA
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m. Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-30 p.m.
THE MINERVA

WELLINGTON
DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
FROM TO-MORROW: SATURDAY:
"ARSENE LUPIN RETURNS"
with
MELVYN DOUGLAS — VIRGINIA BRUCE
Plans Open!——!'Phone 22666
POSITIVELY FOR THE LAST TIME TO-DAY!
LAUREL & HARDY
IN
"WAY OUT WEST"
Plans Open!——!'Phone 22666
SUNDAY MORNING SHOW: AT 10 A.M.
RITZ BROTHERS
in
"YOU CAN'T HAVE EVERYTHING"
with ALICE FAYE

GOPAL KRISHNA
3rd WEEK
DAILY: 5, 7-45 & 10-30 P.M.
PLAZA DADAR:

ALL BOMBAY AND HIS WIFE
HAVE DECIDED TO ATTEND THE ALL-INDIA "PREMIERE" of SCREENLAND'S SWEETEST ROMANCE:
Bhabi
BOMBAY TALKIES' MIGHTY SPECTACULAR MOVIE
Featuring:
RENUKA DEVI
SCREENLAND'S WONDER-GIRL
with
P. JAIRAJ
MEERA, *MAYADEVI, *M. NAZIR P. F. PITHAWALA, *GYAN CHANDRA, SAROJ BORKAR, PRATIMA, *RAMA SHUKUL, V. H. DESAI, *RANI BALA*
TO-MORROW
DECR. 17 1938
ROXY

MAKE IT A DATE!
TO-MORROW EVENING:
Grand Gala Opening
of the
CITY'S NEW SENSATION
Have-A-Heart
FETE & EXHIBITION
The Smartest Place for a Satisfying Evening
Opp: Cricket Club of India, Churchgate Reclamation.

Out to Capture The THRONE
Witness the THRILLING Finale of the VILLAINOUS— SARDAR'S Intrigues!
'DOUBLE CROSS'
BHAVNANI'S Life-Thriller.
Starring Screen's Sweet-Heart:
BIMLA KUMARI
DAILY: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 P.M.
Fri., Sat. & Sundays: Matinees: 2-30 P.M.
4th Glorious WEEK
SUPER
CINEMA: NEW CHARNI RD.

The BROADWAY
KINGSWAY:——:DADAR
TO-DAY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
"KID GALAHAD"
A WARNER BROS. HIT
TO-MORROW:
BOBBY BREEN
The Wonder Boy Singer of Radio and the Screen in
"RAINBOW ON THE RIVER"


## PICKETING AT DOCK GATES

### 'Cilicia' Saloon Crew On Strike

BOMBAY, Thursday.

**Mr. S. V. Parulekar, Hon. General Secretary, Seamen's Union, Bombay, has issued the following statement to the Press:**

S.S. "Cilicia" of the Anchor Line has not been able to recruit saloon crew who were to sign this morning. Out of 118 required on the ship in the Saloon Department, the company has been able to secure the services of only about fifteen.

The seamen have unanimously decided not to sign on unless the demand submitted by the Seamen's Union, Bombay, is conceded.

The demand submitted by the Union is a most reasonable one. The seamen want the system of employment to be by rotation and that they should be discharged after one year's service to make room for others.

It is a well-known fact that there is a large volume of of unemployment among Seamen. The Anchor Line does not keep any register of seamen employed on their ships, and the petty officials like butlers who are responsible for the recruitment of seamen take advantage of the serious state of unemployment and refuse to employ men unless they pay bribes ranging from one month's to three months' wages.

Seamen out of desperation have been compelled to resort to the last weapon and have determined to fight till the demand is conceded.

The Union has organised day-and-night picketing since the last 24 hours at all the dock gates. All the efforts of the Company to secure men have been so far frustrated.

## ANTI-DOWRY BILL

The Bombay Government Gazette gives the draft of a bill by Mr. Dabhi M.L.A. to restrain the custom of taking or offering of Dowry in marriages.

The Statement of Objects and Reasons reads:

Among many communities in this Province as in other Provinces of India there exists an evil custom of taking and offering dowry. As a result of this custom many persons have to pay exorbitant sums to secure bridegrooms for their daughters. Again, in some parts of the Province a regular traffic of selling and buying girls is being carried on. Under these circumstances, it is quite necessary to introduce a legislation to eradicate this evil custom of dowry.

FUNERAL FEASTS

Another Bill by Mr. Dabhi M. L. A. to prohibit the custom of giving Funeral Feasts has as its Statement of Objects and Reasons:

Among many communities of this Province large amounts of money are spent in giving customary but non-religious funeral feasts. Even if the monetary condition of a person does not allow him to give a Funeral Feast he has to give one even by incurring heavy debts, on pain of being taunted as well as excommunicated by his caste people. Moreover, the very thought of a feast in connection with the death of a person is revolting. Under these circumstances, it is highly desirable to introduce a legislation to wipe out this wicked custom of giving Funeral Feasts.

## Strictures On Benares Municipality

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 15.

Their lordships the Chief Justice and Justice Ganganath dismissed the Letters Patent appeal filed by the Benares Municipal Board. They held that the board had illegally extorted money from the plaintiff one Jokhu owner of a house in Mohalla Lalapura without having his property asseassed at all. The plaintiff had been made to pay Rs. 151-3-6 as water tax. Their Lordships held the plaintiff entitled to refund of their money "it is unfortunate that a Municipality like that of Benares should have behaved in such a dishonourable and arbitrary manner" concluded Their Lordships' judgment. Their Lordships opined that the board should have immediately returned the full amount if it had acted honestly.

## CONGRESS CAPTURES RAJSHAHI MUNICIPALITY

RAJSHAHI, Dec. 14.

Out of the nine seats in the Rajshahi Municipal Committee, eight were captured by the Congress, the most notable victory being that of Mr. Surendra Mohan Moitra, M.L.A., over Rai Bahadur D. N Das Gupta, the present Chairman and a sitting Commissioner for over twenty years, by a big majority.—United Press.


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## RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

### G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM OCTOBER, 1938)
Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

| | Arr. H.M. | Dep. H.M. |
|---|---|---|
| Madras Mail | 6 00 | 22 10 |
| Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.) | 6 15 | 23 00 |
| Calcutta Mail (Nagpur) | 7 50 | 17 40 |
| Calcutta Mail (Chheoki) | 9 00 | 0 45 |
| Madras Express | 10 10 | 15 00 |
| Poona Mail | 10 25 | 17 30 |
| Punjab Mail | 11 15 | 18 50 |
| Nagpur Express | 13 50 | 21 35 |
| Poona Fast (Pass.) | 17 00 | 11 50 |
| Poona Express | 19 24 | 8 05 |
| Allahabad Express | 20 15 | 7 00 |

### B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from 1st October, 1938.
Arrival at and Departures from Bombay Central.

| | Arr. H.M. | Dep. H.M. |
|---|---|---|
| Ahmedabad Passenger | 5 35 | 13.50 |
| Delhi Express | 6 0 | 22 15 |
| Gujarat Mail | 6 45 | 22 00 |
| Kathiawar Mail | 7 25 | 21 30 |
| Frontier Mail | 8 15 (Mon) | 21 15 (Sat) |
| *The Flying Ranee Surat | 9 48 | 15 10 |
| The Flying Ranee, Surat | 10 58 | 18 05 |
| Ahmedabad Passenger | 14 15 | 22 30 |
| Kathiawar Express | 18 45 | 8 45 |
| Baroda Passenger | 20 33 | 9 25 |

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

## AIR MAIL TIMINGS

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

| | Arr. |
|---|---|
| Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers) | 8 40 |

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

**LONDON—BOMBAY (Juhu).**

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj, and Ahmedabad.

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p.m.

Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 3-30 p.m.

**BOMBAY (Juhu)—LONDON.**

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 10-15 a.m.

**BOMBAY (Juhu)—Colombo.**

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 11-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 1-30 p.m.

**COLOMBO—BOMBAY (Juhu).**

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 9-45 a.m. Delivery, Sunday 12-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m.

**BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—SINGAPORE and AUSTRALIA.**

Latest hour of posting:—Sunday, Monday and Friday 6-30 p.m.

**AUSTRALIA—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)**

Delivery:—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 11 a.m

**BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—HONGKONG CHINA AND JAPAN.**

Latest hour of posting:—Monday and Friday 6-30 p.m.

**HONGKONG—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)**

Delivery:—Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

**BOMBAY—KATHIAWAR.**

Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar and Porebunder.

Departures from Juhu: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-15 a.m.

Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, 6 p.m.


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## FORFEITED LANDS RESTORATION ACT

### Receives Assent Of Governor

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The Bombay Forfeited Lands Restoration Act, 1938, passed by the Legislature in its autumn sessions has received the assent of the Governor of Bombay and has been published in Part IV of the Bombay Government Gazette dated the 29th November 1938. The Act has been brought into force with effect from 13th December 1938.

A notification under section 3 (1) of the Act specifying the forfeited lands has been published on 12th December 1938 in the 'Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary', dated 12th December 1938. Any omissions in this notification should immediately be brought to the notice of Government. All persons interested are informed that Government will issue on or about 15 days after the publication of the notification under section 2 (1) a declaration under section 4 of the Act specifying which of the lands contained in the declaration will, in the public interest, be acquired and restored to the original holders. Shortly after the issue of this declaration, notices under section 5 will be published by the Tribunal appointed under the Act. On the expiry of 15 days from publication of these notices it will be open to Government to take possession of the lands specified in them, but in view of the issue of this Press Note the holders of forfeited lands will have not less than one month's notice of the intention of Government to take possession of the lands.

Those holders of forfeited lands who wish to receive compensation in accordance with sub-section (3) of section 9 of the Act should give intimation accordingly to the Collector of the district.

## RAJPAL'S BOOK AND "RANGILA RASUL"

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The statement in 'Iqbal', an Urdu daily, dated the 16th December 1938 that the Government of Bombay had allowed Rajpal's 'Rangila Rasul' to be translated into Marathi is incorrect. A book by the late Mr. A. C. Kolhatkar with the title "Rangila Rasul" has been allowed to be printed, provided the title is changed. It does not deal with the subject of Rajpal's book in any way, but in order that there should be no possible chance of confusing the two, Government have ordered the title to be changed and the text revised in such a way that it could not be misunderstood as containing any reference to the Prophet Muhammad.

## Horniman's Health

Certain rumours are being spread in the city that Mr. Horniman's state of health is such that it is very unlikely that he will be able to take any active part in the Municipal election or in the proceedings of the Municipal Corporation to come.

These rumours are quite unwarranted. Mr. Horniman was suffering from general weakness due to overwork, and was recommended to take complete rest in order to achieve complete recovery.

He has been progressing fast and only the intervention of some temporary gastric trouble caused a slight slackening in the speed of his recovery.

## School Board Chairman's "At Home"

ANDHERI, Dec. 11.

Following the election of the members for the new School Board in the Bombay Suburban District and before their first meeting, Mr. Shantaram Narayan Patil, the Chairman of the retiring School Board was "at home" to the members of the last week-end. In his farewell speech, Mr. Shantaram Patil recapitulated the good work done by the retiring Board and recounted the memories of his 15 years' association with the School Board of the District.

Mr. Patil then went on to say that the Board's outlook all throughout had been non-communal and non-sectarian and how he had always the active co-operation and the sound support from Mr S. S. Naik and Mr. C. D. Barfivala, the veterans of local self-government in the Suburban District.

Mr. S. S. Naik, the Vice-Chairman of the Board, then extolled the robust common sense of Mr. Patil and the team work of the entire Board during the last three years.

PRINCESS PRAMILARAJE.

SHRIMANT JAYSINHRAO GHATGE

**The wedding of Princess Pramilaraje, the youngest sister of the Rajasaheb of Akalkot, with Shrimant Jaysinhrao Ghatge, Chief of Kagal (Sr.) will take place at Akalkot, on the 17th inst.**

## WOMEN CONDEMN REPRESSION

### "Rajkot Day" Celebration In Bombay

Resolutions assuring active support to the Rajkot struggle, congratulating the participants in the fight, particularly women and condemning the repressive regime in the State were unanimously adopted at a women's public meeting held at Heerabaug to observe the 'Rajkot Day' in Bombay on Thursday in the afternoon.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi presided.

The meeting was the first of the series organised by the Kathiawar Praja Mandal to take place in the city and the suburbs.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi said that there was no need to explain to an audience of Bombay women, the significance of "Rajkot Day."

The maladministration in the State had driven the people of the State to resort to Satyagraha. In the struggle, women too had their share, in facing even lathi charges. The Rajkot struggle was bound to continue till victory was won. It was a fight of not Rajkot alone but of all the States. The fight in the States would continue till the artificial boundaries between British and Indian Indias were abolished.

Referring to the women's roll in the Rajkot struggle, Mrs. Munshi said that Smtis Mridulaben and Maniben had been jailed and many from Bombay would follow them when called upon. Victory was theirs as Gandhiji had blessed them, Sardar was leading them, and the Working Committee and the whole of India were behind them. Mrs. Gangaben referring to the Indian traditions of the relations between the ruler and ruled, said foreigners like Sir P. Cadell would not be able to understand them. The result was unheard of repression where even women were lathi-charged. News had come that Smthi. Sarlaben Trivedi was brutally attacked by the State-forces.

Though apparently the fight in Rajkot seemed to be against the Ruler, ultimately, it was in the interests of the Thakore Saheb.

The people of Rajkot were bound to succeed in their struggle against maladministration.

Smthi Vijayaben Parikh appealed to the women to enlist themselves as members of the Kathiawar Praja Mandal in larger numbers. Smthi Hiravati Mansuhklal Chaganlal also spoke.

## KHER TO TOUR KOLABA DISTRICT

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALIBAG, Dec. 15.

The programme of the visit of the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister to Kolaba District has now been fixed.

Mr. Kher leaves Bombay on Tuesday next early in the morning to reach Alibag by about 9 a.m. Immediately he will leave for Revdanda and return to Alibag. In the afternoon he will see Congress workers and officials and proceed to Pen via Shahabaj-Dharamtar.

In the evening, he will leave Pen for Nagothna for the night's rest at the house of Mr. S. V. Tilak, President, Kolaba District Congress Committee. At Nagothna he will address a public meeting also.

On Wednesday morning, the Premier will leave for Roha and in the afternoon he will leave for Mahad, 'doing' Goregaon on his way. At Mahad also he will address a public meeting and leave for the night's rest at the Kashedi Public Works Bungalow and start on his Ratnagiri District tour on Thursday morning.

Alibag, Pen, Roha and Mahad Municipalities and Nagothna and Goregaon village Panchayats will give welcome addresses to the Prime Minister.

## All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, Dec. 15.

The following are the maximum minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

| Station | Temperature Max. | Temperature Min. | Rainfall Past 24 Hours | Rainfall Total Since 1st Nov | Difference to Normal |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Agra | 77 | 42 | — | — | —0.2 |
| Amraoti | 72 | 55 | — | — | —0.7 |
| Akola | 83 | 47 | — | — | —0.7 |
| Ahmedabad | 86 | 59 | — | — | —0.2 |
| Ambala | 77 | 43 | — | — | —0.5 |
| Allahabad | 75 | 46 | — | — | —0.4 |
| BOMBAY | 89 | 68 | — | 1.1 | +0.7 |
| Bangalore | 79 | 57 | — | 0.1 | —3.1 |
| Baroda | 86 | 44 | — | — | — |
| Belgaum | 80 | 56 | — | 1.1 | —0.7 |
| Bijapur | 82 | 50 | — | 0.1 | —1.1 |
| Bhavnagar | 84 | 52 | — | — | —0.1 |
| Cawnpore | 80 | 48 | — | — | —0.5 |
| Calicut | 88 | 71 | — | 1.4 | —4.4 |
| Colombo | 88 | 73 | T | 5.6 | —9.5 |
| Cochin | 86 | 75 | — | 6.4 | —1.3 |
| Delhi | 76 | 47 | — | — | —0.3 |
| Hyderabad (Dn.) | 84 | 46 | — | — | —1.1 |
| Hyderabad (Sd.) | 77 | 53 | — | — | —0.1 |
| Indore | 78 | 40 | — | — | —0.5 |
| Jhansi | 79 | 42 | — | — | —0.3 |
| Jubbulpore | 78 | 40 | — | — | —0.7 |
| Jaipur | 78 | 45 | — | — | —0.2 |
| Karwar | 91 | 68 | — | 1.8 | —0.2 |
| Karachi | 81 | 61 | — | — | —0.1 |
| Khandwa | 82 | 41 | — | — | —0.7 |
| Lucknow | 79 | 45 | — | — | —0.2 |
| Multan | 79 | 46 | — | — | —0.2 |
| Mysore | 83 | 58 | — | 0.4 | —2.4 |
| Madras | 83 | 72 | — | 2.6 | —15.0 |
| Marmagoa | 90 | 69 | — | 1.0 | — |
| Malegaon | 83 | 45 | — | 0.1 | —0.5 |
| Mangalore | 89 | 67 | — | 2.1 | —1.3 |
| Nagpur | 82 | 47 | — | — | —0.9 |
| Patna | 75 | 49 | — | — | —0.3 |
| Peshawar | 76 | 42 | — | 0.1 | —0.4 |
| Poona | 82 | 43 | — | 0.3 | —0.7 |
| Rangoon | 94 | 73 | — | 9.9 | +6.9 |
| Ratnagiri | 91 | 67 | — | 2.9 | +2.0 |
| Rajkot | 86 | 51 | — | — | —0.2 |
| Sholapur | 85 | 51 | — | — | —1.3 |
| Surat | 88 | 57 | — | — | —0.2 |
| Trichinopoly | 85 | 71 | 0.1 | 0.7 | —6.1 |

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

### Weather Report

POONA, Dec. 15.

A fresh western disturbance is causing clouds in northwest India. There has been scattered rainfall in southeast Madras, Negapatam reporting two inches; Kodaikanal threequarters and Pamban a quarter. Night temperatures are markedly below normal in Central India.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 15-12-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.011 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 63.9 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 89.1 degrees 2.4 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 68.2 degrees 0.4 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 62 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 11 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 181 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 15-12-38

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 76.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.15 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.96 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

## NATIONAL LIBERAL FEDERATION

### P. N. Sapru To Preside Over Bombay Session

BOMBAY, Dec. 15.

At a meeting of the Reception Committee of the National Liberal Federation held on Wednesday, the Hon. Mr. Prakash Narayan Sapru was unanimously elected as President of the ensuing session of the National Liberal Federation to be held in Bombay on December 30, and 31 and continued, if necessary on January 1, 1939.

## BHATT TAKES CHARGE

### New Municipal Commissioner Busy With Files

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. M. D. Bhatt, I.C.S. took over the charge of Municipal Commissioner from Mr. D. V. Nadkarni, Acting Municipal Commissioner, this morning.

Mr. Bhatt was taken round to different departments and introduced to heads of departments.

Mr. Bhatt soon after he took over the charge was busy with files studying the Municipal problems which he has to tackle in the future.

He will have also to study the procedure and problems of the next Municipal elections which will take place on the 7th of February 1939.

For the first time, the city of Bombay is divided into several divisions instead of Wards and an army of staff will be required to cope with the work that day.

Another great problem before him will be the reports of Mr. N. V. Modak, the City Engineer, who has travelled over Europe and America to study drainage, sanitation, purification plants, roads and lightings, etc., and his recommendations to introduce them in Bombay.

## Municipal Workers Condemn Firing

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Kamgar Sangh was held in the Office of the Sangh on December 13 when the following resolutions were passed.

"Resolved that the Bombay Municipal Kamgar Sangh emphatically condemns the action of the Government of Bombay in resorting to firing and lathi charges on strikers who observed one day strike on Nov. 7, 1938 as a protest against the Trade Dispute Bill, which the Government managed to get through in defiance of the United opposition of the representatives of Labour."

"Resolved that the Sangh expresses its deep sense of sorrow at the premature deaths of Bhairoo Chavan and Bhagojee Waghmare who fell victims to the bullets of the Government of Bombay on the day of Strike which is Nov. 7 1938. The Sangh offers its condolences to the bereaved family."

## Case Against Nimbkar Adjourned

Mr. Joachim Alva, Advocate, on behalf of Mr. R.S. Nimbkar, President of the Municipal Workers' Union, who is charged with defamation by Miss Henrietta Rozario, Matron of Arthur Road Infectious Hospital, made an application at Esplanade Police Court on Thursday morning before Mr. I. N. Mehta, that the case be adjourned. Mr. Alva stated that Mr. Nimbkar had to attend the sittings of the Textile Inquiry Committee, as he had to give evidence there and that he would be unable to attend the Court thereby. The Court granted the application and adjourned the case to 31st January, 1939.

## ALLEGED DEFAMATION

### Revision Application Dismissed

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, Dec. 15.

"I see no reason to report the case to the High Court as no point of law is involved in it" with these words, Mr. M. A. Bhave Sessions Judge Thana dismissed to-day the revision application filed by Krishnaji Ganesh Parab and 22 others of Matheran against the conviction and sentence of fine passed by the First Class Magistrate, Karjat Mr. R. B. Deshmukh, on a charge of defamation.

The facts are that one Mahadev Gangaram Chavan of Matheran a discharged school teacher bore an ill-feeling towards his successor Jairam Bhiwa Dalvi, the complainant. The former, with the signature of the accused Parab and 22 others got a defamatory application submitted to the Chairman, District School Board, Kolaba. The application contained allegations impugning the moral character of Jairam Bhiwa, who lodged a complaint of defamation with the result stated above.


**Hallo Bombay**

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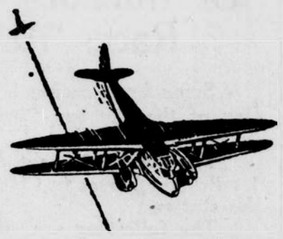

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The way to prevent blood-poisoning is to get rid of the germs which cause it. "Dettol"—the modern antiseptic—kills germs. It is clean, clear, non-poisonous and pleasant in smell—yet three times more effective germicidally than pure carbolic acid. Whenever you cut or scratch yourself, apply "Dettol," there are directions on every bottle. A break in the skin is a wide-open door to the germs of septic infection. Keep "Dettol" handy—use it in time.

*The way to safety —*
*Buy a bottle of 'Dettol' from your chemist now — and be ready.*

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No. 1


## Elocution Competition At Bandra

On Sunday next, the Bandra Gymkhana (Library Section) will hold their third annual Elocution competition for Catholic Schools commencing at 5 p.m. This year there has been a very good response from the schools as no less than 17 schools have sent in entries. Out of these 10 are from high schools in Bombay and the suburbs and seven from primary and secondary schools.

His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay will preside and distribute the prizes. His Grace will be the presiding judge together with four others.

The following Challenge Cups are being competed for:

Mr. and Mrs. V. A. Fernandes Championship Cup for the School obtaining the highest marks in the aggregate; Mrs. Leo Rodrigues Cup for boys not over 8 years; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Dyer Cup for girls not over 8 years; St Andrew's Cup for boys over 8 years but under 13 years; L. Martin D'Souza Cup for girls over 8 but under 13 years; Jos Alex Dias Cup for boys over 13 years; Mrs. W. E. Pereira Cup for girls over 13 years; St. Joseph's Cup for East Indian Student (Boy); and Basil Gomes Cup for East Indian Student (Girl).

## Bank Rate Unchanged

BOMBAY, Dec. 15.

The Reserve Bank of India rate remains unchanged at 3 per cent per annum.

# It's your duty to be Beautiful

**How to do Your duty!**

A woman without charm is like a bird without song. And when it is so easy to acquire the loveliness of skin and hair which is the foundation of natural beauty no woman should be guilty of the neglect which results in the loss of these essentials to feminine charm.

No expensive or complicated "beauty box" is necessary to develop the full natural bloom of your skin and hair—you can rely with confidence on the simple, tested preparations which have served beautiful women for generations. Here are three examples of easy ways to beauty.

**TO DEVELOP A LOVELY COMPLEXION.**—Cosmetic are an aid to beauty but a naturally lovely complexion is the first essentia'. The only way to achieve this is to assist Nature in her process of replacing the outer skin with a succession of new surfaces as each becomes worn and blemished. This is easily done by nightly applications of a little pure Mercolized Wax. The action of Mercolized Wax is to absorb the dry flaky skin and reveal the lighter coloured and lovelier skin beneath. Mercolized Wax contains no animal fat.

**NO MORE SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.**—You can rid yourself of that disfiguring growth of unwanted hair safely, quickly and easily. All you need is a few ounces of pure powdered Pheminol. Mix this into a paste with cold water and apply to the offending hair. As the paste dries the ugly hair shrivels away, leaving the skin smooth and clear. Pheminol causes no irritation to the skin and is quite harmless. It has the added advantage of retarding the growth of further hair.

**A HAIR BEAUTY SECRET.**—Lovely hair, rich-looking and lustrous, is neither a matter of luck nor is it difficult to acquire. It is simply a question of the method you use in washing it. Many patent shampoos contain harsh chemicals which destroy the natural oils that keep the hair silky and full of life. The best plan is to get some ordinary Stallax granules and make your own shampoo by dissolving a teaspoonful of Stallax in a cupful of warm water. Apply it to the scalp in the usual way and you will be delighted with the result.

Note:—All the above mentioned preparations can be obtained from any chemist, store or bazaar.



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# Fourth Day Of Bombay Christmas Meeting

## Probables, Weights And Order Of Running For Saturday's Races At Mahalaxmi

**Some keen racing is anticipated on the Fourth Day of the Bombay Christmas Meeting, to be run on Saturday, December 17.**

**For the chief event, Western India Cup, (Distance 1 mile) for horses in Class I. 14 candidates will face the starter.**

**The following are the probables, weights and order of running of the nine events:—**

### *First Race: 1-45 p.m.*

THE BUSHIRE PLATE. Div. I Distance—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs 1,500; Second Rs. 450; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7lbs. Penalties—Winners in India after 29th July, 1938, once 4lbs. twice 7lbs; oftener 12lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs.

To be ridden by licensed Riding Boys and Apprentice Jockeys.

Nashwan al Iraq 9-3; Hakim Pasha 9-3; Artighril 9-3; Latif Awni 9-2; Hilal al Nusser 9-2; Madhuri 8-13; Glitter 8-13; Lion 8-13; Dalli al Iraq 8-7; Star of Kashmir 8-7; Lovely One 8-7; Muwafak 8-7; Shapoor 8-0; Small Diamond 8-0; Hashim 8-0.

★ ★

### *Second Race: 2-15 p.m.*

THE BUSHIRE PLATE Div. II Distance—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; Second Rs. 450; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7lbs Penalties—Winners in India after 29th July, 1938, once, 4lbs. twice 7lbs. oftener 12lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs.

Fil al Iraq 8-13; Dahman Fadhil 8-13; Jalmood 8-13; Franco 8-13; Sultan Pasha 8-0; Noori 8-13; Nasum al Iraq 8-0; Sparrow Hawk 8-7; Waabil Iraq 8-7; Saif al Saud 8-7; John Wilkes 8-0; Chhvad 8-0; Malta 8-0; Gaurishanker 8-0; Nutchdat Beg 8-0; Amnavar 8-0.

★ ★

### *Third Race: 2-45 p.m.*

THE BUSHIRE PLATE. Div. III. Distance—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; Second Rs. 450; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III W. A. Penalties—Winners in India after 29th July, 1938, once 4lbs. twice 7lbs. oftener 12lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs.

Watchmaker II 9-3; Mujbil Hamid 9-3; Bon Jour 9-2; Misbah al Mulk 9-2; Tharwath 9-2; Abbas Pasha 8-12; Bayhas 8-13; Sayid 8-13; Mudrik 8-13; Shireen 8-13; Shums al Iraq 8-7; Sabah al Iraq 8-7; Assaf Mahmud 8-7; Romantic Prince 8-7; Manik Prasad 8-6; Pretty Prince 8-0.

★ ★

### *Fourth Race: 3-15 p.m.*

THE IDAR GOLD CUP. Distance—7 Furlongs.

A Gold Cup value £100 presented by H. H. The Maharaja of Idar and Rs. 7,500 from the Fund. Winner the Cup and Rs. 5,000; Second Rs. 1,300; Third Rs. 700, and 10 p.c. in addition of the advertised value of the winning stakes to the breeder of the winner.

For Indian Horses 3 years old only at the time of starting W A. raised 4lbs. Penalties—Winners once 7lbs; oftener 14lbs.

Miss Lena 9-4; Tomtit 9-4; Husn Ara 9-4; Rahana 8-11; Pompeian 8-11; Kings' Wine 8-4; Redouble 8-4; Hot Whisper 8-4; Potato Jones 8-4.

★ ★

### *Fifth Race: 3-45 p.m.*

THE STETCHWORTH PLATE. Distance—7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 4,000; Second Rs. 1,200; Third Rs. 600. A Handicap for Arabs in Class I.

Fadhilat al Hawa 10-0; Violence 9-9; Golden Ticket 8-4; Iraq Bahadur 8-2; Prince Hilal 9-2; Karam Allah 8-11; Nassirwan 8-9; Burgess 7-6; Laftat Allah 8-2; Great Star 8-0; Buknar 8-0; Walk Over 7-13; Nur Jehan 7-8; Bahar Neel 7-10; Fair Play 7-6; Silver Star 7-6.

★ ★

### *Sixth Race: 4-15 p.m.*

THE BATHURST PLATE. Distance—1 Mile 1 Furlong.

Winner Rs. 3,500; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Grianeog 9-2; King of France 9-2; Haut Monde 8-12; Bonheur 8-10; Miss Potiphar 8-10; Checkmate 8-5; Star of Persia 8-5; Pressman 8-5; Archmoon 8-3; Maroc 8-3; Vandyke 8-2; Flippant 8-0; Tressex 8-10; Affinity 7-12; King Wallace 7-9

★ ★

### *Seventh Race: 4-45 p.m.*

THE STEWARD'S CUP Distance—1¼ Miles.

A Cup value Rs. 750 and Rs. 5,800; from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 4,000; Second Rs. 1,200; Third Rs. 600. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Sea Battle 9-4; Bunny Smith 9-4; Levant 9-0; Rough Sea 9-0; Cymro 9-0; Come Up 8-12; Bordon 8-10; Tobraico 8-10; Nagulan 8-9; Miss Grenville 8-7; Irish Ford 8-7; None So Gay 8-7; Rose of Persia 8-5; Mademoiselle Elleeen 8-4; Night Alarm 8-4; Rockaway 8-0; Passiflora 7-13; Royal Palace 7-12; Gold Gainer 7-12; Mount Dil 7-10; Scion 7-10; Witness 7-9; Grande Dame 7-8; Gorgus 7-6; Menado 7-4; Miss Aileen 7-4; Kingsborough 7-0.

★ ★

### *Eighth Race: 5-15 p.m.*

THE WESTERN INDIA CUP. Distance—1 Mile.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 27,000 from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 20,000; Second Rs. 5,000; Third Rs. 2,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Manclare 9-7; Le Duc 8-11; His Lordship 8-8; Zuyder Zee 8-6; Synagogue 8-2; My Billy 8-1; Gipsy Jack 7-12; House of Lords 7-9; Bachelor's Bard 7-11; Panna Prince 7-11; Dark Fellow 7-9; Romney 7-9; Teller 7-7; Karaway 7-7.

★ ★

### *Ninth Race: 5-45 p.m.*

THE CRAVEN STAKES. Distance—7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 6,000; Second Rs. 1,350; Third Rs. 900. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Shell Out 9-0; Goolash 8-9; Who's Who 8-9; Fearless Prince 8-7; Shipstoll 8-7; Radouga 8-2; Britebeard 8-2; Gullible 8-0; Cash 8-0; Toltec 8-0; Cartoon 7-9; Zem Zem 7-9; Bekorah 7-7; Twain 7-7.

## Appeal Against Conviction For Cheating

The Chief Justice and Mr. Lokur at the High Court admitted the appeal of one Cranwell against the sentence of one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000, (in default four months) passed on him by the Chief Presidency Magistrate

The appellant was convicted by the lower Court of cheating Mrs. Nellie Ottman, a nurse, in respect of Rs. 10,000 which, it was alleged, he got from her in connection with a nursing home he proposed to start.

## Acquitted Of Murder Charge

Ananda Dhondiba, a "Mahar" aged 25, was acquitted at the High Court Sessions of the charge of having committed the murder of his wife, Laxmibai, on the jury finding him not guilty.

## Plea For Refund Of Wheel Tax Levy

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHIWANDI, Dec. 15.

"Is a Municipality entitled to charge wheel tax on cars not used within municipal limits but in respect of which general aggregate tax under the Motor Vehicles Act, is paid" this point has arisen for decision in the Court of the Second Class Sub-Judge, Bhiwandi. Mr. Khatavkar as a result of a suit for declaration filed by Bhikaji Vyankatesh Joglekar, a trader and motor-owner of Bhiwandi.

The plaintiff used to ply his cars between Thana and Bhiwandi but the Bhiwandi-Nizampur Municipality charged him wheel tax though he had paid the aggregate taxes to the Government, and hence he prays for a declaration that the levy of wheel tax is illegal and prays also for the refund of the amount of Rs. 430 and odd recovered from him and claims damages of Rs. 25.

The suit is proceeding.

## DHARAVI ISLAND CRICKET

The following players will represent the Utan Catholic Association's XI in their match with the Gorai United XI in the Dharavi Island Quadrangular Cricket Tournament on Sunday, the 18th inst. at Utan. The match begins at 10-30 a.m.:—

N.P. Fonseca (Capt.); B. S. D'Souza. M.N. D'Souza, P.H. Crasto, J.V. Pereira, A. S. D'Souza. J.F. D'Souza, A.T. D'Mello, P.A. Pereira, G.M. D'Mello, C.I. D'Mello.

Reserves:—S. V. Pereira and M. R. Fonseca.

Scorer: Z. S. Fonseca.

Umpire: J. Ferreira.

## *MILL WORKERS ENTERTAINED*

The Welfare Secretary, E. D. Sassoon and Co., Ltd., Bombay, writes:—

For the benefit of their Jacob Sassoon and Apollo Mills the "Welfare Department" of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., Ltd., had arranged on Sunday last from 6-30 p.m. to 9 p.m. a free entertainment in shape of a cinema show, vocal and gramophone music etc. with the help of loudspeakers.

The main programme consisted of two short films which by comparison illustrated the advantages of clean sanitary living, open fresh air and the dangers of giving opium pills to small children. A running commentary in Marathi was given by Dr. S. W. Patil. A short comic of Harrold Lloyd was also shown.

Prof. Annasaheb Manikar, entertained the audience with vocal music

The audience consisted of nearly two thousand workers—men. women and their children.

## DRAVID HIGH SCHOOL, WAI

(From Our Correspondent)

WAI, Dec. 13.

Hon. B. G. Kher, Premier and Minister for Education of the Bombay Government will preside over the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Dravid High School, Wai, which is coming off on the 30th and 31st inst. The main function will be celebrated at 4-30 p.m. on Friday (30th inst).

The past students and well-wishers of the school are heartily supporting the scheme of the Silver Jubilee fund. The following are the additional promises received:

(1) Mr. R. N. Abhyankar, Poona Rs. 500; (2) Panwalkar Bros. Rs. 250; (3) Dr. Mrs. Kamalabai Chitale and Mr. Chitale, Poona Rs. 125; (4) Dr. S. B. Patankar, Sholapur 110; (5) Prof. G. N. Chaphekar, Dadar 100; (6) B. N. Habbe, Dhulia 100;

## RADIO-TELEPHONE RATES REDUCED

LONDON, Dec. 14.

The Postmaster General announces that on December 23 and 24 and from December 20 to January 4 inclusive the Radio Telephone rates to the following countries will be reduced by half:—

Argentine, Australia, Brazil, Chile, Dutch East Indies, Egypt Iceland, Japan, Kenya, Malaya New Zealand, Paraguay Rhodesia, South Africa, Siam, Uruguay and Venezuela.

Examples of reduced charges for three-minute call are:—To South Africa—£2 5 shillings; Egypt—30 shillings and India £1 and 14 shillings.—Reuter.

# *Latest Gallops At Mahaluxmi*

## Vandyke, Archmoon And Prince Hilal Put Up Impressive Performances

**(From OUR SPECIAL TRACK CORRESPONDENT)**

**Several horses have come on remarkably in recent weeks and there have been some smart performances on the track. The following gallops have been noted.**

HERITAGE II (Bell) and VANDYKE (Rook) were sent nine furlongs at a capital pace. The latter impressed, beating the ex-Eclipse Stakes winner comfortably. He has never been better.

MY BILLY (Obaid) covered a mile in fine style. Has trained on fast.

TICANTO (Orme) and MONTESANO (Selby) went a mile at a stronge pace. They shaped satisfactorily. Latter is worth noting.

ROMNEY (Selby) had SHIPSTOLL (Orme) for company in a rousing mile gallop. They finished well together.

GIPSY JACK (Burn) was superior to HOUSE OF LORDS (Bell) in a mile spin. He has made notable improvement.

ZUYDER ZEE (Evans) traversed a mile at a brisk pace. Has come on considerably in recent weeks.

PANNA PRINCE (Bond) had SHELL OUT (Mendoza) for company in a mile run on the race track. They moved well with the former at a slight advantage.

TOLTEC (Burn) held CARTOON (Burn) in a fast run seven furlongs gallop.

TWAIN (Meekings) proved too speedy for ACCIDENTAL in a six furlongs dash.

LOVE CALL (Brace) was always going too well for GULLIBLE (Harding) in a rattling mile spin.

MR. PIP (Orme) was no match for ROUGH SEA (Selby) in a run over nine furlongs. Latter should be winning again.

ARCHMOON outpaced COEUR BRULE (Orme) in a sharply run nine furlongs. Former must be soon troubling the judge.

AFFINITY (Field) and MISS POTIPHAR (Burn) were given a half mile spurt when they pleased

BALLYLINCH (Evans) had slightly the better of MAROC (Marrable) in a mile gallop.

HAUT MONDE (Bell) strode out freely and well in the company of DANNY BOY (R. Boy) over a mile. He is an improving sort.

PRESSMAN (Brace) held MONTE CARLO (Harding) in a brisk nine furlongs. He is fit and well.

NIGHT ALARM (Burn) traversed nine furlongs at a strong pace and gave satisfaction.

POMPEIAN (Whiteside) proved too speedy for a stable companion in a dash over seven furlongs.

WHEEL OF FORTUNE (Cook) gave a speedy display for six furlongs. Will soon be troubling the judge.

PRINCE HILAL (Evans) had BURGESS (O'Neale) on the stretch in a mile gallop. A smart display.

MANIK PRASAD (Brace) easily disposed of WATCH MAKER II (R. Boy) in a dash over the six. Former has come on considerably.

ASSAF MAHMUD (Whiteside) gave a pleasing display when sent six furlong.

Note:—LION, LEVANT, PASSIFLORA II and FIL A IRAQ.

# TO-DAY ON RADIO

### *Bombay—I Programme*

VUB 244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

TRANSMISSION I

8-0 A.M. You asked for it. A programme of gramophone records. Selected by Razia Begum. Babalal. Sitar: Jaunpuri. Habib Khan Alladia Khan. Kamla Jharia. Sadiq Ali Akhtar Roshanara Begum. Mohammed Aslam. Faqiruddin. Zohra Jan. Kamla Jharia. Sadiq Ali Akhtar Roshanara Begum. Mohammed Aslam. Faqiruddin. Zohra Jan. Babalal. Sitar: Behag Habib Khan Alladia Khan. Vichitra been: Manranjani.

TRANSMISSION II

12-0 Noon Tune in to the Todis. 12-10 P.M. Master Shantaram. 12-30 For women. Women in Civic life: A talk. 12-40 At your service. 12-45 Jaffar Qawwal. 12-55 Available Market Rates and Announcements. 1-5 Lunch hour music. 2-0 Close down.

TRANSMISSION III

SCHOOL BROADCAST

3-30 P.M. Geography. World Products: Petrol. Rubber. A talk by C. V. S. Shastri, M.A., King George High School, Dadar. 3-50 Musical Interval. 3-55 Gujarati Literature. Drama: Ranchhorbhai. A talk by N. A. Thoothi, M.A., Ph.D., Bombay University. 4-15 Current Topics. A talk by C. C. M. Hardy.

TRANSMISSION IV

6-0 The Peak of the Week...1. A request item. 6-10 Jaffar Qawwal. 6-20 The Celestial Conference. 6-30 For the Bhumijan. Sharidharrao: Marathi Pad. Increase your income. A series of talk by Bandopant. The villager and the ticket collector. A skit by Narayan Gopal Athavle. Enamelware: A dialogue. Imitations and sound effects. By Narayan Gapal Athavle. Master Shantaram; Bhajan. 7-30 Commercial News. 7-45 Master Shantaram. 8-0 Readings from Marathi Poetry. By B. B Borkar. 8-15 Ban men charawat galya Malgunji. Tana dirna Tarana. Sanch kaho mose batiyan. Thumri. 9-0 The News (Hindustani). 9-15 G. M. Durrani. Iqbal. 9-30 The News. 9-50 Behind the Gateway. A talk by A. MacRae. 10-5 Arnold Bake: Vocal Recital. 10-25 Clifford Huntsman: A pianoforte Recital. 10-40 AIR Dance Band. Conducted by Alec Siqueira.

### *Bombay—II Programme*

TRANSMISSION IV

61.38 metres (4,880 kc/s)

6-0 P.M. to 6-30 P.M. Programme as in Bombay I. 6-30 Jaffar Qawwal. 6-40 Kalyani on the Clarionet: The Air accompanist. 6-45 Master Shantaram. 6-55 Sohani on the Sarangi By Yasin Khan Barodawalla. 7-0 Jagannathbuwa Pandharpurkar. 7-30 to 10-5 Programme as in Bombay I. 10-5 An Amateur Night Miss Leela Limaye of Poona. Miss Krishnabai Udiavar of Bombay. Mrs. Saguna S. Kallianpur of Bombay.

### *Delhi—I Programme*

VUD 338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

TRANSMISSION I

8-0 A.M. Recitation from the Quran-i-Sharif. 8-15 Waqt-i-Dua Hai. A recitation by Behzad. 8-20 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 8-40 Mukerji and his Orchestra: Bengali Bhairon. 8-50 The morning news (Hindustani). 9-0 The morning news (English). 9-10 Mehbub Jan of Sholapur. 9-30 Asad Ali Khan. 9-45 Hasrat and Iqbal. Kallan Qawwal and Party.

TRANSMISSION II

12-0 Noon Sweet Melodies. Pearu Qawwal. Radhabai Shamshadbai.

1-0 P.M. From a Jaipur Listener. 1-10 Tit-Bit Hits. 2-0 Time signal. Close down.

TRANSMISSION III

6-0 P.M. The early evening news. (English). 6-5 The early evening news. (Hindustani). 6-10 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 6-30 A Sarod recital by Manik Sen: Gat Pilu. 6-35 Asad Ali Khan. 7-0 For villagers only. 8-0 Dusron ke Khat Parhne ki A'dat. A talk by Saghar Nizami. 8-15 Chughtai and his orchestra: Khambavati. 8-20 Mehbub Jan of Sholapur. 8-40 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 9-0 Asad Ali Khan. 9-15 The evening news. (Hindustani). 9-30 The evening news. (English). 9-45 Local news and announcements. (Hindustani). 9-50 Afzal Husain. 10-0 My musical tour of India: 7-0 A talk by Devendra Satyarthi. 10-15 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 10-25 A Sarinda Recital: Behag. 10-30 Azizur Rahman. 10-35 Asad Ali Khan. 11-0 Late news. Close down.

### *Delhi—II Programme*

TRANSMISSION I

21.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

8-0 A. M. to 10-0 A.M. Programme as in Delhi I.

TRANSMISSION II

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

12-0 Noon to 2-0 P.M. Programme as in Delhi I.

TRANSMISSION III

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

6-0 P.M. to 6-10 Programme as in Delhi I. 6-10 H. H Chughtai and his orchestra: Puria. 6-20 Mehbub Jan of Sholapur. 6-45 to 7-0 On wings of song: Sindh. 7-0 A Sarangi recital by Ghulam Sabiri. Tilang 7-10 Asad Ali Khan. 7-35 Kallan Qawwal and Party. 8-0 to 9-0 Programme as in Delhi I. 9-0 Geet and Ghazal. Mehbub Jan of Sholapur. 9-15 to 9-45 Programme as in Delhi I. 9-45 Local news and announcements. (English). 9-50 A song recital. Luisa Tetrazzini. Soprano. 10-0 to 10-15 Programme as in Delhi I. 10-15 Laurance Burkhalter: A Violin recital. John Foulds at the Piano. 10-45 The Philadelphia Orchestra. Dances of the Polovtsian maidens. From Prince Igar Barodini. 11-0 Late News. Close down.


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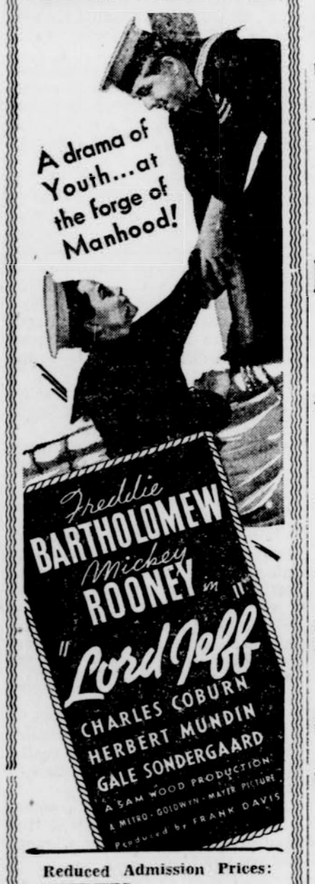


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# City & Suburbs

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-day

Hindu: Magsar Vad 8, 1995
Muslim: Shavai 22, 1357
Parsi: Tir 11, 1308
Hightide, 6-54 20-38
Lowtide 1-04 13-54
Sunrise, 7h. 4m.
Sunset: 6h. 4m.

S. S. 'Comorin' with mails from London of the first instant due at 3 a.m.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ

Under the auspices of the Asthika Samaj Bhanumasam Bajan (Giripradakshanam) will be conducted daily from to-day (Friday) commencing from 5-30 a.m.

BOMBAY SHAREHOLERS' ASSOCIATION

The third quarterly meeting of the Association will be held in its office (Aga Khan Building, Dalal Street, Fort) to-day (Friday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

BAR COUNCIL ELECTION

Voting for the election to fill three vacancies in the Bar Council will be held in the High Court to-day (Friday) from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. (S.T.).

V. J. T. I. GOLDEN JUBILEE CELEBRATIONS

The Industrial Exhibition held in connection with the Golden Jubilee Celebrations of the V. J. T. Institute, Matunga, will be open to the public, only on December 17, 19 and 20 from 4 to 6-30 p.m. Free entrance.

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## AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"Kid Galahad" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Rackets Busters" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"My Son" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Marcus Show" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EROS—"60 Glorious Years" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Zamana" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Lalbuzakkad" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Brahmachari" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Street Singer" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Texans" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
OPERA HOUSE—"Industrial India" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m
PATHE—"Who Goes Next?" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Gopal Krishna" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—No Cinema Show to-day.
ROXY—"Adhikar" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
SUPER—"Double Cross" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST-END—"Professor Vaman M. Sc." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

'G' WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The Saitan Chowky Branch office of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee which was in the Irani's Chawl has been shifted to Kamathi's Chawl Standard Mill Lane, New Prabhadevi Road.

WOMEN'S INDIAN ASSOCIATION

A women's meeting will be held under the auspices of the Women's Indian Association and the National League of Women Voters, to-day (Friday) at 5 p.m. at the Theosophical Hall, near French Bridge, Chowpatty. Mrs. Motibai Kaikhushroo Divecha will preside on the occasion.

MISS MARY DINGMAN'S LECTURE

Miss Mary Dingman the President of the Peace and Disarmament Committee of the Women's International Organisation, Geneva, who is coming to India as a Special visitor to the All-India Women's Conference will deliver a public lecture (open to men and women) under the auspices of the Bombay Women's Association at the Besant Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, to-day (Friday) at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.)

DNYAN—PRASARAK MANDALI

A public lecture in Gujarati will be delivered under the auspices of the above Society, to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at 'Sir Jivanji Modi Memorial Hall' in the New Building of the "K. R. Cama Oriental Institute", Apollo Street, Fort, by Dr. Minu C. Bilpodivala, Dental Surgeon, on "Comparison between the Teeth of the Present age and the Past". The lecture will be illustrated by the lantern.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The English Mail steamer s.s. 'Strathmore' is due alongside Ballard Pier at 5 p.m. on Friday, the 16th current. She will proceed to stream from Ballard Pier at 11-30 a.m. sharp on Saturday, the 17th idem The last passenger launch will leave Ballard Pier at 12-45 p.m. and the steamer will sail from stream immediately all passengers and mails are on board.

S. S. 'El Madina' of the Haj Line, which sailed with pilgrims from Bombay on the 3rd December and from Karachi on the 5th December 1938 reached Jedda on the morning of the 12th December safely.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

The Hon. Mrs. Denzil Fortescue arrived at Government House on Thursday.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley accompanied by Mr. J. B. Irwin Secretary, Lt.-Colonel T. C. Crichton Military Secretary, Captain G. D. Chetwode and Captain H. St. P. J. Bennett Aides-de-Camp returned from tour on Thursday.

The Governor of Bombay presided at the inaugural meeting of the Golden Jubilee Celebration of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute on Thursday.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley dined with the Sheriff of Bombay at the Willingdon Sports Club on Thursday.

## Vile Parle Observes "Rajkot Day"

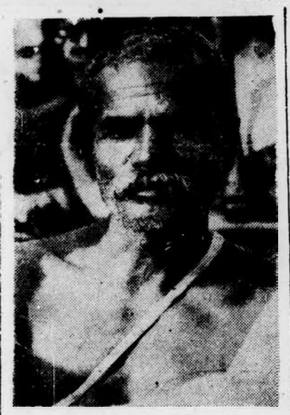
(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Thursday.

At a largely attended public meeting held this morning under the auspices of Vile Parle Congress Committee under the presidentship of Sjt. Indravadan Oza, "Rajkot Day" was observed and a resolution expressing deep sympathies with the "Rajkot People Struggle" was carried.

Darbar Gopaldas while reviewing at great length the several phases of the heroic fight of the people of Rajkot observed that, people of Rajkot should be warmly congratulated for the able lead they have taken in—voicing their legitimate grievances and demanding full responsible government, within the State.

Mr. Samaldas Gandhi also addressed the gathering and enlightened the meeting with the happenings of the Rajkot struggle.



SENAPATI BAPAT

**who has been sentenced by the Hyderabad State authorities to two years' and three months' rigorous imprisonment for participation in the Satyagraha Movement in the State.**

## IN AID OF BENGAL DETENU FUND

### "Lost Horizon" To Be Shown At Eros On Sunday

**In aid of Bengal Detenu Relief Fund a special show of the film "Lost Horizon" will be shown at 10 a. m. on Sunday the 18th instant.**

**Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, President of the Indian National Congress and Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru will be present at the show and address the audience.**

**Tickets are priced at Rs. 7; 5; 3; 2 and 1 and can be had from Mr. Nathalal Parekh, Mehrabad, 26 Marine Drive; Mr. Moolraj Karsondas, Laxmi Building, Pherozshah Road; and Messrs. Bhuta and Co., Masjid Bundar Road.**

**(The film to be shown has been changed from "Sixty Glorious Years" to "Lost Horizon" by the organisers).**

## TATAS' NEW VENTURE

### Five Crores Company To Manufacture Heavy Chemicals

A huge project for chemical manufacture has been undertaken by Messrs. Tata Sons Ltd. The new venture will be floated in Bombay early in January with a capital of Rs. 5 crores of which Rs. 1 1/4 crores will be issued immediately. The Company will be formed for the manufacture of heavy chemicals including soda ash, caustic soda, bleaching powder and similar products largely used in paper, soap, textiles and glass industries. This stupendous undertaking of the key industry in India would substantially help numerous Swadeshi industries in their growth and make many indutries self-sufficient in their requirements of chemicals. The volume of India's trade with foreign countries in industries, directly or indirectly dependant on chemical engineering, is worth over Rs. 25 crores every year.

The scheme has been worked out during the last two years in its minutest details and has received the full support of experts in America, Germany, England and Switzerland. Messrs. Tata Sons Ltd., have spent large sums in working out the project and its successful launching is now fully assured particularly as it is substantially backed by the Government of Baroda.

The new Company will be managed by Messrs. Tata Sons Ltd., and will be helped by other financial inetersts. It is the aim of the promoters to meet all the chemical requirements of national industries and in course of time they would so develop the work that the site near Port Okha attains as much importance for chemicals as Jamshedpur for iron and steel. The whole of the capital is very nearly subscribed and arrangements will be made to begin work at an early date.

Among the Directors of the new Company are Mr. J. R. D. Tata, Chairman of Tata Sons Ltd., Sir V. T. Krishnamachari—Dewan of Baroda, Mr A. R. Dalal of Tata Iron and Steel Co., Mr. A. D. Shroff and Mr Kapilram H. Vakil.

## ALLIANCE FRANCAISE

### Bombay's Active Branch

(By Our Correspondent.)

In the peculiar frame of mind in which this world is at the moment the "Alliance Francaise" seems to suggest to you one more of those treaties that are made in the capitals of Europe only to be broken in the days to come. From the age of alliances, we have now come to the age of axis. It all stands for the same thing and sooner or later they become the subject of discussion and of armed conflict.

That's why I say "Thank God for the Alliance Francaise". It's none of that. It is a society formed many years ago—a hundred or more if I am not mistaken—whose aim is to make known French thought and culture and to encourage the use of one of the more beautiful languages in this world. It banishes systematically from all its activities the discussion or the propagation of religious or political ideas whatever they may be.

This society has an active and functioning branch in Bombay. The Bombay off-shoot is a revival and it was to be seen in full force in the house of Mr., or shall I for the occasion say Monsieur, J. K. Dubash where there was a gathering of its members, founder members, life members, active and passive members and visitors to hear Dr. Arnold Bake give his recital of folklore and folk-songs, to collect which he has been awarded a scholarship by Brasenose College, Oxford.

It may seem somewhat incongruous that a tough and hearty college like Brasenose, which is noted more for its rowing blues and its drinking parties, should also encourage art and music, but when you actually see Dr. Bake, (which name, of course, has an "accent" which one cannot reproduce on paper), and hear him recite from his repertoire of folk-songs, you begin to revise your opinion of the college with the "tough" reputation.

Accompanied by his charming wife, he gave an enthusiastic audience a delightful performance and one can say that it came to many as a pleasant change after type of amusement to which this city of ours has been accustomed.

PROMOTING INTERNATIONAL UNDERSTANDING

In a pretty speech which the secretary of the Alliance Francaise made in his peculiar French manner, Monsieur Petit Dutaillis who is a real Frenchman and not as the name may suggest a Parsee, said: "France has been and still is one of the few democratic countries where personal thoughts, personal freedom, personal creeds and religions are fully respected. It is reflected in our philosophy and in our arts. And this is where the French culture and the French idea of civilisation is different from others. This baggage of knowledge, unique in its kind, the Alliance Francaise tries to place at your disposal. It attempts to bring about a mutual understanding between people of different nationalities by the exchange of thought and ideas, and thereby to make humanity understand the true meaning of civilisation."

It strikes me as a sort of society to which our modern dictators could not belong.

The Alliance Francaise exists and functions all over the world. To my surprise I learnt that even the Latins had room for it. At the meeting held in "Palmlands" the other evening there was a representative from San Diego, California in the person of Mrs. Jenkins, who is the sister of our Lady Blackwell. The host for the evening is beautifully designated, for he is "le membre du conseil d'administration de Alliance Francaise". We call him Jimmie for short.

One aspect of French civilisation was not neglected. One could rely upon the hostess to make sure that even the French cuisine got its fit and proper place in a meeting of the Alliance Francaise and no doubt this aspect was as always the most appreciated.

So ended a very entertaining and charming and instructive evening. Would that there were more in this Philistine city of ours.

★ X'MAS SALE

CURIOS JEWELLERY CARPETS!

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF HUGE REDUCTIONS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

Latest STYLES in SILKS, LINGERIES, SAREES, BORDERS.
Thousands of Cut Pieces
EVENING BAGS, ETC.
All Latest Arrivals displayed in SALE.

*Indian Arts and Novelties*

*Visit Early*

POHOOMULL Bros. (India)

275, HORNBY ROAD: FORT: BOMBAY.

## B. P. T. U. C.

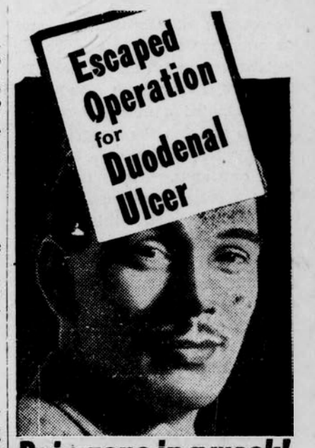
An emergency meeting of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress will be held to-day (Friday) at 7 p.m. at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, to consider applications for affiliation referred to the B. P. T. U. C. by the General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress, and any other matter with the permission of the chair.

## Congress Municipal Election Committee

The Executive Committee of the Congress Municipal Election Committee will meet to-day (Friday) at 7 p.m. (S. T.) at the Congress House.

## To Congratulate Satyagrahis

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, there will be a public meeting to-morrow (Saturday) at Ponat Wadi, Kalbadevi Road, to congratulate Senapati Bapat, Miss Maniben Patel and other Satyagrahis who have courted suffering in the Satyagraha movement of Rajkot, Hyderabad and other States. Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai, the President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, will preside and prominent speakers will address the meeting.




Pain gone in a week!

"I have suffered from Duodenal Ulcer for the past 10 years, with continual pain, unable to eat anything substantial, my life being one of complete misery.

"Finally, I was admitted to Hospital about two years ago. The authorities then advised a diet for a year, and if at the end of that time things were no better I should have to undergo an operation.

"The pain reappeared, and I was as bad as ever. My wife suggested Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, and really the results astonished everyone who knew me. Before that week was out my pain had gone. It is now a year since I started taking your powder. During this time I have not had any pain or trouble." A.W.

Many thousands of letters like that tell how wonderfully Maclean Brand Stomach Powder heals every kind of stomach trouble. One thing is important. It must be the genuine Maclean Brand Stomach Powder—you can always tell it by the signature "Alex. C. Maclean" on bottle and carton. It is never sold loose. Only Powder or Tablets. From all Chemists and Stores.

Be sure you buy the carton with the red seal.

See the signature

MACLEAN BRAND Stomach Powder

CAPITOL

DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

*Humphrey BOGART
*George *Gloria
BRENT DICKSON
in WARNER Bros.'
"RACKET BUSTERS"

REGAL

NO CINEMA SHOWS TO-DAY

As the Theatre IS CLOSED for completion of redecoration.

TO-MORROW:—

*Fred* ASTAIRE
*Ginger* ROGERS
in the Gay Musical:

CARE FREE

## TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN).

At Juhu, in the village of Juvem, where palm trees sprinkle shade and sunshine over gay holidayers, there passed away on Wednesday evening one whose name judging by the service he has rendered to humanity will long be remembered.

Mr. Krishnarao R. Rane, Yogi, mystic, occultist, scientist, industrialist, artist, and architect was well-known to the people of Bombay and suburbs as Dr. Rane or Rane Buva. He died on Wednesday at 5 p.m. predicting the time of his own death in the morning, at his bungalow, Rane's Museum, and his funeral which was held yesterday at 10 a.m. was attended by over 500 people of all classes, both rich and poor. The scouts and scouters of the G. I. P. Railway who were frequent visitors to this museum where they used to camp were present and paid their last homage. His body was cremated at Juhu and the ashes are to be sent to Allahabad.

Mr. Rane, was born on March 11, 1870 of well-known philanthropist and religious minded parents. He is a scion of the Royal family of King Bimb who established himself at Marol via Andheri in 1297. From his early boyhood he was inclined towards art and religion and won plaudities from one and all for his excellent work in art. He was later entrusted with the work of painting and compiling the volumes on Butterflies and Birds for the Bombay Natural History Society.

In 1900 he left service and divided his activities into two departments—artistic and religion—the former manifesting themselves in the establishment of the Rane Museum at Juhu.

HIS MUSEUM.

His Museum could be classed with some of the well-known ones in India and Europe. In his Museum are collections of rare birds, flies, snakes, coins, paintings, exquisite pottery, arms, armour, musical instruments and wood carved to lace-like delicacy. He has a very fine collection of butterflies and numerous collections of art, carved wooden screens, freezes of fretted stone, massive looking stone seats with ornamentation in relief, oil and water colour paintings. His Museum in short is one that has interested thousands of individuals including several collection hunters.

SON TO FOLLOW FOOTSTEPS.

The medical aid which he has provided to thousands of poor from Bombay and suburbs I understand will be continued by his only son, Mr. D. K. Rane, who preferred his father's philanthrophic work and has for the last 15 years gone through all the Yogic stages, so the poor need not fear as they will still be provided with medicine and advice with the same skill as the late Mr. Rane.

The late Mr. Rane leaves behind a sorrowing widow, a son, and a large number of relatives and friends to whom I take this opportunity to offer my sympathies.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1938

# CONGRESS REORGANISATION

The Congress Working Committee has adopted a lengthy resolution on the reform of the internal organisation of the Congress with a view to correcting the abuses that have recently crept into it and improving its efficiency and influence in the country. Attempts in this direction have been made from time to time and have varied with the situations that demanded them. The last few years have enormously increased the responsibilities of the Congress, particularly since its acceptance of Ministerships and its organised efforts to capture the legislatures and local bodies. Its increased power and influence have tempted a number of persons to get into the Congress and capture its machinery to serve their own ends. They have sometimes adopted questionable means in doing so and it is this that has brought the problem of internal reform to a head. The Working Committee's resolution cannot go far immediately in solving the problem as the Committee cannot change the constitution of the Congress as found necessary. Never-the-less its instructions within the present constitution, if scrupulously followed by the Congress Committees concerned, will surely bring about appreciable improvement.

## Bogus Members

One of the worst evils that have recently crept into the working of Committees is the enrolment of bogus members practically hired to vote for a particular person at elections. The Working Committee has now decided that "every primary member will be entitled to vote at any Congress election only if he goes personally to the office of his Primary Committee, gets his name registered in a separate roll of voters and obtains a voter's card, provided that in the case of women, people who are ill and those who may be absent from their primary area, registration may be effected by correspondence or through some other person." This rule will doubtless reduce considerably the number of primary members. But, as the Working Committee rightly points out, the Congress derives its vitality and strength not only from its members but also from "the scores of millions of others." And, after all, the effectiveness of the Congress as a fighting organisation lies "in disciplined workers in its ranks." Such workers are often hustled out by self-seekers whose main strong point is unscrupulous canvassing and the support of bogus members. The Working Committee's new rules will give genuine workers a better chance, particularly if primary members are more discriminating in their votes than they are now.

## Qualifications Of Delegates

To ensure the election of a better type of persons as delegates to the Congress the Working Committee has recommended a change in its constitution requiring from them the following two qualifications in addition to the habitual wearing of khaddar, namely, (1) continuous membership of the Congress for three years previous to election and (2) the performance of certain prescribed tasks such as the personal spinning by hand of at least 5,000 yards of yarn. The latter qualification has been enforced before and was withdrawn owing to its frequent abuse. The Working Committee invites further suggestions from the Provincial Congress Committees for amendment of the Constitution or framing rules "in order to strengthen and purify the Congress organisation." Provincial Committees should offer their suggestions speedily so as to enable the next Congress session to take action on them without any more delay. The public, however, may rest assured that these efforts to secure greater purity do not indicate that there is abnormal impurity in the Congress on any large scale, as its malicious critics would choose to make out. They rather testify to the earnestness of Congress leaders in their attempts to remedy every abuse as fast as it arises and generally to achieve their ideal of keeping the Congress above suspicion.

# Another Lead By Tatas

Once more the House of Tatas has stepped at a very opportune time into the industrial arena of India by undertaking to establish a key industry of great national importance. The new undertaking, in its inception and floatation, is 100 per cent. Swadeshi and the promoters are to be congratulated on having undertaken the foundation of chemical industries on a large and substantial scale, which would meet the demands of almost all the principal industries, such as textiles, paper, glass and soap. India has had to depend upto now entirely on foreign chemicals but the new enterprize will make her self-sufficient in her chemical requirements. Hitherto no Indian investors had dared to tackle the problem in the right manner for the simple reason that the heavy chemical industries required to be planned and financed by businessmen with great resources at their command, both in money and in technical skill. Recently in almost every Province of India there has been an emphatic demand for the development of heavy chemical industries. But the support given by public bodies and Provincial Governments was of a very inadequate character and if attempts on a smaller scale had been made as planned by the Provincial Governments, they would have spelled disaster, causing a serious set-back to an essentialy important key industry for years. Chemical industries require very careful organisation and unless the chemicals are produced in sufficiently large quantities, the costs of production are very high and the quality of the products suffers considerably. It would have been impossible for smaller chemical industries to compete with foreign Corporations with capital running into millions, which command the markets of the world. We, therefore, welcome the great national enterprize of Tatas. The new Chairman, Mr. J. R. D. Tata, has maintained the traditions of the House of Tatas by undertaking boldly, without fear of foreign competition, a key industry of the utmost importance. Tatas have sponsored in the past several key industries and brought them to successful working. We wish the new undertaking complete success.

# Bombay Art Exhibition

### A Delightful Display

*By D. G. V.*

The annual exhibition of the Sir J. J. School of Art which was opened on Thursday by the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, is an artistic display of different branches of art such as painting, commercial art, industrial art, sculpture, architecture and craftwork. The exhibits which represent the work executed by the students of the school are carefully assorted and assigned to separate galleries an arrangement which ensures facilities to the visitors to appreciate and appraise the growth of art-education imparted by the School.

The gallery No. 4 of the Indian painting is the largest and comprises paintings, mural panels, a few sketches and a couple of reproductions of the paintings of Ajanta, and Indian designs of caps, fans, slippers, toranas, ornaments and textiles. Paintings represent various aspects of rural life, imaginary and historical subjects. Progressive tendencies are clearly manifest in the technique and choice of subjects. Portraiture in Indian style has not yet appealed to the artists.

**Mural Paintings**

Mural paintings which are few as regards quantity are not feeble as regards quality. "Love and death" and "Peace on earth and goodwill unto all men"—these two subjects are represented by two groups of pictures in water colours. No. 48 by Mr. D. G. Bhojawani is amongst the latter group and is also represented in oil and outline. The vigorous drawing and delicacy of details reveal that Indian paintings can shine better in water than in oil. "Sylvan pleasure." No. 160 by Miss M. Master has a delightful composition which is suitable for mural painting also. No. 159 "Abhisarika" by Mr. Gopinath and No. 124 "Dance" by Miss Dhulekar are remarkable for good nocturnal effect and rhythm of dance respectively.

No. 50 by Mr. L. N. Tiwari is distinguished by the new conception of bubbles. No. 129 "Dan Leela" by Mr. R. M. Paleja introduces a novel convention of rendering sky in red which relieves the monotony of the colour-scheme. No. 33 "Partners" by Mr. M. H. Mithani has a bold drawing with the effect of motion nicely rendered. No. 175 "Industry" by Mr. D. J. Shah would have been more charming with the spinning wheel in motion. Spring is vividly represented in a group of pictures of which Nos. 66, 52 and 70 by Miss Kusum Ketkar and Messrs. L. N. Tiwari and M. K. Kamble are specimens of fine composition and delicate drawing. No. 35 "Friends meet" by Mr. A. L. Vyas and No. 166 "Piyou" by M. Mistry respectively typically represent village life. Close study of the Moghul period is reflected by Nos. 117, 130 and 174 by Messrs. L. H. Choradia, Zakaria and M. G. Ali.

**Paintings In Oil**

Modern paintings in oil in the gallery No. 6 include portraits, landscapes, still-life and subject-paintings. No. 23 "Interior of a mosque" by Mr. Sufi has a good perspective and carefully executed reflections in water. No. 41 "Zanana Gate" by Mr. M. T. Bhople has a grand composition. No. 77, 16 and 7 are subjects of every day experience but rarely treated on the canvas. Nos. 5, 48 and 59 by Miss Lila Kane and Messrs. C. Baptista and L. H. Choradia respectively are beautiful specimens of still-life. The section indicates that there is room for better themes for the subject-paintings. The section of "studies from life" in oil in the gallery No. 5 is almost as large as that of the modern paintings. No. 57, 18, 16, 58, and 77 are remarkable for vigorous drawing and expression.

Gallery No. 9. The "Excursion Work" group has some fine sketches of landcapes, village life and street scenes. The "home work" group has a couple of beautiful landscapes. The exhibits of the work executed by the first second and third year classes have some good specimens of still-life of which No. 16, 35 and 40 are remarkable for cleanness, bold drawing and effects of light and shade. Sketches of animals and domestic life are full of vigour and vitality. The groups of "Grade classes" and Teachers' course" represent some beautiful exhibits of designs, nature-study, object-drawings animals and birds. "Time studies" though few, are not less interesting.

The commercial art in the gallery No. 3 vies with the section of the Indian painting as regards quantity as well as quality of the exhibits and gives brilliant account of the progress made by it. The section includes designs of labels, trade-marks, monograms, calendars, book-jackets etc., and posters for Indian industries.

(Continued on page 7, col. 5)

# KEMAL ATATURK

## A Miracle Worker

**By "An Indian Mussalman"**

Modern Turkey has no doubt produced during this 20th century several illustrious patriots, soldiers and statesmen, but so far as all-round solid constructive work and the regeneration of a whole country are concerned, Mustafa Kemal was the tallest among them Enver Talaat, Niazi, Rauf, Mahmud Shevket, Jamal, Khalidah Edib Shukri, are all great names to conjure with, and they will go down into history, but Mustafa Kemal was to Turkey like another Osman, one who built a great country out of nothingness, one who created order out of chaos, one who infused an altogether new life into the dead body of Turkey. He stands unrivalled, for after the Great War, Turkey, had no existence worth the name, was very much reduced in size wounded both in body and soul, impoverished like anything, yet this same Turkey—the proverbial sick man of Europe, was rejuvenated by Ataturk beyond all recognition. Mustafa Kemal worked a miracle, the greatest of the age, a miracle which has not been performed either by Hitler, Mussolini or any other dictator so far.

### A Great General

Kemal commenced his career as a soldier, and in that capacity he fought for the liberties of his country on several fronts. But his genius was revealed only during the Great War at the Dardanelles where he kept the much superior and better equipped British forces at bay and never allowed them to advance. But the crowning point of his military glory was reached at Sakaria where unaided he inflicted a most crushing defeat on the Greek hordes let loose on the Turks by the Allies soon after their evacuation of Constantinople to complete the destruction of what little was left of Turkey. It was here that the best in Mustafa was demonstrated; it was here that he established his reputation as a first-rate soldier. He fought with a faith which could not be shaken, for he was engaged in a life-and-death struggle. The Greek army lacked this quality and was unceremoniously hurled back "in the face of the Great Nations who had sent it". It rushed for the Mediterranean Sea, thousands of the Greek soldiers having perished in its deep waters in their attempt to flee to some point of safety. In a way Kemal was even greater than Hindenburg when he defeated the Russians at Tannenberg in the early stages of the Great War, for the latter had ample resources at his disposal while this man fought with little or none at all.

### His Constructive Genius

In this war Turkey came out victorious, but she had to pay a huge price for it. This victory, however, was followed by a programme of national reconstruction. Here Kemal proved that he was also an able administrator, gifted with rare qualities of head and heart. Anatolia was nothing more than a devastated country when he took charge of it, and by doing much spade work he was ultimately able to build a strong Turkey, no longer the "Sick man of Europe", a power to be reckoned with, a power with which even the great Powers were anxious to establish friendly relations. Had Gladstone—the enunciator of "the bag and baggage policy" been alive to-day, he would have witnessed with his own eyes this miracle of miracles, the rejuvenation of Turkey which was regarded even by a far-sighted man like Lloyd George as a sheer impossibility, for he used to say; "Leave Turkey alone, she will break up automatically"

### Abolition Of Khilafat

Kemal was a man of iron determination, a fact which was fully demonstrated when he abolished the relic of the bygone days, the Khilafat. According to Islam that person alone can be come a Caliph who is the custodian of the Haramain-e-Sharifain, Mecca and Jerusalem, and who possesses sufficient strength to protect them against all possible invasions. Turkey as she emerged from the Great War, was another name for Anatolia with a little tract of land in Europe, incapable of having any sway over the Harams And so Kemal abolished the institution which existed only in name The immediate cause, however, which led to its abolition was the "treason" of Sultan Wahiduddin—"to the end a decrepit flabby, terrified old man", who "suffered his Ministers to sign the Treaty of Sevres and outlawed the generals fighting for the independence of Turkey". Although his successor, Abdul Majid Effendi, was, in the words of Ostrorog, " a Prince of the highest culture, of a most amiable and liberal disposition who won the hearts of all those who approached him", yet he had to atone for the sins of his predecessors including Sultan Abdul Hamid Accordingly on March 4, 1926, this "innocent man, with his Imperial entourage, was sent into eternal exile". Sultan Wahiduddin having made good his escape already, the event had a reaction on the Indian Muslims for the time being, but later on they reconciled themselves to this hard fact

Kemal abolished polygamy, emancipated women and ordered the traditional veil to go. Such reforms had cost poor Amanullah his throne, but in the case of Kemal, there was no opposition either from the masses or from the clergy. Both had an implicit faith that he was doing something good for the country.

In the days of Sultan Abdul Hamid the army was under the influence of the turbaned maulavis who wielded a great authority in the country. Mustafa Kemal rightly reduced their power and turned a portion of them into State servants. Now only such maulavis as are authorised by the State to wear turbans, can act as Imams Preachers and Khatibs, etc.

### An Educationist

Kemal was a great educationist as well. During the space of 20 years he laboured hard in the

(Continued on Page 11 Col. 1)

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

**CZECHOSLOVAKIA GOES NAZI**

A few days ago an important member of the Slovak autonomous Government proclaimed on behalf of Slovakia a Nazi orientation involving a definite break away from democracy and from the "Jewish" League of Nations at Geneva. Incidentally he also thereby announced the imminence of an anti-Jewish campaign, comparable, we dare say, in ruthlessness that is practised in Poland and Hungary if not in Germany herself. According to a later message from Prague, the Czech Premier has declared: "We shall have to readjust our relations towards Germany." And how? "We shall", says M. Beran, "enter into friendly relations with all *other nations, but our foreign policy will be based on economic and social necessity* (our italics). The meaning is obvious. And, as if to leave no doubt in any one's mind as to the trend of Czechoslovakia's "progress" Parliment has been rendered ineffective for no less than two years and "certain parties including the Communists" are about to be dissolved, while the spokesman of the German minority has publicly proclaimed Adolf Hitler to be the leader of Czechoslovakia's German subjects. All this means that Czechoslovakia is going Nazi and anti-Jew, that in fact she has become a vassal of Germany. This is the achievement of Munich. And the cruel joke is that Mr. Chamberlain still insists on being proud of it.

**DOOMED TO FAILURE**

From the manner in which he sought to minimise the importance of happenings in Central Europe, M. Bonnet appears to be anxious to try his hand at splitting the Rome-Berlin Axis. He will fail and end only in strengthening Germany. Nor can he ensure French security by bribing Germany with French connivance at her activities in that region. M. Bonnet is merely offering to betray another friendly country Rumania—and, of course, Poland. Herr Hitler will very gladly accept the offer, and return in good time but inevitably to Alsace. But M. Bonnet need surprise no one. Even more than M. Daladier and exactly like Mr. Chamberlain he believes in the fundamental policy of Munich—to betray smaller and trusting nations to appease totalitarian hunger and avert danger—of course, temporarily—to so-called leading democracies.

**INCOMPLETE ANSWER**

But M. Bonnet has done well very definitely to declare that although "he had not been acquainted with any Italian claims if any were made there would be no question of France giving up an inch of territory." A decisive official reply to officially organised Italian propaganda was urgently called for. In this connection Mr. Chamberlain, it is interesting to note, has advanced one step further from vagueness. He has announced that "the undertaking in respect of 'status quo' in the Mediterranean embodied in the Anglo-Italian agreement certainly applied to Tunis and any action contrary to that agreement would be a matter for great concern to Government." The hint ought, let us hope, to be effective enough so far as Italy is concerned. But it is noteworthy that Mr. Chamberlain carefully avoided committing himself to Britain's obligations in the event of Italian aggression against France.

**AN INTERESTING STATEMENT**

A very interesting—and highly instructive—statement was made in the House of Commons by Mr. R A. Buder the other day. It can be summarised as follows:—Since the outbreak of the Spanish civil war 120 incidents in which British ships have suffered interference or damage have occurred; forty-eight officers and men and three non-intervention officers lost their lives in these attacks and 64 officers and men were injured, as well as three non-intervention officers; the British Government held General Franco's forces responsible for all these incidents. Moreover, "the Government did not recognise General Franco as possessing belligerent rights and the right to take ships or cargoes to any prize court." It is this Franco's "Government" which Britain has been positively assisting with her policy of "Non-intervention." And now Mr. Chamberlain is about to solve all difficulties by the simple process of granting, as we fear, belligerent rights to Franco.

**"CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL GAZETTE"**

This journal, which is perhaps unique of its type in this country, has already made a name for itself with its annual numbers. The fourteenth anniversary issue, which has been just published, not only maintains the high standard, but also actully improves it—which is saying a lot. Brimful of very interesting and informative articles, most of them naturally bearing upon civic affairs, profusely illustrated and handsomely got up, this publication will evoke the envy even of the professional newspapermen. It will be invidious to mention any particular contribution, but one must certainly note and welcome the special engineering supplement, which is a new addition to the anniversary number. We confidently recommend the perusal of this number to all those interested in municipal matters and hope that the other principal civic bodies in India will follow the footsteps of the Calcutta Corporation and have organs of their own like this excellent "Gazette".

## POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Memory is a Nemesis that is constantly on our trail.

Cyclones will never break into the "popular air" class.

Sometimes a woman makes a fool of a man and he never gets over it.

Don't cry over spilt milk; hustle around and get some more milk tickets.

Usually when an actress seeks a divorce it is because her press agent is shy of material.

This world loves a peaceful man, but it always gives the right of way to a strenuous kicker.

## WITHOUT COMMENT

**When the session ends this week Parliament is unlikely to meet again until certain parties including the Communists are completely dissolved. Dr. Kundt, leader of the Germans, is remaining in Czechoslovakia and has promised to support the Government "so long as the rights of the minority, whose leader is Adolf Hitler, is respected."**

Prague Report.

* * * *

According to recent reports Sundar Kabadi's expulsion from France may be a prelude to the deportation of British correspondents, notably that of the "Times" of London

If that is so the honour done to him as leader of this possible exodus becomes dubious and we shall have to commiserate with rather than congratulate, him.

* * * *

The Government of India complain of "misplaced sympathy with the Faqir of Ipi expressed by a section of political opinion in India, in particular the speeches delivered by some political leaders of acknowledged position."

We sympathise with the Government of India.

Sympathy to be well-placed should accompany, naturally, the civilising bombs that are dropped from aeroplanes for the good of the tribes.

You see those who come in contact with these bombs would simultaneously need it

* * * *

But we are making progress, aren't we?

For only a short while ago, the Government of India were accusing the people of "misplaced sympathy with" politicals who are now conceded "acknowledged position'.

One of these days the Faqir himself may quite possibly enjoy this position.

* * * *

In an address to the Royal Empire Society, Lord Hailey referred to two defects in British rule in India.

You may rest assured that in another 5 years he will confess all. The British are nothing if not er—responsive

* * * *

Sir Atul Chatterjee (Recired Indian "British Administrator you know), however, "contested Lord Hailey's suggestion that British administrators in India had completely failed to take notice of village systems."

But Sir Atul is right. They, in fact, took so overwhelming a notice as to abolish the systems

* * * *

In reply to renewed representations that the Grand Mufti should be invited to the Palestine Conference as leader of a majority of inhabitants, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald said "No".

Which obviously means that the forthcoming Round Table Conference is only the first of a series.

* * * *

In a conference held under the Presidency of the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Clergy of England and Scotland have declared that "natives must not be handed over to Powers treating members of a different race as having no rights of their own."

This sweeping statement must, of course, be taken with the usual implicit qualification that it doesn't apply to the British White race in its relations with the "coloured" natives.

* * * *

The Lithuanian Government has offered to accept practically all German demands regarding Memel short of cession.

So did Czechoslovakia when—we mean, they ought to have made another and THE vital reservation to the effect that Mr. Neville Chamberlain does not intervene.

* * * *

'That's all very well, shouted the husband, 'but do you realize that you spend more than I earn?'

'Yes', replied the wife, coldly, 'but you know perfectly well that you are paid three times as much as you earn.'

# No Fictitious Membership

## Congress Registers Must Be Revised

### Working Committee's Directions To Provincial Committees

WARDHAGANJ, DEC. 15.

**THE WORKING COMMITTEE HAS PASSED THE FOLLOWING RESOLUTION REGARDING INTERNAL REFORMS IN THE CONGRESS:**

"The Working Committee have received reports from various parts of the country to the effect that some membership registers contain names of fictitious persons or those who have not fulfilled the qualifications for membership. In certain instances it is reported that groups of people have been nominally made members, their subscriptions having been paid by some one else.

The Committee are strongly of opinion that such fictitious membership must be ended and all names that are found after due enquiry not to fulfil the qualifications for membership must be removed from the rolls.

The Congress has prided itself in the past not only on its inspiring objective of freedom for India's millions but also on the purity of its method, and it is by adhering to these methods that it has achieved success in its high tasks and has built up a reputation worthy of the great cause it has served.

While welcoming the millions of our people to its membership rolls and deriving vitality and strength from the sympathy of scores of millions of others, the Congress has held that its effectiveness as a fighting organisation lay in disciplined workers in its ranks and not merely in large ineffectual membership.

The Working Committee, therefore, are of opinion that immediate and effective steps must be taken to inspect and revise all membership registers with a view to making them conform with reality and the rules of the Congress.

The Committee desire and request all Provincial Congress Committees to undertake this task at an early date and complete it at the latest by 31st, March 1939 when a full report on the steps taken should be presented to the office of the A.I.C.C. in the course of this inquiry as errors are discovered in membership rolls, they should immediately be rectified and names of fictitious or unqualified persons removed."

The inquiry should not interfere with the course of various elections during the next three months except in so far as corrections are made from time to time in membership rolls. The general secretary of the A.I.C.C. will give every assistance to the P.C.C.s in this inquiry.

The Working Committee are further of opinion that certain rules of procedure and constitutional changes are necessary in order to prevent the enrolment of fictitious or unqualified members to make the Congress a stronger organisation of effective workers. These rules must ensure that the existing qualifications like the rule requiring the habitual wearing of khadi, are strictly adhered to and further the qualifications are laid down for all office-bearers and members of elective committees in a province. Such further qualifications should be as laid down in Clause Six below, subject to period of continuous membership being varied, having regard to the nature and functions of the Committee concerned, such as District, Taluqa, Thana or Mandal Committee Every primary member will be entitled to vote at any Congress election only if he goes personally to the office of his Primary Committee, gets his name registered in a separate roll of voters and obtains a voter's card, provided that in the case of women, people who are ill and those who may be absent from their primary area, registration may be effected by correspondence or through some other person.

AMEND ARTICLE V.

The Working Committee recommends that Article Five of the Congress Constitution be amended so that following qualifications in addition to the habitual wearing of Khadi be laid down for those seeking election as delegates to the Congress.

(A) Continuous membership of the Congress for three years previous to the date for election, provided that it shall be open to a Provincial Executive or other competent body to reduce this period for any particular candidate, more especially in individual cases for women, political prisoners, minorities and backward classes.

(B) A candidate must have performed the prescribed task for the Congress during the previous year, such task being either spinning personally by hand at least 5,000 yards of yarn or doing some other task prescribed previously by the provincial executive. All candidates must have a certificate stating that they have performed this task and fulfilled this qualification.

The working Committee invite the P.C.C.s to make further suggestions for amendment of the Constitution or framing rules in order to strengthen and purify the Congress organisation.—A. P.

### Question Of Eligibility For Election To Congress Committees

WARDHAGANJ, Dec. 15.

The Congress Working Committee resumed discussion with Gandhiji at half past eight this morning on steps to be taken to "Purify the Congress Organisation"

According to members Gandhiji has suggested his old formula of spinning, franchise and a khadi clause as the only remedy to meet the situation which, according to him, if not checked immediately, would overwhelm the Congress. By lunch time to-day it is expected the Committee will formulate its final proposals in this connection.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad is busy this morning meeting a number of Muslims from the Central Provinces and discussing with them the appointment of a Muslim Minister for the Central Provinces. Some of them are also understood to have explained their grievances to the Maulana

The Working Committee has passed the following resolution defining what are communal organisations: "Resolved that for the purpose of Article 5 (C) the following organisations are declared as communal organisations (1) the Hindu Mahasabha (2) Muslim League.

"Article 5 (C) reads that no person who is a member of any elected Congress Committee shall be a member of any similar Committee of a communal organisation, the object or programme of which involves political activities which are in the opinion of the Working Committee anti-National and in conflict with those of the Congress."—A. P

### RESOLUTION ON PALESTINE

WARDHAGANJ, Dec. 15.

The Working Committee has passed the following resolution on Palestine:—

"The Working Committee has passed resolutions from time to time dealing with the changing situation in Palestine and sympathising with the struggle of Arabs to maintain their political and national integrity. Reports are continuously coming in from a variety of reliable sources of unnameable attrocities committed by the British and police on the plea of maintaining Law and Order in this Mandatory territory. The couarge, determination and sacrifices made by the Arabs in this life-and-death struggle have evoked the admiration of the people of India, who once more wish to convey to them their good wishes for their complete success in the attainment of their objective.

RUTHLESS POLICY CONDEMNED

"The Committee express condemnation of the ruthless policy being pursued by British Imperialism in Palestine, which must lead to grave consequences and the Committee reiterate the opinion that the issue of the future Government of Palestine should be left to be decided on the principle of self-determination.

FUTURE OF PALESTINE

"While sympathising with the plight of the Jews in Europe and elsewhere, the Committee deplore that in Balestine the Jews have relied on British armed forces to advance their special claims and thus aligned themselves on the side of British Imperialism. The Committee trust that Arabs and Jews will endeavour to find a basis for direct co-operation with a view to establishing a Free Democratic State in Palestine with adequate protection to Jewish rights."—A. P.

### NO DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FRONTIER CONGRESS & GOVT.

LAHORE, Dec. 15.

Khan Ghulam Mohd. Khan, President, Frontier Provincial Congress Committee, who went to Wardha in connection with the Congress Working Committee meeting passed through Lahore "en route" to Peshawar to-night.

In a statement to the Associated Press, Khan Ghulam Mohd. Khan stated that his visit to Wardha was not undertaken with a view to make representations on certain matters over which there appeared to be some difference of opinion between the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee and the Frontier Government. There was, on the other hand, he said, complete unanimity and solidarity between the Congress Committee and the Government over matters affecting the Province. The Government was, he added, as strong as ever.

Khan Ghulam Mohd. Khan will reach Peshawar in time to attend the meeting of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee fixed for to-morrow.—A. P.

### CONGRESS AND MUSLIM MASSES

WARDHAGANJ, Dec. 15.

Concern for the Muslim masses and their welfare, irrespective of a settlement with the Muslim League, appears to be the keynote of the draft resolution before the Working Committee this morning regarding communal problem

The resolution emphasises unequivocal declarations by the Congress on the safeguards of minority rights and freedom of religious faith and practices and the need for communal unity and understanding for national well-being.

Another important resolution under discussion relates to the European situation and seeks to clarify the Congress position in the event of a conflict between the European powers.—United Press.

## World Achievement

*Mary Schaffer*

When you try to bore a tunnel through a mountain the rock offers resistance. When you try to invent a better day of doing anything you inevitably come up against all kinds of difficulties. But the greatest resistance and the biggest number of difficulties are nearly always found by those who try to alter public opinion.

This is what Mary Schaffer found in her long years of devotion to animals.

It is about 30 years since she was crossing from Glasgow to Dublin when she found a horse, packed tightly among a host of other frightened animals, suffering terribly with four legs broken. From that day on she gave all her energies to improving the conditions of animals, seeing that they were treated more humanely, and making sure that at the end they were put to death with the minimum of suffering.

Her work has been amply blessed, and to-day animals are better cared for than ever.

But there were new difficulties before Mary Schaffer when she went to France to carry her methods through the land. She found horrible examples of cruelty. It was no uncommon thing for beasts to be shut up in railway wagons for five days without food and water, the authorities remarking callously that it couldn't matter, 'they were going to be killed at the end of the journey.'

From 1929 onwards she fought for the human killer in France. The type used in England was too expensive for French butchers, it seemed, but M. Herriot promised her that if she could provide a comparatively cheap captive bolt pistol, he would pass a law compelling every butcher to employ it in his slaughter-house. Miss Schaffer found someone to invent this instrument, and though there was bitter opposition at first, her reform was carried, and to-day the plight of animals in France is better than in all the years before. **Surely this is something to have achieved?**

## PARTY STRENGTH IN MEMEL DIET

### Germans Secure 25 Seats While Lithuanians Get Four

KAUNAS, Dec. 15.

Official results of the elections to the Memel Diet give Germans 25 seats and Lithuanians four. The latter obtained under 13 per cent poll, but regard the results as satisfactory taking into consideration German political pressure and the withdrawal of the voting right of 5,000 Lithuanians.—Reuter.

### NO SECESSION OF MEMEL LAND

*Lithuanian Attitude*

KAUNAS, Dec. 15

**It is understood in authoritative quarters that Government would be prepared to accept the German interpretation of the Memel Statute in order to stabilise the situation but would never agree to detachment of Memel territory from Lithuania.—Reuter.**

### SOCIAL & ECONOMIC RECONSTRUCTION

#### Parliament Gives Free Hand To Czech Govt.

PRAGUE, Dec. 15.

The Parliament by 148 votes to 16 accorded Government plenary powers for two years thus giving the Government a free hand to proceed with plans for social and economic reconstruction.

When the session ends this week Parliament is unlikely to meet again until certain parties including the Communists are completely dissolved. Dr. Kundt, leader of the Germans is remaining in Czechoslovakia and has promised to support the Government "so long as the rights of the minority, whose leader is Adolf Hitler is respected."—Reuter.

### PROPOSED LOAN TO CZECHOSLOVAKIA

LONDON, Dec. 14.

Discussions began at the Treasury between the Czech Financial Mission and British Treasury officials regarding the proposed loan of 30 million sterling to Czechoslovakia.

Later, British officials will consult French Government financial experts on the question and a scheme for placing the loan to the best advantage in Czechoslovakia will be prepared.—Reuter.

### CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES DISSOLVED

ROME, Dec. 15.

The Chamber of deputies, one of the last relics of democratic days, terminated its existence to-day after 90 years' life

The last acts were to pass the New Racial Law and a law providing for mobilisation of deputies irrespective of age in time of war and their assignment to frontline units. The law replacing the Chamber by the new Chamber of Fascist and corporations was passed with acclamation.—Reuter.

### U. S. A. AMBASSADOR SAILS FOR ROME

WASHINGTON Dec. 15

The American Ambassador, Mr. Phillips, has sailed for Rome to resume his post after a fortnight's visit to the United States during which he conferred with President Roosevelt.

Mr. Phillips declined to say whether he was taking back any specific orders.—Reuter

### MORE LEVY ON JEWS FOR VON RATH OUTRAGE

BERLIN, Dec. 15.

Some doubts have been expressed in official quarters whether the 20 per cent. levy on Jews would be sufficient to raise the milliard mark fine imposed for the murder of Herr Von Rath. Should this be the case, the percentage will undoubtedly be increased, it is stated.

The first instalment of 250 million marks is due to-day. Money is flowing into the banks in Berlin from Jews themselves and from tax-collectors and officers.—Reuter.

## Franco-Japanese Tension

### Entry Of Food Into French Concession Stopped

HANKOW, Dec. 15.

**A serious situation is developing in the French Concession here.**

**The Japanese are stopping the entrance of food and are refusing to turn on the water-supply. Stocks of food in the Concession, which is overcrowded, are reported to be running low and the limited water-supply from wells is insufficient to meet the need of sanitation.**

**Negotiations are proceeding locally but French authorities are forwarding information to Paris for Government action, if the negotiations fail.—Reuter.**

### JAPANESE AIM IN CHINA!

*"Removing Sources Of Infection Within"*

NEW YORK: Dec. 15.

**Japan is under no illusion that she can conquer China, declared Yakichiro Suma, Counsellor to the Japanese Embassy in Washington, in a speech at the Maryland University.**

He said: "That is not our aim and never has been. A nation of 400 million people cannot be forced against its will. Our purpose is to swab out the sources of infection within China, which have poisoned the Sino-Japanese relations."

The Counsellor added that Japan did not intend to "impair the full freedom of commercial opportunity in the Far East for any nation, which recognises the implications of the new order," which Japan seeks to impose there.—Reuter.

### BRITAIN'S WAR DEBTS TO U. S.

LONDON, Dec. 15.

The White Paper, published this evening, regarding the British War debts to the United States contains a letter from Mr. Sumner Welles, dated December 1, enclosing details of the amounts due.

In the course of the letter Mr Welles reiterated that his Government was fully disposed to discuss through diplomatic channels any proposals, which the British Government desired to put forward, regarding the payment.

Replying to the letter, the British Charge d'Affaires in Washington assured Mr. Welles that His Majesty's Government was willing to re-open discussions on the subject whenever circumstances were such as warranted the hope that satisfactory result should be reached.—Reuter.

### BOMBAY ART EXHIBITION

(Continued from Page 6).

movements such as prohibition-campaign, rural uplift, anti-untouchability, safety-first, and etc. It practically covers the whole field in which art impinges upon industry and commerce and demonstrates are indispensability of the artist to the industrial and commercial movements.

**Sculpture**

The sculptural section in the gallery No. 1 balances the pictorial section from the qualitative point of view. The exhibits include studies from life, nature-study, architectural and decorative relief—panels, jali-work and fountains. No 6 "Pensive Mood" by Mr. D.A. Godse, No. 11 "Head from life" by Mr. K. D. Tripathi, No. 25 "Head from life" by Mr. Y. D. Merchant, No. 50 "Figure from life" by Mr. K. D. Kapadia and No. 96 Sadhu by Mr. D. P. Lohar are specimens of good studies. Among the panels No. 21 "Monorum procession" by Mr. Y. D. Merchant has a fine composition and accuracy of proportion and No. 40 "Peace" by Mr. Gulam Jelani shows good expression and delicacy of details. No. 97 Jali work, by Mr. R. T Shirgaonkar is remarkable for precision and neatness of execution. No. 72 Nature-study by Mr. H. D. Salat is the best of its class.

The architectural section in the gallery No. 7 is pre-eminently representative of the designs of the traditional and modern art of India and comprises drawing of studies and architectural pictures and photographs which reveal the trends and progress of architecture in India

The craft-work in the gallery No. 2 has a good collection of drawings of textile and decorative designs. The articles exhibited in the section indicate the scope of the teaching of the artistic crafts in the school which include woodwork engraving, carving, enamel-work, stone-carving and furniture-making. This section is very interesting in view of the importance that is being attached to crafts from the educational point of view.

## Bonnet Champions Chamberlain

### But Not Prepared To Give Up An Inch Of Territory To Italy

PARIS: DEC. 15.

**M. BONNET MADE AN IMPORTANT STATEMENT ON MANY ASPECTS OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS AT A MEETING OF THE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMISSION.**

**IT WAS STATED IN THE LOBBIES THAT HE EXPRESSED HIS SOLID SATISFACTION AT MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S SPEECH.**

**As to Italian territorial claims it was asserted that he declared that Herr Von Ribbentrop on his Paris visit had limited himself to the statement that Germany intended to remain loyal to the Berlin-Rome Axis, but had no direct interest in the Mediterranean.**

**M. BONNET DECLARED THAT HE HAD NOT BEEN ACQUAINTED WITH ANY ITALIAN CLAIMS, BUT IF ANY WERE MADE, THERE WOULD BE NO QUESTION OF FRANCE GIVING UP AN INCH OF TERRITORY.**

Questioned about Germany's intentions in Eastern Europe, particularly Ukraine, M. Bonnet replied that SOME STATEMENTS MADE THEREON APPEARED TO BE EXAGGERATED, NOT EVERYTHING SAID ON THE SUBJECT SHOULD BE TAKEN LITERALLY.

**Dealing with the Sino-Japanese hostilities M. Bonnet, it is reported, did not try to conceal his opinion that INTERESTS AND THE POSITION OF EUROPEAN COUNTRIES IN CHINA WERE ENDANGERED. HE EMPHASISED HOWEVER THAT IT WAS NOT SPECIFICALLY A FRENCH, BUT AN INTERNATIONAL PROBLEM.**

**M. Bonnet revealed that Herr Von Ribbentrop had assured him that only 3,000 to 3,500 German volunteers remained in Spain on December 6, and all were stationed behind the lines.—Reuter.**

### Paris Papers Welcome Bonnet's Stand

PARIS, Dec. 15.

M. Bonnet's statement yesterday that France would not cede an inch of territory to Italy is warmly welcomed by the French Press

"Le Jour" says: "Yesterday Mr. Chamberlain in the Commons and M. Bonnet speaking before the Foreign Affairs Commission, both with great clarity, showed unity in their resistance to ridiculous ambitions. Those who are disappointed should have known that it was coming."

The "Excelsior" hopes that Italy will now cease her Press campaign, which nothing can justify.

"Le Populaire" declares that the words of Mr. Chamberlain will considerably broaden the field in which British solidarity makes itself felt, whereas the Locarno Pact limited it strictly to the Rhine.—Reuter

## What Britain Banks Upon

### Chamberlain Explains Nazi Outlook In Future War

**LONDON, Dec. 15.**

**Mr. Chamberlain speaking at a luncheon to Lord Bicester in the House of Commons said: "When German statesmen reflect upon the possible consequences of a conflict, THEY THINK NOT ONLY OF OUR ARMAMENTS BUT OF OUR GREAT FINANCIAL RESOURCES, WHICH, IN A WAR OF LONG DURATION, MIGHT WELL PROVE THE DECIDING FACTOR."**

**The Premier added: "It is this sense, which is always with us, I am sure it has a very great influence in preserving the peace of the world."—Reuter.**

### NEW PRESIDENT OF SWITZERLAND

*Dr. P. Etter Elected By General Assembly*

**BERNE, Dec. 15.**

**Dr. P. Etter, Vice-President of Switzerland, has been elected President for 1939 by the General Assembly. Dr. Pilet-Golaz has been elected Vice-President.—Reuter.**

### NAZIS CALL BACK ALL WOMEN-DOMESTICS

LONDON, Dec. 15.

All German and Austrian women working as domestic servants in Great Britain are "strongly urged" by Berlin to return to Germany by the next spring. This intimation will affect roughly 20,000 women.

It is stated that the reason for recall is that servant shortage has become acute especially in North Germany.

This action in Great Britain follows a similar move in Holland, where more than 25,000 German servant-girls have been requested to return to Germany.—Reuter.

### Memorial To Asquith

LONDON, Dec. 15.

Parliament has a rule that no monument may be erected within the precincts of the House to one of its members until ten years after his death. Mr. Chamberlain referred to this prohibition in the Commons to-day, when he moved that the House should go into Committee on Monday in order to consider an address to His Majesty praying that instructions be given for the erection of a memorial to the late Earl of Oxford and Asquith. Mr. Chamberlain recalled that the Earl of Asquith's career lasted nearly 38 years.

The motion was agreed to unanimously.—Reuter.

## Germans Stage Walk Out

### Denunciation Of Racial Policy In Pan-American Conference

LIMA, Dec. 15.

Three proposals for "quarantining" the Western Hemispheres against foreign propaganda, drafted by Argentine, Uruguay and Brazil are now before the Committee of the Pan-American Conference.

Spontaneous applause that greeted the Haitian delegate's denunciation of countries governed by theories of racial and religious intolerance is considered significant. At the end of the speech five German correspondents walked out as a protest.

It is understood that the United States delegation intends to introduce a resolution pledging the American Republics to do everything possible to reduce tariff barriers.

A Peace Committee is at present considering a resolution opposing the recognition of territory conquered "by force, undue pressure and threat of force."—Reuter.

### ARGENTINE TAKES COMMAND

NEW YORK: Dec. 15.

Argentine has taken the command of all matters dealt with at the Pan-American Conference relating to Defence and Strategy in the American Continent, according to Lima correspondent of the "New York Times."

The correspondent adds that the Argentine delegation has taken over the drafting of whatever "United American Front" declaration may be presented at the Conference.

General Campanni, the Italian Minister in Panama, who, according to the correspondent, is understood to be the organiser of Fascist units throughout Central America, has arrived in Lima to act as an observer at the Conference.—Reuter's Special.

### Mrs. Naidu In Madras

MADRAS, Dec. 15.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu arrived in Madras this evening from Wardha and was accorded a rousing reception at the Central Station. Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, Premier, was among those present on the platform.

Mrs. Naidu presides over the Madras District Political Conference to-morrow and on Saturday morning she presides over the Convocation of Dakshina Bharata Hindi Prachar Sabha and opens the All-India Khadi and Swadeshi Exhibition at the Congress House the same evening.—A. P.

### "Fatwa" For Fascists

ROME, Dec. 15.

All Fascists have been ordered to resign from the French-Italian Ex-Servicemen's Union and Parliamentary Group.—Reuter.

# Alarming News For Indians Abroad

## British Govt.'s Wavering Attitude On Colonial Question

### Will Indian Public Opinion Avail Of Aga Khan's Services? Asks Anantani

"The Prime Minister, Mr. Chamberlain's inability to undertake to give a specific assurance to consult the Parliament before and not after entering into negotiations with any Foreign Power regarding proposals for the relinquishment of British Sovereignty or administration in respect of any British Colonies, Protectorates and Mandated Territories, required by Mr. Sandys in the House of Commons, by means of interpellation will add to the intensity of serious apprehensions in the minds of the Indian settlers in the Mandated Territories, particularly, Tanganyika," says Dr. B. K. Anantani, Bar-at-Law, the representative of the Indian community of East Africa in a statement to the Associated Press.

"LIFE AND DEATH" QUESTION.

He adds:—"This only emphasizes the anxiety felt by His Highness the Aga Khan, who repeated to me the significance of the problem, during my interview with him, at which His Highness called with concern, for immediate action by India. H H. rightly calls it a question of "life and death." It is indeed at present a question of questions for Indians abroad. In view of the hesitating attitude of the British Ministers, the Government of India should lose no time, firstly to see that in any arrangement to be arrived at, in regard to these territories, the system of Mandate, under the League of Nations is not abandoned, for safeguarding the interests of all nationals, or in the alternative, provision is made for cash payment in lieu of the interests to be assessed by an independent body appointed by the League."

PERSONNEL OF DEPUTATION.

"If this is not done, I have reasons to fear, India will again be losing all along the line. H. H. the Aga Khan has expressed his willingness to accompany the Deputation from Dar-es-Salaam, to H. E. the Viceroy and Mahatma Gandhi. I understand the personnel of the Deputation will be finally fixed during a week and it will arrive in India by the end of December. I have no doubt that Indian public opinion will avail of the services of H. H. the Aga Khan, than whom there is no better authority on the question, so spontaneously offered."

Dr. Anantani is arranging to convening a meeting of the British Indian Colonial Merchants' Association of Bombay to consider the question in the light of the latest developments.

# V. J. T. INSTITUTE'S 50 YEARS PROGRESS

## Governor Inaugurates Golden Jubilee Celebrations

H. E. Sir Roger Lumley, the Governor of Bombay, inaugurated the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute's Golden Jubilee celebrations on Thursday evening before a large and distinguished gathering. The Governor was received by Mr. P. B. Advani, chairman and other members of the Board of Trustees and led to the Shamiana which was erected in the compound of the Institute at Matunga.

Mr. Advani then in welcoming the Governor gave a short account of the history and growth of the V. J. T. Institute which was started in 1883 by prominent citizens such as the late Dr. Dadabhoy Nowroji, Mr. M. G. Ranade, Sir P. M. Mehta, K. T. Telang and Sir D. E. Wachha who then considered the technological education as of fundamental importance for the growth and prosperity of the country. The establishment of the technological institute became a reality when a memorial fund of Rs. 2 lakhs was raised in memory of Lord Ripon and earmarked for this purpose. Lord Reay, the Governor of Bombay, who was a great lover of educational reforms, interested himself in the proposal of establishing a technological institute and called a meeting of well-known citizens among whom were also the Late Hon. Mr. Nowrosji N. Wadia and Sir D. M. Petit.

PETIT'S GIFT

The important question of finance was solved by Sir D. M. Petit who, made a princely gift of Rs. 3 lakhs for a suitable and permanent home for the Institute, the Municipal Corporation donated Rs. 80,000 from "H. M. Queen Victoria Jubilee Fund" and promises were received for an annual grant from the Government of Bombay and the Millowners' Association.

Mr. Advani then paid compliments to the first Hon. Secretary, the late Mr. N. N. Wadia who secured for the institute the old Elphinstone College building at Byculla and started work in September 1888. The institute began its work with only 120 students which had now risen to 700. He appealed to the public to give generously towards the Jubilee Fund which was intended for a building and apparatus to run a college on the lines of Technological College of Manchester.

DISTRIBUTION OF MEDALS

The Governor then distributed medals to the successful students. At the end of the ceremony Sir Ness Wadia proposed a vote of thanks to the Governor and suggested to amalgamate the University Technological Department with the V. J. T. Institute and run it on the lines of Technological College of Manchester.

Inaugurating the Jubilee celebrations the Governor said:

It is not my intention to traverse in detail the progress of the Institute during the fifty years of its life. Your Chairman has already told us of its steady growth, of its many very generous private benefactors, and of the constant support it has received from the Provincial and Central Governments, from the Millowners' Association and from the Bombay Municipality. In a word, the success so far achieved has been due to the co-operation of all interested in technical education. As a result, progress has been steadily maintained, department after department has been added, and the Institute has, by keeping abreast of the needs of the times, enabled Bombay to maintain her claim to be the industrial centre of India.

The Silver Jubilee of the Institute in 1913 was marked by a great step forward. The Golden Jubilee has now come and demands further progress. If Bombay is to retain its premier position as an industrial city she must seek and seize every opportunity to make progress.

I have great pleasure in inaugurating the Golden Jubilee Celebrations of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute.

# THE TRAGEDY OF PALESTINE

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—We have been told that a Round Table Conference is going to be held in London to settle the question of Palestine. We know something about Round Table Conferences and how they are used to obscure issues and consolidate imperialistic control. Behind the thick veil of pious phrases and vague assurances in Parliament and conferences, sometimes we glimpse the terrible reality in Palestine. A strict censorship and a conspiracy of silence of British newspapers prevents the truth reaching us, for howsoever authenticated a statement of fact is, newspapers in England refuse to publish it, if it is in favour of the unhappy Arabs who are fighting and dying for freedom. Unfortunately the issue is made to appear as if it was a contest between Arab and Jew, and not a national struggle for freedom against imperialist domination. The terrible persecution of the Jews in Germany and elsewhere rightly draws the world's sympathy to them. It is a tragedy that two oppressed and suffering peoples, the Arabs and Jews, should come into conflict with each other.

In this confusion of issues we must keep our minds clear, and not allow our sympathy for the Jews in their distress to work injustice for the Arabs, or our inevitable sympathy for the Arabs of Palestine translate itself into anti-Jew sentiment. To the Jews, as victims of Fascist terror and brutality, we must extend all sympathy and help. But that does not and cannot mean that Arab interests in their country of Palestine can be ignored.

Palestine is an Arab country and Arab interests must prevail there. I have not a shadow of a doubt in my mind that justice demands this. I do not think there need be any conflict between Arab and Jew interests in Palestine and both can co-operate to their mutual advantage and for the advancement of Palestine. The real conflict is with British Imperialism and the struggle, whatever its varying phases, is a national struggle for freedom. It is the misfortune of the Jews that they have aligned themselves with British Imperialism In doing so they have not even shown practical wisdom, for British Imperialism has had its day and fades away before our eyes. For this vanishing support, they have risked the displeasure, not only of the entire Muslim world but of most Asiatic countries That is a heavy price to pay in this world where already brutal persecution pursues them in many countries of Europe and elsewhere. Let the Arabs and Jews face each other in friendship and in a spirit of co-operation and their problems will find solution. But that solution can and will only be on the basis of Arab freedom. Not all the King's horse, nor all the King's men will be able to find any other solution.

Meanwhile, the King's horses and the King's men are functioning in Palestine and odd bits of information reach us of the terror that overshadows the country. Let us realise what this terror is. It is the old martial law regime of the Punjab; it is a repetition of the methods of the Black and Tans in Ireland. I have received some extracts from a letter from Palestine which tells us how the British army of occupation and invasion has functioned there This letter was written by an English lawyer in Palestine, a man, I am definitely assured, of high character and ability and fully aware of what constitutes evidence. Another Englishman of character and position, whose judgment I value, tells me that this letter can be accepted as a fact.

The letter is not a new one; it was written in September last. But the argument holds and we must not delude ourselves into the belief that things are better in Palestine The rulers of the British Empire humble themselves before Hitler and Mussolini, but they pride themselves that they are still strong enough to deal with Palestine.—Yours, etc.,

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU.

Wardha,
December, 14, 1938.

EXTRACTS FROM A LETTER RECEIVED FROM AN ENGLISHMAN IN PALESTINE, SEPTEMBER 16, 1938.

The savagery of the authorities here, who have apparently embarked upon a policy of out terrorising terrorism, is a matter upon which few of the British civilian population generally can trust themselves to speak or write.

After Moffat's assassination, they "savaged" the little town of Jenin by blowing it—(or a large portion of it)—to smithereens. The official statement said "150 houses had been demolished," an estimate not erring in exaggeration. Certain persons "were shot down while attempting to escape." Some of the means resorted to obtain information from the population will not bear repetition.

After having blown up the houses, and boasted on the broadcast of doing so, the authorities suddenly found that some of the property demolished belonged to Ruhi Bey Abdul Hadi—confidential adviser to His Excellency on Arab affairs! Much 'back patting" of Ruhi Bey, accompanied by "very sorry, old hap," and the production of a cheque book for compensation calmed him down. He, owing to his influence, of course will get prompt compensation but the other wretched owners are equally as innocent as he.

It was done to strike terror into the people, not to punish the guilty.

Not only were houses demolished but, I am sorry to say, many of the population were robbed (money, jewellery, etc.,) including the safe and contents belonging to the Standard Oil Company of New York, concerning which the American Consul has had something to say.

It is impossible to tell you everything that is gong on here! I know of amazing cases: Government employees (brave and loyal Arabs), engaged, for instance on repairing the sabotage of telephone wires, for which they may be shot at any moment by the rebels, have returned to their villages after a day's work to find their homes blown up by the British Army, and their wives and children sitting homeless upon a heap of rubble. From such instances it is that the rebels are now gaining, not merely reinforcements, but, what is more serious, an ascendancy of morale.

On Saturday, here in Jaffa, the troops were merely shooting at sight any one they had a mind to aim at. A Government surveyor, English-speaking and educated, was returning home from his duties and was shot dead here in the street; also, a little girl of seven on the same day.

This morning, a cheerful little newspaper boy, who brings my morning paper, did not arrive! I enquired, and am told that he is shot.

I was talking to an English judge a few days ago, who expressed himself violently concerning the sights he had just seen in the Manshiye Quarter. The doctor in Hebron could tell of cold-blood-

(Continued on page 12, col. 7)

# SARDAR RETURNS TO THE CHARGE

## Cadell's Notifcaton Is A Distinct Breach Of Plighted Word

WARDHAGANJ, Dec. 15.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has issued the following statement in reply to Sir Patrick Cadell, Dewan of Rajkot.

"I have carefully read Sir Patrick Cadell's reply to my statement. Two facts stand out quite clearly. He admits having seen a draft of the notification that was to be issued by the Thakore Saheb. If he did not take a copy, it was surely his fault. But he admits that he made notes and also jotted down points on which he wanted elucidation from me. His reply shows that the Thakore Saheb had bound himself in anticipation to accept the Draft prepared by Gandhiji and endorsed by me. What was the meaning of his having seen the draft, made notes and jotted down points for discussion, if it was not his acceptance of the draft subject to the points jotted down by him? Is the Thakore Saheb's word of no value? Is Sir Patrick Cadell as the Dewan to disregard his Chief's wishes? What would he say if the people of Rajkot made it a point of honour to have the Thakore Saheb's words carried out. It is irrelevant to my case to prove that if I had not approved of the four points for discussion he could not have broken in on them.

DISTINCT BREACH OF FAITH.

"I do claim, therefore, on the strength of his own reply that the notification introducing so-called reforms is a distinct breach of the plighted word, both of the Thakore Saheb and himself. Sir Patrick Cadell's reference to my remark about the Thakore Saheb being a ten per cent. zemindar is an unworthy attempt to create ill-will between the Thakore Saheb and myself. He should remember that I had made myself responsible for the retention of the prerogative of the Thakore Saheb as the Chief. But what I said about the Thakore Saheb is not of any importance in discussion of points whether there was a breach of faith or not. There are other discrepancies in Sir Patrick's reply which I passed by so as not to divert public attention from the charge of breach of faith which is sufficiently borne out by his reply."—A. P.

A SHORT STORY

# MILLIONAIRE

(BY KARL GRAYSON)

John Racer, the millionaire, awoke on the morning of January 5th and lay for a few moments staring out at the bare limbs of the elm tree beyond the window of his bedroom. It was 7-15 by the clock on the table beside the bed. In four hours, John would walk into a room filled with important men. There would be a conference, and within an hour he would know the decision of these men concerning the Madison power line proposition. Should the decision be favourable, John would have completed the most successful deal of his career. The net profit to himself would total nearly half a million dollars.

John Racer contemplated these things as he lay in bed this January morning and stared at the bare limits of the elm tree. For the first time in his life the thought flashed across his mind that he was worth a million dollars. Curious how, when you were making money, you never really analyzed yourself.

It was ten, no eleven, years ago that he had set out to make himself a millionaire. He had been a young man, just out of college, living with his family in a small town in New Hampshire. He loved that town, and the people in it and all the surrounding countryside. But he wasn't happy or satisfied. There were so many things he wanted that only money could buy, and which he couldn't afford to have. He wanted a shooting lodge in the mountains and a sail boat on Lake Winnipesaukee. He wanted expensive guns and a nice home and to be able to travel whenever the urge moved him.

He had wondered in those days why men with money didn't have all those things instead of wearing themselves out trying to make more money. A man with a million dollars could have just about everything he wanted, but most of the millionaires John knew about never did have them, or if they did, never seemed to find the time to enjoy them.

So John made a vow. If he ever made a million dollars—and he had every confidence that he would some day—he'd quit and come back here to New Hampshire and enjoy himself. He wouldn't be a hog A million was enough. He'd quit working then. He'd buy his camp and boats and home, and he'd travel. He'd be able to sit on the high rock from whose summit he could see the sparkling waters of Green's Basin and bask in the sun and never have a worry in the world.

He'd walk down the tree-shaded main street of his home town on summer mornings and spend as much time as he liked loitering along the ways and swapping stories with other loiterers. He'd have no more care or worries than the old crones who gathered around the stove in Fairbanks' general store on Saturday nights

That was the way John Racer planned it and dreamed it. And the Fall after he was graduated from college he had gone to New York. Through a friend he got a position with a contracting company. He put New Hampshire and his dreams in the back of his mind. He thought of nothing but making a million dollars.

And now, eleven years later, he had reached his goal He was a millionaire, with no strings attached.

The thought was rather startling. It was startling too to consider that because he was a millionaire he could have just about everything a man could want—everything to make him happy, to make it possible for him to enjoy life

John remembered his dreams. He conjured pictures of the pleasant, tree-shaded trees of his home town of the sparkling waters of Green's Basin, of himself at the tiller of a smart sloop cutting across Lake Winnipesaukee, of his shooting lodge, and new home and his fishing rods; of himself travelling to warmer climes when winter shut down on the north country

A smile came to [illegible] as the

(Continued in col. 5)

(Continued from col. 7)

picture took form, clearly etched in his mind. The picture that he had carried there for eleven years. Now, at last he could have all those things and never have to worry about the expense.

John's roving eye suddenly fell upon the bedside clock. The hands stood at 8-30. He sat up with a start.

"Ordway!" he called. "Ordway, hurry! My clothes! My breakfast!"

Ordway, John's man servant, hurried into the room and laid out his master's clothes.

"Has Jenkins arrived?" John asked sharply. "Send him in."

Ordway went to the door and spoke to a man in the room beyond. The man appeared, carrying a portfolio. He opened it on the bedside table and extracted several sheafs of paper. Ordway propped his master up with pillows and slid the breakfast tray into place.

John sipped his coffee and glanced through the papers. Presently he handed the papers back to Jenkins. "O.K. They look all right. I'll be with you in a half hour."

Jenkins retired. Ordway took away the tray. John got out of bed, bathed, shaved and dressed.

Jenkins was waiting for him in the lower hall. Haskins was outside the door with the car. John paused on the topmost step of his home a moment and looked up at the naked limbs of the elm tree. A smile crossed his lips as he continued down the steps and entered the car. The next time, he thought, that he looked at the elm tree he'd probably be worth half again as much as he was now. And then there would be other deals, more fortunes to make

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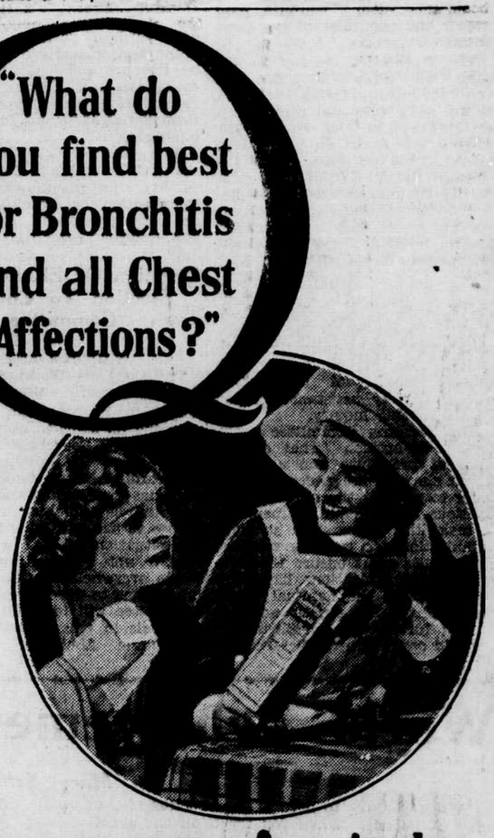



ANGIER'S is the answer

For any weakness of throat or chest, or any tendency to tuber-colosis; for a troublesome cough, bronchitis or any chest affection, the standard approved treatment is a course of Angier's Emulsion.

It soothes and strengthens the lungs, promotes appetite, greatly improves digestion, and exerts a pronounced tonic, invigorating influence upon the general health.

If a cold or a cough has already started, Angier's is the best means of throwing it off and repairing the damage caused.

No other emulsion is so highly recommended for it's strengthening and healing properties. Angier's has been prescribed by the medical profession for over forty years. It is unequalled for those with a tendency to colds, 'flu and lung troubles. Angier's soothes and heals the membrane of the throat and the inner lining of the bronchial tubes, and at the same time builds up strength and powers of resistance.

No mother should be without a bottle of Angier's Emulsion in the house.

**"I have prescribed Angier's frequently."**

*A Doctor writes:* "Some two months ago I had occasion to try Angier's Emulsion personally for a troublesome and worrying cough. In a few days my appetite commenced to return, and in a short time my cough completely disappeared. I still continue taking Angier's and have prescribed it frequently."

(Signed)——, M.B.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand, it is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.


MUTT AND JEFF By BUD FISHER

B'LIME, IT'S ALMOST LUNCH TIME! HI SAY, YOU, GO DOWN IN THE BOILER ROOM AND EAT UP MY LUNCH FOR ME!
FIFTEEN MINUTES LATER
HI SAY, YOU, I'M WAITING FOR MY LUNCH! WHERE IS IT?
I ATE IT!
YOU H'ATE IT?
OH, NO! I DIDN'T HATE IT! I LIKED IT!
YOU BLOOMIN' H'IDIOT, I TOLD YOU TO 'EAT UP MY LUNCH!
WELL, THAT'S WHAT I DID! YOU TOLD ME TO EAT IT UP, SO I ATE IT!
I DIDN'T TELL YOU TO H'EAT IT UP!
WELL, I DIDN'T HEAT IT UP! I ATE IT COLD!
?
PLATE O' 'ASH AND MAKE IT 'OT!

# Rate-War On Konkan Coast

## Why Settlement Efforts Failed

### Progress Of Indian Co-operative Navigation And Trading Company

The thirtieth ordinary general meeting of the Indian Co-operative Navigation and Trading Company was held yesterday, Mr. Walchand Hirachand, Chairman of the Company in his speech said:—

I take it that as usual it is your pleasure that the Report which has now been in your hands for some days past should be taken as read.

Once again the working of the Company, as pointed out in the Report, has resulted into a loss of Rs. 2,58,403-0-7 without providing for depreciation over the fleet of the Company. The present loss, therefore, exceeds the amount of the loss incurred last year by nearly Rs. 30,000. You will naturally like to know why the loss is going up. You are aware that not only did the rate war continue on the Konkan coast throughout the year under report, as it did last year, but the Company had also to face its increasing intensity as a result of the various inducements and concessions which were being received by the travelling public on the coast. Moreover, the cost of operations had gone up all round and the Company had to foot bills exceeding the amount of the last year by a little over a lakh of rupees, for coal, insurance and repairs.

COST OF OPERATIONS

There were two factors which increased the repair bill by about Rs. 85,000 this year. This was due firstly to the reconditioning of the boat-deck of the s. s. 'Ramdas' for the carriage of upper class passengers on that deck, and the broadening of the deck of the s.s. 'Bajune' and making it more commodious and comfortable for the passengers than before. These additional facilities and comfort have added to the popularity of the boats. Secondly as some of the boats are getting older, the annual repair bill naturally shows a comparative increase. The coal bill went up because the price of coal was much higher than that of the last year and a larger quantity was also consumed during the last year as compared to the quantity consumed during the previous year owing to the increased number of voyages of the steamers of the Company. The burdens which this rising cost of operations imposed on the ships were relieved to a certain extent by the comparatively larger number of passengers which were carried on the coast during the year under review, a larger share of the traffic which we were able to secure owing to the efficiency of our organisation and the spirit of co-operation with which we ran our services in conjuction with those of the Ratnagar Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. It will, therefore, be noted that although we had to spend over a lakh of rupees more under certain heads of expenditure this year than the sum spent under the same heads last year, our net loss, in view of the reasons mentioned above, has gone up only by Rs. 30,000. I am sure, you will, therefore, under the circumstances, agree with me that we have done our best to keep the loss at as low a level as possible.

KONKAN RATE WAR

You will, however, naturally ask me the question "what about the future?" Your Directors have already pointed out to you in their Report that despite the endeavours of your Chairman, they could not bring about a cessation of the rate war on the Konkan coast and ensure conditions for the healthy growth of national shipping concerns. I told you in my speech last year that the offer made by the Bombay Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., to give 36 per cent. of the Konkan trade to be shared between the Ratnagar and this Company was not only inequitable but was such as would have left this Company with a permanent loss. You will have also noted from the Report how in spite of the ready acceptance of the principle of arbitration by this Company, as desired by the Government, the solution of the problem on the Konkan coast could not proceed on that line in view of the inexplicable attitude of the Bombay Steam. Matters with which this Company has no concern, such as the authoritative interpretation of the Delhi Award and the Tripartite Agreement, have been drawn as red-herrings across the path. Neither was this Company invited to the Delhi Conference, nor is this Company a party to the Tripartite Agreement. The question of the Konkan trade was neither on the agenda nor was ever referred to by that Conference. It can have, therefore nothing to do with the authoritative interpretation, either of the Award or of the Agreement.

WHO TO SOLVE PROBLEM

Moreover the Bombay Steam has continuously insisted upon making the Scindia Company and the B. I. parties to arbitration for the solution of the Konkan coast controversy, not to speak of all of the other shipping companies on the coast, which they now desire should also be included in the settlement of the question. The Konkan trade is served by three Companies, the Bombay Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., the Ratnagar Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., and the Indian Co-operative Navigation and Trading Co., Ltd. It is these Companies, therefore, which have to solve the Konkan question and it was for them to be parties to arbitration. The Bombay Steam must, however, have its own ulterior reasons for introducing extraneous and outside matters for the solution of this question and as I dealt with that subject very fully in my speech as the Chairman of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., I do not propose to go over the same ground again on this occasion. There are, however, one or two misleading, if not mischievous statements made in interested quarters to which I would like to invite your very careful attention

MISUNDERSTANDINGS REMOVED

During the course of his speech at the last Annual Meeting of the Bombay Steam, Mr. Lowndes remarked:

"It can therefore, be rightly claimed that there is no justification for an invasion of your Company's exclusive sphere of trade on the Konkan coast by any Shipping Company Indian or foreign."

You are all aware that the passengers on the Konkan coast were deeply disappointed with the treatment at the hands of the Bombay Steam which led to the establishment of this Company in 1939 and the Company's services became so popular that the passengers, rightly called it is "Maji Agbot Company." Moreover, this Company established and ran its services both on the Goa and the Jaigad Lines from 1921 to 1927 when owing to the sad loss of the s.s. "Tukaram' and the going out of commission of the s. s. 'Tilak' and the s. s. 'Boa Viagem' the Company could not continue to serve the Konkan public as it had done for years past. It is, therefore, preposterous for the Bombay Steam to claim now that its trade on the Konkan coast is its exclusive sphere of trade. Such a glaring denial of the just and inherent right of a Shipping Company owned, controlled and managed by Indians themselves to serve its own countrymen and its own trade can only emanate from the brains of the British Agents of a Company which professes to call itself an Indian Company and which has also the temerity, under the instigation of its foreign masters, to libel the national enterprise and the national endeavour to serve trades in its own home as "invasions" into its sphere of activities.

COMPANY'S STEAMERS

The Company could not resume all its services on the Konkan coast for some time owing to serious financial difficulties. It, however, placed in 1936 two of its previous three vessels (one which was lost and two which had gone out of commission) by the s.s. 'Ramdas' and the M. V. 'St. Anthony' specially built for the Konkan trade. The Company was seriously considering the building of a new ship to replace its third vessel, but it had to delay the placing of the order for the same owing to the rate war that had broken out on the Konkan coast. Mr. Lowndes, however, characterises, for reasons which you will easily understand, this normal and natural replacement by the Company of its previous tonnage which had served the trade for maintaining the services which the Company had built up as the introduction of "surplus tonnage on the coast!" You will, however, in view of the facts stated above, agree with me that not only was there no introduction of the surplus tonnage by this Company on the coast, but the Company, on the contrary, has still the right to build and place two more new steamers on the coast for efficiently maintaining the services which it had built up in the past. If, however, the replacement of the old tonnage, which has served the trade, is considered by Mr. Lowndes as the introduction of surplus tonnage on the coast, may I ask him a pertinent question as to why he built and placed an entirely new and superfluous steamer, the M. V. 'Deepavati' on the coast even after the new and the popular vessel 'Ratnagiri' had begun to serve the trade by meeting and meeting satisfactorily all the needs and requirements of the Konkan travelling public and thus increased the difficulties for the economic employment of all the tonnage that was serving that trade? Mr Lowndes should remember the old adage 'those who live in glass houses should not throw stones at others'

Mr. Lowndes also makes a serious grievance against the demand of at leat 50 per cent of the Konkan trade to be shared between the Indian Co-operative and the Ratnagar and calls it arbitrary and unjustifiable. I do not wish to weary you with the details of the figures of the trade, but I want you to remember the very broad consideration that as far back as 1927 the services were maintained by four steamers by the Indian Co-operative. One steamer was run by the Ratnagar in that trade from 1936. It would have been, therefore perfectly legitimate or the two Companies together to run 5 steamers on the Konkan coast. With a view, however, to make the maximum concessions, if peace could be obtained. I agreed on behalf of both the Companies to run only 4 steamers on the Konkan coast, as against 5 to which they were perfectly entitled. Mr. Lowndes, however, insisted that the two Companies together should run 3 steamers only and withdraw the fourth from the service, although it was in commission for years past. Apart, therefore, from the inequity of the demand made by the other side and the dictatorial method in which it was made, you will agree with me and my colleagues that such a proposal cannot be entertained because it would have meant the sure extinction of the Company from the coast at an early date. Moreover we had agreed to make the maximum sacrifice that we could possibly make. I gave the undertaking on behalf of both the Companies that they would not expand their services beyond the Konkan coast during the period of the agreement. Not only were our concessions and sacrifices however not appreciated nor recognised, but they were considered as our weakness and now Mr. Lowndes has issued threats of dire consequences to the Company which has come to your financial help if you will not accept the terms which are dictated by him and of which he alone is the best judge in your interest.

RECITAL ASPECT

Let me assure you, Gentlemen, from all that I know as passing behind the scenes that the problem has not been and will not be allowed to be solved as a mere economic one, but has been made to assume a racial aspect by those who would do everything in their power to prevent the Indian shipping industry from widening its activities and building up a powerful national merchant marine worthy of India's position and her vast maritime trade. We shall have therefore to be exceedingly careful in the steps that we take to meet the situation I need not therefore add that while with your support we shall continue to protect the interests of the Company as an integral part of national shipping and while we shall always be ready to do our best in helping the solution of the Konkan problem, neither will threats nor will mis-representations drive us to do anything which will be inimical to the interests of our national shipping industry, either now or in the future

ECONOMIC FARE

May I make a passing reference to the recent Report of the Steamer Rates Enquiry Committee appointed by the Ratnagiri District Congress Committee, which is now under the consideration of your Directors, particularly as attempts are being made by the other side to mislead the public by making them believe that while they are anxious to reduce the rates further on certain lines it is this company that is coming in the way The question as to what should be the reasonable economic fares on the Konkan coast will have to be decided after dealing with the problem in a comprehensive manner and how the reduction or increase of the passage fare on one route is likely to divert the traffic to the other route or to the other system of transport will have to be carefully investigated. At this stage let me repeat my assurance to the travelling public which I gave last year that we shall continue to evince the same interest which we have been evincing at present for providing for the comforts and conveniences of the passengers travelling on our line and let me add that the passage fares will be so adjusted —if we are fortunate to obtain peace in the trade as to put no undue burden on the travelling public whose modern requirements we are expected to meet to the best of our ability. It will be recognised that while the public have a right to demand that the shipping companies should not exploit them by charging exorbitant rates, it is their duty also to ensure that the interested cry of lower and lower rates should not fail to provide a fair return on the capital invested in the trade bearing in mind the rising cost of operations.

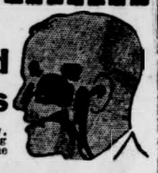
VICTIM FOR THIRD YEAR

This is the third year of the rate war of which this Company has been the victim. Our resources are very limited. Your continuous support and the the continuous goodwill of the travelling public towards this national concern however has been its great asset and its unceasing strength. Fortified and encouraged by this support and goodwill and with faith in the justice of our cause, we shall try to meet the struggle that stares us in the face and shall do our best to protect and preserve the position of the Company in the sphere of its activities.

In conclusion it gives me very great pleasure in stating that both the staff ashore and afloat have discharged the duties with which they were entrusted in an able and satisfactory manner in spite of the strenuous and anxious times through which the company had to pass throughout the year. With these words I now beg to move that the report and that Audited Statement of accounts for the year ending the 31st May 1938, already sent to you, be and are hereby adopted.

CATARRH

Stuffs up 12 Head Cavities



I-N-H-A-L-E new, quick-vapourising medication, and kill the germs

Catarrh germs do not stop at your nose and throat. They invade 12 head cavities, situated in your cheekbones, forehead, and at the base of your brain. They go where gargles, sprays, douches and nose drops cannot reach. Such remedies always disappoint catarrh sufferers. But Karsote vapours penetrate the remotest cavity in your head. Sprinkle a few drops of Karsote on a handkerchief. Inhale the rising vapours Soon you feel the tight grip of infected mucous loosening Every germ is destroyed; your whole head is cleared. Karsote never fails. Laboratory tests prove that Karsote destroys the germs of catarrh, colds, coughs and influenza in a few minutes. Karsote Inhalant is obtainable of all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

## BHAVNAGAR CIVIC AFFAIRS

### Muslims' Plea For Special Ward

(From Our Correspondent).
BHAVNAGAR, Dec. 14.

The awakening in Kamdar Party is speedily increasing. Railway representative Mr. S. H. Jhabwala, is to arrive here in this week. He will consult workers, students and others on various issues. He will be the guest of Mr. Rajguru.

Patel Lavji Jeram, head of the Grama Panchayat of Nana Jinjudia of Kundla District, who was accused of keeping false account of Rs 2,200 was sentenced to imprisonment of 6 months and Rs. 300.

Koli Lakhman Meru was sentenced for one year by the Criminal Court for theft of goods worth Rs. 56 from the Match Factory of the State.

Diwan Anantrai Pattani is visiting villages of Gadhda and Botad Districts.

Muslim representatives saw His Highness for a special ward for Muslims in the Bhavnagar Municipality. It is understood that a committee will be appointed for the administration of the Municipality.

It is reliably understood that Mr. Jadavaji Modi and other Secretaries of the Praja Parishad will meet Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel at Bombay.

The Thakorsaheb of Palitana has gone to Morvi. Mr. Manishanker Trivedi who arrived from England after being called by Bar has been honoured with a casket by his community in Palitana.

## KOLHAPUR ARRESTS

(From Our Correspondent).
KOLHAPUR, Dec. 15.

Four Satyagrahis were arrested to-day in connection with the defiance of ban on formation of the State Congress

## DELHI SURPRISE FOR JAMNAGAR

### Proposed Reduction Of Tobacco Duty Postponed

(From Our Correspondent)
JAMNAGAR, Dec. 13.

For years the Jamnagar public had been clamouring against the heavy duty on tobacco.. The Diwan Saheb yesterday sent for some public men and informed them that the duty would be lowered.

But the Diwan Saheb to-day declared that the notification has been postponed. The public take very serious view of the development and the atmosphere is full of mistrust. It is stated that Maharaja Jamsaheb has sent such instructions from Delhi.

## C. Indian States' People's Conference

DOHAD, Dec 15.

At a meeting of members of the Reception Committee of the Central India States' People's Conference to be held here, the following office-bearers were elected:—

Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya—Chairman, Mr S. M Asarkar of Khandwa and Mr. Hajarimal Jadia of Indore—Vice-Chairman, Mr. Kanhaiyalal Vaidya of Indore—General Secretary. Messrs. Harilal Shah of Dohad and Diwakar of Indore—Joint Secretaries Messrs. Nagindas G Shah and Chhotalal Desai—Treasurers, and Mr Ramanlal Sheth—Captain of volunteers

Mr. Krishna Kant Vyas of Indore was elected as Propaganda Secretary of the Conference

A Committee of 25 members from Central India were elected to the Executive Committee.—United Press.

## BARODA NEWS IN BRIEF

(From Our Correspondent).
BARODA.

The Baroda City Prajamandal has established its branches in the different localities in the City. The Raopura Section has enrolled about 700 members. Enrolment in other sections is going on.

Mr. Ishwarchand Saxena of U. P. who has started on world tour on June 2, 1938, has come here after covering about 2,500 miles and visiting Punjab, Cutch and Kathiawar.

The Diamond Jubilee of the well-known physical culturist, Prof. Manekrao will be celebrated on 31st December.

CIVIC REFORM.

All the District Panchayats and A. Class Municipalities (except Baroda City) have been granted the right of electing their own presidents.

Sir Govindrao Madgaokar, is again, joining the State service for a month as President of Hasur Nyaya Sabha.

Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, the Dewan of Baroda, visited Dabhoi and Karjan during these two days

## EIGHTH DICTATOR ARRESTED

AURANGABAD, Dec. 15.

The eighth sone dictator was arrested to-day by the police

Mr. Dadasaheb Deshpande of Parbhani, with eight others, offered 'satyagraha' at Sarafa.

Addressing a meeting of 6,000 people, Mr. Deshpande exhorted them to fight for responsible Government which only, he said, would develop their potential strength.

The speaker regretted that today teachers 'had assumed the duties of police' and persuaded the students not to attend the 'satyagraha.'—United Press.

## HUMBLE SERVANT OF SIKH COMMUNITY

PATIALA, Dec. 15.

"I assure you all that I consider the religious, political and economic progress of my subjects to be the first and foremost mission of my life and without attaching the least importance to either communal or sectarian ideas I am prepared to redress all the grievances and fulfil all the demands of my subjects," observed His Highness the Maharajadhiraj of Patiala, in the course of his reply to the address of welcome presented to him on behalf of the Sikhs of Malwa (Lower Punjab) and the Guru Nanak Missionary Society Sirhind Club last evening.

His Highness expressed his thanks for the honour done to him and said that the ruling family of Patiala was very closely connected with Malwa for generations and the history of Malwa was full of heroic deeds performed by his ancestors.

Referring to the disunity in the rank and file of the Sikh community, His Highness declared that as a humble servant of Guru Nanak and the Sikh Community, he was fully prepared to explore all avenues to cement the differences and once more place his community on a high pedestal.—A.P.

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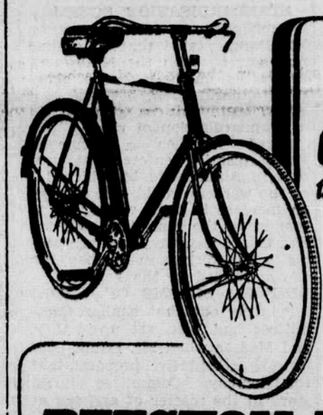

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Handsome Discount to the Trade.

DISTRIBUTORS IN BOMBAY:

HATHI BROTHERS

PANALAL TERRACE, NEAR PERRY, GRANT ROAD.

# R. T. C. Of Millowners And Labour

## FOR STANDARDISATION OF WAGES

## Prof. Davar Adumbrates Profit-Sharing Scheme

**On a point of information sought by Mr. S. A. Dange, one of the representatives of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress at the resumed examination before the Textile Inquiry Committee, presided over by the Hon. Mr. Justice Divatia, on Thursday, the Chairman stated that the Committee proposed to bring about a Conference of the representatives of the Millowners' Association and those of Labour as soon as it was in possession of a scheme for standardisation of wages.**

**If an agreed solution could be arrived at as a result of the joint Conference, then the scheme would be recommended immediately by the Committee, the Chairman added.**

The examination of the representatives of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress and that of Prof. S. R. Davar was concluded.

On Friday (to-day) morning the Director of Industries will be examined in camera, and in the afternoon, the Municipal Commissioner or his deputy will be examined.

### *CHARGE AGAINST MILLOWNERS*

Labour activity of the year 1928-'29 was recalled by the representatives of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, at their resumed examination on Thursday morning.

Mr. S. D. Saklatvala, associate Member of the Committee, set the ball rolling when he cited extracts from the Pearson's, Fawcett and Riots Inquiry Committee reports and drew the attention of the representatives to some of the conclusions arrived at. He asked whether it was not true that there were breaches of agreement by the labour leaders, that the speeches made by officials of the Girni Kamgar Union were not responsible for the communal riots and that the Girni Kamgar Union was not recognised because of the communist philosophy imported by the leaders into the organisation.

Mr. S. A Dange replied that Mr. Saklatvala was taking a charitable view of the Government and the Police reports. He pointed out that they did not participate in the Pearson Committee and the Riots' Inquiry Committe and that therefore they would not accept the conclusions arrived at by those committees.

Mr. Dange further pointed out that the Police Prosecutor in the Meerut Conspiracy case had declared that the communists leaders did not uphold the philosophy of communal riots and that they had never tried to incite communal feelings or bring about communal trouble.

Chairman: Does class-hatred mean communal hatred?

Mr. Dange observed that if Mr. Saklatvala submitted the reports of the various committees, then he might have to give some explanation.

The chairman stated that he did not think that Mr Saklatvala was submitting any of the reports for the committee's consideration.

He pointed out that the findings were those of the Committees and they were not binding on the members, inasmuch as Mr. Saklatvala might object to some of the findings.

Asked whether he objected to some of the findings, Mr. Saklatvala replied in the affirmative.

Mr. Dange, however, stated the strikes mentioned in the report were not the result of any breach of agreement

'DE FACTO' RECOGNITION

Tracing the history of the Girni Kamgar (Red Flag) Union, Mr. Dange stated that it was registered in May 1928 on the eve of the General Strike and that they joined the Textile Labour Party in order to form a joint strike Party. After the strike was over impediments were put in their way and therefore the Girni Kamgar Union wanted to remove those impediments. So they got their Union registered and it was therefore a 'de facto' recognition.

Mr. Dange asked why if the Millowners' Association, if it had no hostility towards them as was suggested, made a request to Government to suppress the Girni Kamgar Union. Did they make that request out of hostility or out of friendliness. Mr. Dange asked

Mr. Saklatvala: We made no such request.

Mr. Dange: Please refer to your minutes to the deputation that you led before Government.

In reply to a further query Mr. Dange stated that whenever redflags appeared on the road during strikes, workers came out.

Mr. Saklatwala: You know redflag is a sign of danger?

Mr. Nimbkar: May be to capitalism.

Chairman: Red-flag to a bull?

**Mr. Nimbkar stated that the agent's provocateurs of the Millowners' sometimes engineered lightning strikes.**

Answering further questions, Mr. Dange stated that the Millowners did not recognise their Union during the general strike of 1928. He denied that the hostility arose because leaders in the organisation were actuated by communist ideas but because membership increased and with that the strength of the organisation also increased.

With regard to the attitude of the British Trade Union Congress Mr. Dange stated that it supported their 1928-29 general strike and that the International Federation of Trade Union gave a donation of sympathy in the sum of Rs. 15,000 through Mr. N. M. Joshi. The political philosophy of the British Trade Union Congress in its relation to India was well-known. It condemned the "Independence" resolution of the Indian National Congress and supported the Federal scheme for India. But that was a different matter.

STANDARDISATION SCHEME

Replying to a further question Mr. Dange stated that they had no quarrel with the Millowners' Association on the scheme of general standardisation, but that it would begin only on the question of standardisation of rates.

Asked whether a scheme of standardisation enforced at present in Ahmedabad by which 1/3 of the workers would stand to get an increase in their wages, 1/3 to remain on the same level and the rest to get less, would be acceptable to the workers in Bombay, Mr. Dange replied in the negative.

UNIFORM SCHEME OF WAGES

Pointing out that similar Committees had been set up in U. P. and Madras when Mr. Dange put forward a tentative proposal that the Bombay Committee should move in the matter of arriving at a uniform scheme of standardisation of wages for workers in the Textile Mills, the Chairman replied that the Committee could not do so, although he thought the suggestion to be a good one. It was upto them to approach proper authrities for bringing about a common committee sittings so that an uniform scheme might be devised.

Mr. Dange observed that he had learnt that the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress proposed to take uniform measures in industrial matters in Congress Provinces, and if that was so, he might have to communicate to his central organisation to do the needful in the matter.

The Chairman thought that that the suggestion might take a practical form after all the reports of the different committees were out. The proper thing for them would be to ask their central organisation to move in the matter after the reports were out.

ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE

Asked whether the Committee would decide in the immediate future anything about standardisation of wages, the Chairman replied that it would be done, as soon as an agreed solution between the Millowners' Association and the Labour Representatives was arrived at. The Chairman had asked the Millowners' Association to supply the Committee with some statistics and a scheme based on wages and rates. Then they would have a Conference of the representatives of the Association and the Labour representatives, and then they would have to see whether they could have any agreed solution. The Committee hoped to get the scheme in a few days and it hoped to bring the representatives of the two groups together before the Committee proceeded on tour.

PROF. DAVAR'S EVIDENCE.

**Prof. Davar in the course of his** written memorandum submitted to the Committee described a "living wage" standard as a standard arrived at, embracing the necessaries of life plus certain amenities, at the same time having in mind the condition of labour of a particular denomination. It should be a wage which would work as an incentive to workmen The living wage when paid to an educated workman would be utilised for healthy living, but when it was paid to backward labour, it was wasted on vice. The illiterate worker when paid a higher wage might take comfort in taking holidays or absenting himself from work. That would defeat the very object with which a living wage was given.

HOW TO FIX LIVING WAGE.

In fixing a living wage standard, a family may be calculated on the footing of the workman himself, his wife and two children. Prof. Davar opined that education, medical relief and insurance should not be included in the calculation of any wage, but instead, it should be made compulsory on the Millowners either as a body or separately to make provision for these three amenities. As to holidays, he thought, that two weeks in the year should be allowed in addition to Sundays. He thought it unjustifiable to include in the worker's wage the item of repayment of interest on debts.

MINIMUM WAGE.

Prof. Davar suggested that the Government should appoint local committees at different centres to fix a minimum wage and to alter it in accordance with the condition of the industry.

PROFIT-SHARING SCHEME.

On the question of restricting dividends, he thought that it was impracticable, in view of the fact that industrial capital was attracted largely through the hope of the investor making a profit not only on the return of income by way of dividends but also through a rise in the capital value of his investment. A fixation of maximum dividends would destroy that incentive. As an alternative, he suggested the provision of a reasonable profit-sharing scheme by which labour could be made to share in the prosperity of the industry.

ORAL EXAMINATION.

In the course of his oral examination, Prof. Davar made a distinction between a minimum wage and a living wage. Answering questions put by the Chairman, he pointed out that a minimum wage was what was just enough to exist. A living wage was something higher and must include certain amenities. A living wage could not be uniform for all classes. There would have to be different wage standards according to different strata of society. A living wage standard could be arrived at for each centre, without any all-India inquiry.

When Mr. V. L. Mehta was asking certain questions regarding representations made by the Shareholders' Association, of which body Prof. Davar is the President, Mr. S. D. Saklatwala objected that he could not answer those questions, as he was not representing the Shareholders' Association. The Chairman pointed out that if he had no objection to answer any question, he might to do so, and the answers would be treated as his private opinions and not the views of the Shareholders' Association.

Speaking as a student of business organisation Prof. Davar could not say that there was any unhealthy competition between the mills either in point of production or sale of cloth.

When Mr. Gadgil drew the attention of Mr. Davar to the fact that the patriarchal system of payment in kind was abolished by the English "Truck Acts" because they were liable to abuses, Prof. Davar said that such abuses could be prevented by legislation.

Answering questions put by Mr. Brelvi Prof. Davar said that it was only a class of workers that was overpaid. Nor did all workers waste their savings in vice. Prof. Davar did not think that if a man took a peg of whisky, it could be called a vice.

DIFFERENT WAGE STANDARDS

Answering questions put by Mr. S. D. Saklatvala, Prof. Davar said that unless there was a different wage standard for different occupations, there would be no incentive work. Minimum wage should be only fixed when the existing wage level was very low. He had no objection to its being done on an all-India basis.

To a suggestion made by Mr. K. K. Desai that a patriarchal system presupposed a patriarchal heart and what the employers had not done during the past many years, they could not be expected to do voluntarily, Prof. Davar stated that at present the Trade Unions were stronger than the employers. He pleaded that Millowners should be given a chance to do things voluntarily.

**Dr. Gajjar, 12th Dictator, and Rao Saheb Dr. Lallobhai Shah, a millionaire, who are defying Rajkot ban on meetings but not yet arrested.**

# PEASANTS' REPLY TO RAJKOT THAKUR

## Thirty Thousand Attend Conference And Demand Responsible Govt.

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Dec. 15.

**Sjt. Nawagarwalla Ranchodbhai, President of the Khedut Sammelan (Peasants' Sabha), was arrested by the police this evening, sequel to a demonstration by 30,000 peasants.**

### *HARTAL IN RAJKOT*

**Business throughout the City has been completely suspended in protest and all educational institutions under private management have been closed.**

The demonstrations consisted of a huge procession attended by 3,000 farmers from many outlying villages, who paraded through the principal thoroughfares shouting national slogans.

The procession terminated at the Azad Chowk where 30,000 farmers were assembled to participate in the Conference.

CONFERENCE DEMAND

The Peasants' Conference terminated after adopting six resolutions, demanding Responsible Government, condemning misrule, autocracy and affirming their loyalty to the Rajkot Praja Parishad.

One of the resolutions also criticised the breach of faith with the Parishad and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel involved in the notification issued by the Dewan.

Before the Conference concluded Sjts. Chotalal Pattani and Chotalal Shah, advocates, were arrested.

To-day Mrs. Bhakti Laxmi Desai, Darbar Gopaldas' wife, arrived here and took part in the procession. Darbar Gopaldas is expected to come here within a few days.

HARTAL ON FRIDAY

Owing to the cloth merchant, Mr. Chhotalal Pattani's arrest, the Cloth Market has decided to observe "hartal" to-morrow and Oil Bazar is expected to follow suit.

JAMSAHEB'S RETURN

It is reported H.H. the Jamsahib is returning to Jamnagar on 19th from Delhi and is expected to attend the Rajkumar College Council's meeting to be held on the 20th instant here.

Sir P. Cadell has returned from Morvi. The Agency Resident, Mr. Gibson, will return from Morvi on the 18th instant.

### Further Concessions

After examining the report of the Special Duty Revenue Officer, the Thakoresaheb has announced that he will be able to give reduction amounting to about 15 per cent. in payments, in cash and kind, made by cultivators of the State, inclusive of concession already announced.

Sangitbhaskar Vasant has joined Rajkot fight and probably he will start by to-day's mail for Bombay where he will arrange Sangit Jalsa in benefit of Rajkot Praja Parishad.

In Chibda police arrested Patel Bawabhai Kalabhai of Chibhda and Patel Bhurabhai Dewji of Kankot for taking part in Parishad's activities.

### *BOMBAY'S SYMPATHY FOR RAJKOT STRUGGLE*

"Through suffering the people of Rajkot have found their voice; through endurance of hardship and persecution they have attained heroism," declared Mrs. Lilavati Munshi addressing a huge gathering at Dana Bunder on Thursday night. The meeting was arranged by the Kathiawar Praja Parishad to observe the "Rajkot Day." Mr. Nagindas Master presided.

Continuing she said that the independence of India could not be achieved by the struggles of people carried on in isolated parts. It had to be considered as a single and unified struggle, and as such, the struggle of the States' people was an integral part of the freedom movement of all India.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master said that on the Rajkot issue would be settled the fate of other State subjects who were carrying on similar agitation to achieve Responsible Government.

Mr. Ranchhoddas Patwari, ex-Dewan of Morvi and other States, said that, as a resident of Rajkot, he had been a personal witness to the mal-administration of the State and said that the Thakore Sahib had been reduced to a figurehead and the real power was the Dewan, Sir Patrick Cadell. There was a top-heavy administration and the people had no voice. Any individual or organisation that dared to raise a voice of protest was ruthlessly suppressed.

Other speakers also addressed the meeting.

### *WOMEN'S BIT FOR RAJKOT*

Speeches congratulating the subjects of the Rajkot State on their heroic struggle to secure Responsible Government in the State and assuring them of the whole-hearted support of the citizens of Bombay were delivered at the Napoo Hall, Matunga, on Thursday night. Sjt. Bhavanji Arjun Khimji, M.L.A. presided.

The Chairman gave the political background of the Rajko struggle and observed that it was a question of securing Responsible Government not only for the subjects of the Rajkot State but also for those of the other States in India.

Mrs. Gangaben Patel, in an impassioned speech referred to the heroic part which the women of Rajkot were playing in the cause of Responsible Government. The history of the struggle, she observed, deserved to be written in letters of gold. The Rajkot Day which was being observed in the city, was intended to mark the awakening of the State subjects to a consciousness that they deserved Responsible Government. It was not a question of Rajkot alone. The problems were identical in the rest of "Indian India."

Sir P. Cadell had no right to stand between the ruler and his subjects whose demands for Responsible Government were just.

She referred to the sufferings of Miss Maniben Patel and others in the cause of the State subjects.

Prof. Chaya, Mr. B. N. Maheswari and Mr. Mavji Govindji Seth also explained the significance of the Rajkot Day.


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# Frontier Govt.'s Economy Campaign

## Move To Abolish Special Pay & Allowances Of Officers

PESHAWAR, Dec. 14.

It is understood that the question of abolition of special pays and allowances of some of the officers is under consideration of the Frontier Government.

The abolition will not be of general character but only such allowances and special pays will be touched which the Ministry considers unnecessary to continue. Those cases which are not within the purview of the Government will be referred to the Secretary of State.

It will be recalled that during the Autumn Session of the Frontier Assembly a question was asked as to the steps the Government had taken to give effect to the proposal to abolish or reduce special pays and allowances to which Dewan Bhanju Ram Gandhi, Finance Minister, replied that the matter was under consideration of the Government.

The question of abolition of Lambardars throughout the Province is also receiving attention of the Frontier Government.—A.P.

## Governor To Inaugurate Historians' Meeting

POONA: Dec. 14.

Eminent historians from all parts of India, numbering over fifty, will assemble in Poona on December 16 and 17 on the occasion of the 15th annual meeting of the Indian Historical Records Commission which will be held at the Council Hall, Poona.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay will open the meeting at 12.15 p.m. on December 16, while Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Secretary to the Government of India, for Education Health and Lands, the ex-Officio President of the Commission, is expected to arrive here to preside over the meeting.

As many as twenty-five interesting papers on incidents and phases of Indian history will be read at the meeting by men who have made special study and research in Indian history.

The visiting historians will have a busy programme while in Poona including an inspection of the Peshwas Daftar and a visit to the Itihasa Mandal, Poona and visits to places of historical interest in this capital of the Peshwas.

## SPLIT IN PUNJAB SOCIALIST PARTY

LAHORE, Dec. 14.

A rift has occurred in the Punjab Congress Socialist Party.

Trouble was brewing since the annual elections of the party held at Lyallpur. A section of the party challenged their validity holding that they were unconstitutional. This led to disagreement among the party which has been accentuated by the disbanding of the Lahore Socialist Party and also expulsion of two of its prominent members by the Provincial body.—A.P.

## MANDALAY BAN LIFTED

RANGOON,

The Government of Burma has issued a Gazette Extraordinary withdrawing the application of Section 7 of the Burma Criminal Law Amendment Act from Mandalay.

The Government enforced Section 7 in Mandalay on November 4, when assaults and affrays began to occur as the result of the boycott campaign launched by the Burmans.—A.P.

## Clash In Karnatak Village

HUBLI, December, 14.

The election propaganda for the forthcoming District Local Board elections in Dharwar on December 17 between rival Congress and non-Congress candidates resulted yesterday in clashes, leading to a bonfire of Khadi caps and assault on Congress volunteers and stone-throwing on persons wearing Gandhicaps at a big fair at Halkeri, wires the President of the Naregal Congress to the Associated Press. He adds that the Home Minister has been informed by wire and police are investigating. A. P.

## VIGILANCE REWARDED

### Used Postal Stamps And Wrappers

A man, whose name had better be kept in the dark, started a systematic illegal use of wrappers bearing previously used stamps. For a long time he was successful Mr Chandgi Ram, Sub-Postmaster, Ballagarn detected the fraud which led to the conviction of the offender Mr Chandgi Ram has been rewarded Rs. 25 by the Director General.

Mr. Abdul Rahman Postmaster, Jullundur has been awarded a sum of Rs. 25 and a commendation certificate by the Jullundur Police, in recognition of the valuable assistance rendered to them leading to the arrest of an absconder.

Messrs Nazmuddin Pramanik Packer Bowra Head Post Office and Raghunath Rango Wani, extra-departmental branch postmaster, Nhavi Branch Office, East Khandesh, have been awarded Rs. 5 each for the intelligent detection of a case of systematic illegal use of previously used stamps, leading to the conviction of the offenders.

## Indian Science Congress

Arrangements for the twenty-sixth session of the Indian Science Congress Association, which will be held from January 2 to January 8. 1939, at Lahore are nearing completion.

The session will be opened by His Excellency Sir Herbert William Emerson, Governor of the Punjab, who is the patron of the meeting. Prof. J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc., F.N.I., Head of the Department of Chemistry, Dacca University, will preside.

New Delhi.—The Malayan Indian Delegation reaches India by the end of January next. The object of the Delegation is to acquaint the India Government with the difficulties the labourers in Malaya are experiencing as a result of reduction in the wages.

## KEMAL ATATURK

(Continued from page 6)

field of education. In spite of heavy pressure of multifarious duties he himself acted as a teacher, went from village to village giving lessons to the young and the old in the new Latin script which he substituted for the Turkish script with a view to accelerating the speed of literacy in the country. The scheme as designed by him proved a huge success with the result that to-day there is hardly a single illiterate person in the whole of Turkey. He accomplished this miracle in spite of depleted treasury but his earnestness, zeal and energy born of inner conviction surmounted all the obstacles in his way.

Another revolutionary measure introduced under the direct inspiration of Kemal was the unification of public instruction, and accordingly all the old 'madresas' and theological colleges endowed with pious trusts "were suppressed as such and were made dependencies of the lay Ministry of Public Instruction and their trust revenue was incorporated into the budget of that department". The trust moneys were before this mostly squandered by their trustees on uses other than education, but the new Turkish Government very wisely saved those crores of rupees from being ruined. Some 'madresas' and colleges where religious instruction is imparted still flourish but only under the patronage of the State and it is these institutions which turn out Khatibs, Imams Maulavis, etc. This experiment is worth giving a trial in India where thousands of pious trusts exist but are mostly mismanaged. Will our Provincial Governments move in the matter?

### Stern And Ruthless

Kemal was a man of stern and ruthless disposition as can be proved from the wholesale executions of all those persons, big and small, who were found involved in a conspiracy to oust his Government from power. He did not lose any time in sending them all to the gallows long before foreign powers could usefully intercede on their behalf. The same fate awaited Mustafa Saghir, an Indian Musalman who talked Turkish in the style of a true Turk and who had gone to Angora from Egypt, in order to make an end of Kemal's life. This little Mustafa made, at the time of death, a voluntary confession of his designs and begged to be forgiven in this world lest any punishment be visited upon him in the life to come.

### Hope Of Asia

But Kemal's most wonderful work lay in that he unified the entire nation into one compact whole, strong fearless mighty, proud of its past heritage. He infused the spirit of love of religion and love of country into the minds of the Turks and made them all "engines of energy" to be spent in the service of the Fatherland. With his driving enthusiasm "he galvanised the simple Turkish soldiers with a new courage. They were ready to follow him to hell". Such was the tremendous influence he wielded over them. He taught them never to be slaves but to remain independent for all times to come. The occupation of European Turkey, the seat of the Turkish Government, by the Allies after the Armistice, was extremely galling to his soul, and ultimately he succeeded "in chasing them out of Turkey, bag and baggage". He tore the Treaty of Sevres with the point of his bayonet and afterwards secured honourable terms from the Allies in the shape of Lausanne Treaty. He made his countrymen proud of being Turks.

He was the hope of Turkey, of Asia and of Islam. From his death-bed utterances it becomes quite clear that the teachings of Islam were ingrained in his heart, and that he cherished a great love and reverence for the Prophet, in spite of all the rubbish the author of "Grey Wolf" has tried to heap on him. He was a true Muslim at heart; he being a brave Turk could not be otherwise.

Mustafa Kemal is dead, but his work will endure. His band of selfless and zealous supporters and associates like Ismet, Fevzi, Kara Bekir and others, will continue the noble mission for which Kemal lived and died, for in it alone lies the salvation not only of Turkey but also of all the neighbouring States.

The world has become poorer by the sad demise of this "deep-hearted" and brave son of Anatolia who at one time was able even to defy the combined might of Europe, whose life from start to finish was like a romance and who worked with the conviction of a prophet for the good of his country and the East. May the soul of this Pride of Islam rest in ever-lasting peace and may his name be a continuous source of inspiration to the East in general and Turkey and other Islamic countries in particular!

## INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| **GOVT SECURITIES** | |
| 3 1/2 per cent Paper | 98/1 |
| 4 per cent 1960-70 | 111/4 |
| 5 per cent 1945-55 | 116 |
| **BANKS.** | |
| Bank of Baroda | 115/4 |
| Bank of Hindusthan | 31/12 |
| Bank of India | 148/8 |
| Central Bank | 29/14 |
| Imperial Bank F.P. | 1570 |
| Imperial Bank P.P. | 383/12 |
| Indian Overseas Bank | 45/8 |
| Reserve Bank | 115/8 |
| Union Bank | 5/11/6 |
| **TEXTILES.** | |
| Ahmd. New Textiles | 49/8 |
| Ambica | 238/12 |
| Arun | 223/12 |
| Arvind | 1265 |
| Asok | 216/4 |
| Bharatkhand | 2500 |
| Bombay Dyeing | 876/4 |
| Buckhingham and Carnatics | 15 |
| Calico | 609/6 |
| Central India | 238/4 |
| Century | 242/8 |
| Colaba | 143/12 |
| Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills | 415 |
| Elgin | 212/8 |
| Gokak | 153/2 |
| Hukumchand | 168/2 |
| Indore | 55 |
| Jubilee | 205/10 |
| Khatau Makanji | 117/8 |
| Kohinoor | 260/10 |
| Laxmi Cotton | 520 |
| Madhusudan | 200 |
| Marsden | 100 |
| Morarji | 135 |
| Mysore | 88/12 |
| Nandlal Bhandari | 7/4 |
| New Great | 216/4 |
| Raipur | 695 |
| Rajnagar | 212/8 |
| Saijan | 87/8 |
| Sassoon and Alliance | 71 |
| Sholapur | 3225 |
| Simplex | 76/14 |
| Swadeshi | 219/6 |
| Vishnu | 1250 |
| **HYDRO ELECTRICS.** | |
| Andhra Valley Ord. | 1410 |
| Tata Hydro Ord. | 155/10 |
| Tata Power Ord. | 1302/8 |
| **ELECTRICS.** | |
| Ahmedabad Electrics | 140 |
| Ajmer Electrics | 12/8 |
| Amalgamated | 12/6 |
| Bombay Suburban | 148/12 |
| Bombay Tram. | 123/12 |
| Surat Electrics | 172/8 |
| **MISCELLANEOUS.** | |
| Alcock Ashdown | 339/6 |
| Associated Cements | 108/8 |
| Belapur | 186/14 |
| Bombay Burma New | 180 |
| Bombay Burma Old | 520 |
| Bombay Steam | 212/8 |
| Bombay Telephone | 82 |
| Br B. Petrol | 3/9 |
| Burma Corporation | 5/15 |
| Dalmia Cement | 9/12 |
| Indian Bleaching | 124/8 |
| Industrial Investment Tr. | 41/6 |
| Indian Radio Ord. | 385/10 |
| Indian Radio Defd. | 390 |
| Indian Copper | 2/3 |
| Indian Iron | 29/10 |
| Mysore Sugar | 30 |
| Port Canning XD. | 70/4 |
| Premier Construction | 65/4 |
| Rohtas Industries | 25/12 |
| Scindia Steam | 17/14 |
| Shivrajpur | 49/12 |
| Tata Oil | 48 |
| Tata Steel Ordy | 314 |
| Tata Steel Defd. | 1505 |
| **JUTES.** | |
| Birla Jute | 14/12 |
| Howrah | 49/10 |
| Hukumchand | 5/10 |
| Kamarhatty | 460 |
| Kankinarrah | 348 |
| Lawrence | 338 |
| Reliance | 57/8 |

## BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts from 1st September to 8th Dec. 1938 (By Rail and Sea) | 361,669 | |
| Receipts from 1st September to 8th Dec. 1938 (By Road estimated) | 32,500 | 594,169 |
| Same time previous season (By Rail and Sea) | | 226,974 |
| Exports from 1st September to 8th Dec. 1938 | 1938 | 1937 |
| United Kingdom | 7,239 | 3,104 |
| Continent | 50,124 | 44,331 |
| China | 15,905 | 22,332 |
| Japan | 288,599 | 42,388 |
| Coast Ports | 10,593 | 22,028 |
| U.S.A. | ..... | ..... |
| | 372,460 | 134,163 |
| Total exports by rail, 1st Sept. to 8th Dec. 1938 | | 84,892 |
| Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept. to 8th Dec. 1938 | | 240,148 |
| Same period last year | | 223,103 |
| Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 8th Dec 1938 | | 597,240 |
| Same time last year | | 527,453 |

**KARACHI STATISTICS.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Total receipts of cotton from Up-country from 1st Sept to 1st Dec. 1938 | 411,358 |
| Same time previous season | 270,663 |
| Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept. to 24th Nov. 1938 | 209,806 |
| Same time previous year | 117,406 |

**LONDON SEEDS**

London, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton Dec. sellers | 10/18/9 |
| Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton Dec. sellers | 12/8/9 |
| Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton Dec. sellers | 12/13/9 |
| Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. c.i.f. ton Dec/Jan. sellers | 11/10/0 |
| Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Dec/Jan. sellers | 11/0/0 |

## BURMA CORPORATION LTD.

Bawdwin Mine. During the month of November 1938, 40,097 tons of ore were mined. 34,900 tons of Ore were milled in the Treatment Plant producing 12,601 tons of Leady Concentrates.

11,022 tons of Lead-bearing material, including 355 tons of High Grade Ore were smelted in the Blast Furnaces, producing 6,240 tons Hard Lead for treatment in the Refinery.

Refinery Products were:—

6,575 tons Refined Lead.

480,000 ounces Refined Silver.

Experimental Zinc Plant produced 4,766 tons Zinc Concentrates, assaying 6.47 ounces of Silver, 2.77 per cent Lead, 58.7 per cent Zinc.

In addition to the above 500 tons Copper Matte were produced from the treatment of accumulated smelter by-products and 5,224 tons Copper Ore.

100 tons of Refined Antimonial Lead and 255 tons Speiss were also produced.

## BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Dec 15

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. December 96 February 96 April 97

Yarn No. 10 1/2s. December 106 February 106 April 107

Yarn No. 20 1/2s. December 144 February 145 April 145

Yarn No. 40s. December 222 February 223 April 224

**LINSEED OIL**

London, Dec. 14.

Linseed Oil London per cwt. naked Dec sellers ..... 22/9

Linseed Oil London per cwt. naked Jan/Apr. sellers ..... 22/6

**LONDON RUBBER**

London, Dec. 14.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. sellers ..... 8 1/8 unchanged

**LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.**

London, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent | £72 1/2 |
| Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 | £75 3/4 |
| Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later. | £89 3/4 |
| Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 | £111 1/2 |
| Consols 2 1/2 per cent | £70 1/8 |
| Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 | £98 1/4 |
| War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 | £98 |
| Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 | £107 7/8 |
| Victory Bonds | £107 |
| Chartered Bank of I.A. and China | £9 1/4 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg. | £79 1/2 |
| National Bank of India | £33 |
| P and O Banking Corporation | £9 3/4 |

LIFE in DANGER!
If you saw this happen you would say "Certain death!"
LIFE IS THREATENED EVERY TIME YOU TOUCH DUST OR DIRT!
DISEASE GERMS
27 DISEASES CAN BE CARRIED INTO YOUR HOME BY GERMS IN ORDINARY DUST!
HOW CAN YOU PROTECT YOURSELF FROM DISEASE DANGER?
The lather of Lifebuoy Soap contains a special health element. It washes away the germs as well as the dirt. This safe, antiseptic cleansing is a strong safeguard of health. Use Lifebuoy regularly!
LIFEBUOY SOAP
PROTECTS HEALTH
MADE IN INDIA FROM PURE VEGETABLE OILS ONLY
Now in the NEW carton containing two handy size tablets.
LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

It drives away
CATARRHS
COUGHS
COLDS
GRIMAULT's SYRUP of Hypophosphite of Lime
Insist upon
GRIMAULT'S SYRUP
The health of both parents and children are endangered every year by three very common enemies: COLDS, COUGHS and CATARRHS. They should not be left to develop and grow more frequent because they easily lead the way to tuberculosis, a deadly disease.
The well balance composition of GRIMAULT SYRUP proves to be not only a reliable and efficient remedy, but it should be given also to all children as a preventive and a Tonic. It will strengthen their lungs.

# Latest Commercial News

## NEW YORK COTTON THREE POINTS UP

## Gilt-Edgeds Finished At The Best Of Date

### SILVER STEADY

BOMBAY, Dec. 15.

NEW YORK COTTON

Owing to higher Eastern cables New York Cotton presented better sentiment. The improved trade demand gave further fillip to prices. Later, higher levels attracted liquidation and profit taking.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

With favourable undertone markets seemed quiet. Home Industrials were firmer whereas Oils and Internationals were steady to firm.

BULLION

London gold price was lower by 4d. as sterling showed some improvement.

Silver lost about a penny as some speculative activity was in evidence.

## COTTON

### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1939

New York, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 8.20 |
| To-day's opening | 8.28 |
| Difference | +08 |
| To-day's closing | 8.23 |
| Difference | +03 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1939

Liverpool, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.71 |
| To-day's opening | 4.72 |
| Difference | +01 |
| To-day's closing | 4.73 |
| Difference | +02 |

BROACH EXPECTATION

| | |
|---|---|
| April May 1938 | Rs. 158-0 |
| July August | Rs. 159-0 |

### N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Dec 15

The New York cotton exhibited decidedly better sentiment to-day following higher Eastern cables while the unexpected trade demand gave further fillip to prices, which displayed generally higher tendency.

The trading in March commenced at 8.25 i.e. eight points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying influenced by encouraging overseas advices, but higher levels attracted increased liquidation and profit-taking with the price receding to 8.24.

### BOMBAY COTTON
#### Late Trading

Bombay, Dec 15

The trading in Broach April/May commenced at Rs. 158-6 and then the price advanced to Rs. 158-12 in sympathy with better advices from New York. However, the market closed lower with Broach quoting at Rs. 158-2.

### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec 15

The following were the opening ranges:—

January (8.13/8.13) 8.32/8.32
March (8.11/8.10) 8.28/8.27
May (7.90/7.99) 8.07/8.07

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec 15

American January (4.65) 4.75
American March (4.63) 4.73
Egyptian January (7.15) 7.24
Egyptian March (7.10) 7.19

### LONDON COMMODITIES

TEAS

London, Dec 15

There were no Tea sales to-day.

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop December January (£19 sellers) £19 1/8 paid and value

Dundee December (£22 sellers) £22 sellers.

Lightning December (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (8 paid and value) 8 1/16 paid and buyers

Forward February (8 1/16 paid and value) 8 1/8 paid and sellers

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay December January (£11 sellers) £11 sellers

Linseed La Plata December (£12 7/16 sellers) £12 9/16 sellers

Linseed La Plata December (£10 15/16 sellers) £11 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal January (£10 3/16 paid) £10 1/4 sellers

METALS

Tin (£214 buyers £214 1/4 sellers. Quiet) £215 1/4 buyers £215 1/2 sellers. Very steady.

Lead £(14 5/8 buyers £14 11/16 sellers. Steady) £15 1/8 buyers £15 3/16 sellers.

Electrolytic Copper (£48 1/2 to £49 1/2) £49 to £50

Iron (112) 112

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT
#### Closing Quotations

Liverpool, Dec 15

The closing quotation for December is 56 1/8d. The previous close was 55 7/8d.

## EXCHANGES

### CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.67 3/16 |
| To-day's opening | 4.67 13/16 |
| At the time of New York cotton closing | 4.67 7/8 |

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.67.28 |
| To-day's opening | 4.67.06 |
| To-day's closing | 4.67.81 |

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 177.75 |
| To-day's opening | 177.75 |
| To-day's closing | 177.62 |

### LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Dec 15

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.67.06 then rose to 4.67.65 and subsequently reacted to 4.67.12 on lack of further support.

Franc opened at 177.75 and then appreciated slightly to 177.72, otherwise movements were restricted.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 29/32) 1-5 29/32
Paris on Bombay (13.256) 13.257
New York on Bombay (34.85) 34.89
Berlin on Bombay (86 3/4) 86 7/8
London on Milan (88.70) 88.87
London on Shanghai (0-8 1/8 nominal) 0-8 1/8 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-9-0) £7-8-8
Silver (20 1/8d.) 20 1/16d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (15/16 to 1 per cent) 15/16 to 1 per cent.
4 months (15/16 to 15/16 per cent) 15/16 to 15/16 per cent
6 months (15/16 to 15/16 per cent) 15/16 to 15/16 per cent

### LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Dec 15

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay to-night:—

"Speculators bought and sold. Small business. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot | (20 1/8d) 20 1/16—1/16 |
| Forward | (19 9/16d) 19 7/16—1/8 |

LONDON GOLD

London, Dec 15

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-9-0) £7-8-8

### BOMBAY BULLION
#### Latest Quotations

Bombay, Dec 15

SILVER

| | |
|---|---|
| Silver ready | 50 15 0 |
| Silver Posh | 50 13 6 |
| Silver Mah | 50 12 6 |

GOLD

| | |
|---|---|
| Gold ready | 37 6 0 |
| Gold Posh | 37 6 3 |
| Gold Mah | 37 6 6 |
| Sovereign | 23 14 0 |

### WHEAT AND LINSEED
#### Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat January | 4 5 9 |
| Wheat May | 3 6 3 |
| Linseed May | 5 3 0 |

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Dec 15

Liverpool wheat opened steady with December at 56d. After the early inactivity prices improved on covering purchases coupled with less pressure of Australians.

### CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Dec 15

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.64 1/2. The market was fairly active on scattered purchases influenced by steadier overseas cables with the price later rising to 0.64 5/8.

## 3½% GOVT PAPER
### Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec 15

3 1/2 per cent. Government Paper closed at Rs. 98/2 at 5 p.m.

### INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Dec 15

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £89 3/8.

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Tuesday, December 6, £89 3/4
Wednesday, December 7 £90
Thursday, December 8, £89 3/4
Friday, December 9, £89 1/2
Monday, December 12, £89 3/8
Tuesday, December 13, £89 3/4
Wednesday, December 14, £89 3/4

### INDIAN LOANS

London, Dec 15
4-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£98 1/4) £98 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£89 1/2) £89 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£115 1/4) £115 1/4
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£106) £106
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945/59 (£101 1/4) £101 1/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/58 (£102 1/8) £102 1/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£70 1/8) £70 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/4) £98 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 5/8) £102 5/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£107 7/8) £107 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£98) £98 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£107 1/8) £107 1/8

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Dec 15

The London Stock Exchange was quiet but steady.

Giltedged securities came under some pressure. Three and half per cent. was quoted at £89 1/2 i.e. five shillings lower than last closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (16-3) 16-7 1/2
Motors and Spencer Ordinary (55-7 1/2) 55-7 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/4) dol 4 1/4
Elec Music Industry (11-0) 11-0
Princhin Johnson (24-1 1/2) 23-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical (30-6) 30-6
Woolsworth New Ordinary (57-4 1/2) 58
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£19) £19
Unilever Ordinary (36-3) 36-3
Ford Motors (17) 17
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£35 1/2) £36 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (98-1 1/2) 99-4 1/2
Carreas A (£8 3/8) £8 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (130) 130
P and O. S N. Company Deferred (20-9) 21-7 1/2
Distillers (89) 89-6
Bredford Dyes (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-6) 3-6
J and P Coates Ordinary (35-1 1/2) 35-1 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (28-4 1/2) 28-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-3) 2-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (22-6) 22-6
Inter Nickels (dol 57 7/8) dol 58 3/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (45-0) 45-0

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (16-6) 16-6
Donaro Tea (36-10 1/2) 36-10 1/2
Empire of India (23-9) 23-1 1/2

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-0) 25-6
Gula Kelampong (20-0) 20-7 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (27-0) 27-7 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (40-0) 39-4 1/2
Burma Corporation (8-9) 8-9
Rio Tintos (£13 7/8) £14 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (53-9) 53-9
Rand Mines (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 1/8) £16 1/8
Associated Portland Cement (68-1 1/2) 68-1 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (90-7 1/2) 89-4 1/2
Sub Nigel (£11 7/8) £11 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (31-3) 31-3
Union Corporation (£8) £8 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (20-7 1/2) 21-3
Anglo Iranian (90-0) 89-4 1/2
Burma Oil (83-9) 83-9
Mexican Eagle (5-3) 5-3
Shell Transport (80) 81-10 1/2
Royal Dutch (£36 5/8) £37

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£28) £28
London Midland and Ordinary (£12 3/4) £12 3/4
London North Eastern Def. (£2 1/4) £2 1/4
Southern Def (£12 3/4) £12 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£118) £118 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£75) £75

### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Dec 15

General Motors (dol 49 1/2) dol 50 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 34 1/8) dol 35 1/8
U S Common New Stock (dol 64 3/8) dol 66 7/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) dol 118 3/8

## LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
### Improvement On Account Of Better Crop Outlook

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec 15

On the Stock Exchange activity was somewhat restricted by end-of-account influences. Nevertheless prices in most groups improved particularly South American Bonds and Rails in response to better crop outlook. Giltedged securities finished at day's best while internationals were firm with Wall Street and foreign exchanges markets steady.

A stream of bear covering prior to year-end imparted a firm undertone to sterling in terms of dollar.

Wall Street opened firm.

## CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE
### Indian Irons Easier

CALCUTTA, Dec 15

Jutes ruled quiet and the speculative leader experienced a drop of Re. 1 over yesterday's closing figure. The volume of business was also very much restricted. Easier feeling was also noticed in Coals section to-day. As for instance Bengal came down to Rs. 337 New Beerbhoom to Rs. 17/4; Deoli to Rs. 2/4 and Union to Rs. 24/6. Teas were practically neglected

Miscellaneous: In spite of better advices from America the chief leader Indian Irons again displayed an easier movement from the very opening of the market to-day. Other speculative issued remained more or less in their former position. Government securities were steady.

The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three and half per cent paper 98/4; three and half per cent loan (1947/50) 105/2; four per cent loan (1960/70) 111/2 xi; five per cent loan (1939/44) 101/8 small lot; three per cent up (1952) 99/6 small lot; three per cent N W F P (1052) 98/6 small lot; three per cent N P (1952) 99/6 small lot.

Cotton: Dunbar ord 158/8; Kesoiram 6/6.

Coals: Bengal 340; Churulia 1/6; Deoli 7/4; Equitable 35; New Beerbhoom 17/8; Pench Valley 31 small lot; Seebpore 20 prem; Union 24/6.

Jutes: Anglo India 295; Bally 151; Clive 21/4; Hooghly 42/4; Howrah 49/2; Kamarhatty 453; National 19/8 small lot New Central 253.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 5/14; Consolidated Tin 6/8; Indian Copper 2/2; Rhodesia Copper 1/9; Bengal Potteries 6/5; Dalmia Cement pref 99; Naikali and Chemical pref 118; Frank Ross 3/8; Britannia Eng 1/5; Indian Iron and Steel 29/9; Saran Eng 5/8; Steel Corpn ord 9/6; Pref 92/8 small lot; B I Corpn ord 3/2; Britannia Biscuits 8; Dunlop Rubber 1st Pref 136; 2nd Pref 101/8 small lot; Indian National Airways Prefd ordy 10/8; Indian Wood Products 24/8; New India Investment 29 disc ct; Publicity Society 7; Spences Hotel 2/14; Moola Oil as. 15; Titaghur Paper 2nd Pref 106/8 small lot; Midnapore Zemindary 73 small lot; Buland 14/4 c div; Carew and Co New 11/11 cum option; Punjab Sugar ord 192/8 c div; Raza 13/2 ex div.

Tea: Rutema 8/4;

Debentures: Three and a quarter per cent (1956/66) Howrah Bridge 103/2 small lot; five and half per cent (1915-30-40) Dalhousie Property 99 ct.—A. P.

## KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI, Dec 15

To-day's closing quotations:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sind Cotton January | 15 | 8 | 9 |
| March | 15 | 10 | 9 |
| Punjab January | 13 | 3 | 0 |
| March | 13 | 3 | 0 |
| Desi American January | 18 | 1 | 0 |
| March | 18 | 1 | 3 |
| Tone: Steady. | | | |
| Wheat December | 22 | 10 | 3 |
| January | 22 | 10 | 0 |
| March | 22 | 13 | 6 |
| July | 24 | 1 | 9 |
| Gram December | 28 | 14 | 0 |
| January | 28 | 11 | 0 |
| July | 24 | 14 | 6 |
| Toria December | 35 | 1 | 0 |
| February | 34 | 7 | 0 |
| March | 35 | 4 | 0 |
| Cottonseed January | 19 | 9 | 0 |
| March | 19 | 8 | 6 |

## MORE ORDNANCE FACTORIES?
### Chatfield Committee's Suggestions

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.

I understand the Chatfield Committee which has now returned to Delhi after completing the Frontier tour has very nearly finished the examination of witnesses and will leave this week for Calcutta.

The Committee as a whole has not been able to go to Dehra Dun but individual members paid short visits to acquaint themselves with the working of the Military Academy.

One problem which, according to talks here, the Committee is expected to study in Calcutta is to see how extension and coordination of manufacture of war materials can be secured in India. Though no official confirmation is available, I have reason to believe that the Committee is interesting itself in the problem of securing increased production within the country to meet the needs of Indian army and suggest a suitable centre or centres for more ordnance factories

The Sandhurst Committee is expected to start work on January. 16, and continue two weeks. About a dozen invitations are reported to have been sent to non-officials to serve on the Committee but replies are still being awaited.

## IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 9th December 1938.

| LIABILITIES | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| CAPITAL:— | | |
| Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs 500 each | 11,25,00,000 | |
| Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each | 11,25,00,000 | |
| Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid | 3,75,00,000 | |
| 1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid | 1 87,50,000 | 5,62,50,000 |
| Reserve liability of shareholders —Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares | 5,62,50,000 | |
| Reserve Fund | | 5,52,50,000 |
| Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other accounts | 32,35,90,000 | |
| Loans against securities per contra | | — |
| Acceptances for Constituents | | 3,25,000 |
| Sundries | | 1,09,06,000 |
| | Rupees | 94,63,21,000 |

| ASSETS | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| INVESTMENTS:— | | |
| Government securities | 51,34,20,000 | |
| Other Authorised Investments | 1,00,22,000 | 52,34,42,000 |
| ADVANCES:— | | |
| Loans | 8,18,97,000 | |
| Cash Credits and Overdrafts | 18,17,41,000 | |
| Bills discounted and purchased | 3,36,86,000 | 29,73,24,000 |
| Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra | | 3,25,000 |
| Dead Stock | | 1,91,73,000 |
| Sundries | | 92,16,000 |
| Bullion | | — |
| CASH:— | | |
| In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India | 5,72,53,000 | |
| Balances with other Banks | 3.95,88,000 | 9,68,41,000 |
| | Rupees | 94,63,21,000 |

## YARN BUYERS RELUCTANT
### Local Mills Inclined To Shade Prices

Bombay, Dec. 14.

The important event during the week has been the publication of the last American Cotton Bureau Report on Thursday the 8th inst. which proved to be a slightly bullish document but had practically no effect on cotton markets of the world. The yarn market has remained dull and featureless during the whole past week. Prices have remained practically unchanged in almost all kinds of yarns with a slight decline at the close on account of continued absence of satisfactory demand from almost all consuming centres. In case of Indian yarns local mills have not been able to make any forward sales of importance and although most of them are inclined to do so even by shading their prices to some extent, buyers are difficult to find. Stocks of Indian yarns have been increasing not only in the local market but also in upcountry centres and it is reported that the usual price cutting business by several upcountry mills has already started with a view to capture whatever business is available to them. As regards export markets the latest reports received by cables from far Eastern markets go to show that on account of the present Sino-Japanese developments in far Eastern consuming centres business has been practically at a standstill and prices have declined much further. Over and above this, political tension in Central Europe and uncertainty regarding the American Farm Bill Legislation have further depressed the yarn market. On the whole the future tendency is still downwards and even if cotton continues to remain steady any improvement in prices from the present level does not seem to be probable at least in the near future.

ENGLISH YARNS.

There is no special change to report in this class of yarns where position remains almost unchanged.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS.

Inspite of steady cotton and inspite of higher prices quoted by Japanese and Shanghai spinners, prices in the local market both for Japanese and Shanghai yarns have been gradually declining with a downward tendency at the close. Reports from all important consuming centres are not encouraging and offtake in the local market has been rather poor. In case of single and twofold grey yarns prices have remained rather steady, whereas in case of Mercerised yarns there has been a further decline in prices during the week probably due to large arrivals and limited offtake. Speculatives turnover in the local market is very restricted and is mostly confined to jobbers in as much as big dealers do not take any interest in the same at present. Sampin have remained steady in sympathy with cotton whereas Exchange has been showing hardening tendency.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS

Italian Syndicate prices have remained unchanged during the week. Demand from almost all consuming centres continues to remain moderate and prices in the local market have remained more or less unchanged with a slightly downward tendency. Stocks of Italian yarns have been steadily increasing due to regular and large arrivals by the incoming steamers. As regards Japanese yarns prices have remained unchanged with an uncertain tendency at the close. Stocks of Japanese yarns are not very large but owing to cheaper Italian qualities sales are very moderate. Fresh forward business with Japanese Spinners is yet limited probably due to comparatively much higher prices quoted by them as compared with Italian Syndicate rates. The future tendency continues to remain uncertain.

INDIAN YARNS.

There has been a good turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., in Indian yarns particularly in 10 1/2s and 20 1/2s where prices have declined to the extent of Re. 1 per bale with a steady tendency at the close. In case of 6 1/2s turnover is very limited whereas in 40s prices have a tendency to decline further. Inspite of steady cotton local mills are unable to make any sales for forward deliveries and hence no forward business of importance has resulted. The future tendency is uncertain.

# SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Dec 15

Anglo Iranian Oil ss British Trader of 2314 reg tons, Captain N Binkney arrived from Abadan with cargo of furnace and diesel oil.

B I S N ss Gamaria of 3232 reg tons Captain K C Le Berton arrived from Moulmein via Rangoon, Colombo and Malabar Coast Ports and Mangalore with rice, timber and general cargo.

B I S N ss Vita of 1955 reg tons, Captain F Harrison arrived from Karachi via Port Okha and Cutch Mandvi with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

J Finlay ss Clan Stuart of 3550 reg tons, Captain G Dunn sailed for London via Verawal, Porebunder, Port Okha and Bedi Bunder, Navlakhi and Cochin with local and same bottom cargo.

Scindia Steam ss Jalaganga of 3080 reg tons, Captain W Dry sailed for Tuticorin in water ballast.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 15-12-38.

S S Strathnaver (M M) for Aden, Portsund, Europe and American Ports via London.

S S Varsova (M M) for Persian Gulf Ports via Karachi.

S S Somali (M M) for Aden, Port Sudan, Europe and American Ports via London.

S S Binfield (M M) for Cutch and Kathiawar Coast Ports and Karachi.

S S Alavi (T M) for Karachi, Aden, Port Sudan, Red Sea Ports and Jeddah.

S S Baron Dechmont (Ralli Bros.) for Port Said for orders.

## STEAMERS IN DOCKS
### ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Dec 15

3 Mirzapore 4135 Karachi N F M M
4 Clan Stuart 3550 Kathiawar 15-12 J Finlay
6 Kidderpore 3263 London 18-12 M M
7 Cilicia 6577 Karachi 17-12 Anchor Line
9 Loch Lomond 3259 N F N F Grahams Trading.
14 Wartenfels 3766 Antwerp 17-12 L Edwards
15 Karanja 4646 Durban 21-12 M M
16 Lahore 3161 Kobe 16-12 M M
17 Col-di-Lana 3709 Massawa 16-12 L Triestino

### VICTORIA DOCK

2 Jalaganga 3020 Burma 15-12 Scindia S N
4 Vasna 2026 Busra 16-12 M M
9 Baron Vernon 2205 Hull 16-12 J Mackintosh
F Jalamani 2396 N F N F Scindia S N Aaglekerk 20-12-38 L Edwards

### PRINCE'S DOCK

C/R Ranee 3143 Rangoon 17-12 T Morrison
K Jalavijaya 2297 N F N F Scindia S N

### Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Strathaird 29-12-38 P and O
Saudan 30-12-38 P and O S N
Ranchi 5-1-39 P and O S N
Comorin 16-12-38 P and O S N
Nagpore 21-12-38 P and O S N
Rajputana 22-12-38 P and O S N

FROM HULL

City of Kobe 3-1-39 J Finlay

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Johannesburg 16-12-38 K Nixon
Britannia 13-1-39 Anchor Line
Clan Murray 19-12-38 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Goldenfels 23-12-38 L Edward
Aagtekerk 23-12-38 L Edwards
Trifels 19-12-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Simla 22-12-38 L Edwards
Ceylone 4-1-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Monroe 22-12-38 F F Campbell
City of Hereford 18-12-38 F F Campbell

FROM TRIESTE

Himalaya 17-12-38 L Triestino
Conte Rosso 19-12-38 L Triestino
Monte Piana 14-12-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Victoria 2-1-39 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Canton 24-12-38 P and O S N
Yeifuku Maru 7-1-39 O S Kaisya
Nagato Maru 14-12-39 N Y Kaisha
Malaca Maru 27-12-38 N Y Kaisha
Kawato Maru 5-12-38 O S K
Jademoor 14-12-38 O S Kaisha
Somali 19-12-38 P and O S N
Alipore 20-12-38 P and O S N

FROM RANGOON

Jalaratna 18-12-38 Scindia S N
Guirsoppa 18-12-38 M M

FROM BASRA

Bankura 15-12-38 M M
Uhenfels 17-12-38 L Edwards
Varsova 17-12-38 M M

FROM MAURITIUS

Alavi 16-12-38 T Morrison

FROM SYDNEY

Strathmore 16-12-38 P and O S N

FROM CALCUTTA

Surada 20-12-38 M M
Binfield 17-12-38 M M
Orna 26-12-38 M M

FROM DURBAN

Kenya 7-1-38 M M
Tairea 24-12-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 22-12-38 M M

### Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Corfu 7-1-39 P and O S N
Strathnaver 14-1-39 P and O S N
Somali 30-12-38 P and O S N
Strathmore 17-12-38 P and O S N
Kidderpore 18-12-38 P and O S N
Mooltan 31-12-38 P and O S N
Canton 24-12-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Celicia 23-12-38 Anchor Line

FOR HAMBURG

Wartenfels 17-12-38 L Edwards
Uhenfels 23-12-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Monroe 24-12-38 F F Campbell
City of Hereford 21-12-38 F F Campbell

FOR HULL

Baron Vernon 16-12-38 J Mackintosh

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 16-1-39 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Conte Biancamano 5-1-39 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Conte Rosso 19-12-38 L Triestino
Jademoor 28-12-38 O S Kaisha
Lahore 16-12-38 P and O
Bhutan 8-12-38 P and O S N
Rajputana 22-12-38 P and O
Nagato Maru 31-12-38 N Y Kaisya
Ranchi 5-1-39 P and O S N
Victoria 2-1-39 L Triestino
Tango Maru 15-12-38 N Y Kaisha
Kawato Maru 23-12-38 O S Kaisha

FOR SYDNEY

Strathaird 29-12-38 P and O S N
Comorin 15-12-38 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Bankura 21-12-38 M M
Varsova 22-12-38 M M
Monte Piana 15-12-38 L Triestino

FOR DURBAN

Tairea 4-1-39 M M
Takliwa 7-12-38 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 24-12-38 T Morrison
El Madina 23-12-38 Scindia S N

FOR RANGOON

Ranee 17-12-38 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Trifels 17-12-38 L Edwards
Vita 17-12-38 M M
City of Christiania 13-12-38 K Nixon
Cilicia 17-12-38 Anchor Line
Nagato Maru 16-12-38 N Y Kaisha

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Marken 14-12-38
S S Karanja 13-12-38
S S Wartenfels 13-12-38
S S Clan Stuart 13-12-38
S S Ranee 14-12-38
S S Haideri 14-12-38
S S Victoria Marie 14-12-38

EXPORTS

S S Comorin for Adelaide: 62 bags myrabollams J Moolchand; 11 pkgs roots Thos Cook.

For Sydney: 10 bales ctn twist waste M Narotamdas; 100 bales ctn twist waste Jessain Carpet; 134 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas.

For Melbourne: 50 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros.

For Brisbane: 62 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas.

S S Somali for London: 536 bags gr nut kernal K M Nathoo; 8 bales sheep skins tanned K Laibhai.

For Casablanca: 192 bags gr nut kernal K M Nathoo.

S S Baron Dechmont for Port Said for orders: 43979 bags linseed Ralli Bros; 14160 bags linseed L Dreyfus.

S S Kidderpore for Dunkirk: 111 bales wool raw K Esmail

For Copenhagen: 25 bags kang grain A Virji.

For Gothenburg 25 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora.

S S Baron Vernon for Hull: 590 bags linseed M Maheshwari.

S S Lahore for Kobe: 100 bales raw cotton Kotak; 50 bales raw cotton A Ravchand; 100 bales raw cotton M Motilal; 100 bales raw cotton V Ladha.

For Osaka: 100 bales raw cotton N Nagshi.

For Jinsen: 38 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha.

IMPORTS

S S Kanto Maru Agents O S K Kaisha from Kobe: 59 cases bobbins; 386 cases ctn pce goods; 175 cases ctn and art silk mixed shirting; 31 cases silk pce goods; 249 bales cotton yarn; 48 cases cell bangles; 100 cases art silk yarn; 68 bales cotton fents; 34 cases playing cards; 65 cases rayon and ctn mixed goods; 87 bales cotton remnants; 491 cases paint; 68 cases refined camphor; 39 cases spg and weaving machy accessories; 86 cases cast iron wire; 51 coils galvd plain iron wire; 50 cases plywood; 112 cases rayon pce goods.

From Osaka: 50 bales glue; 105 cases rayon yarn; 150 jars formic acid; 292 cases cotton yarn; 100 cts galvd iron sheets; 40 bales ctn jeans; 300 kegs red lead; 55 cases slates; 187 cases glass bottles; 179 cases glassware; 132 cases glass bangles; 400 bundles flat bars; 55 cases nails; 50 cases art silk yarn; 100 bags stone powder; 50 cases insect coils.

## THE TRAGEDY OF PALESTINE

(Continued from page 8)

ed murder and destruction perpetrated in that town by troops and police, apart from looting Arab cafes and shops.

This is the first time the Holy Land has been administered by a Christian Government since the days of the Crusaders! God forgive us.

"The healing hand of Christ," as understood and applied to the people of England, is a source of shame to us all.

The reaction of the Jews, who are also suffering from depredations and destruction, as well as murder and violence—(on a very much less scale, of course, to that of the Arabs)—from the rebels is curious.

Best opinion among them holds that every Arab village destroyed, every herd of cattle and crop of foodstuffs carried off, every collective fine or punitive raid carried out by the Government, only marks a step forward for the National Home, since the disarming of the Arab and the destruction of his villages and his resources increase the country's "absorptive capacity" for the Jews.

# Wall-Street Covering And Trade Buying In New York Cotton Market

## BANKHEAD PROPOSES TO WITHHOLD ACREAGE FROM PRODUCTION

### Farmers To Receive Loan Cotton In Compensation

BOMBAY: DEC. 15.

**THERE WAS ACTIVE WALL-STREET SHORT COVERING AND FOREIGN BUYING ON STRENGTH OF STOCKS ON WEDNESDAY IN THE NEW YORK COTTON MARKET WHERE SCARCITY OF CONTRACTS RESULTED IN A SHARP RALLY IN PRICES.**

**Bankhead's Proposal**

**THE BELIEF THAT STRONG EFFORTS ARE BEING MADE TO DEVISE A PLAN TO BENEFIT THE COTTON TRADE WAS AROUSED BY SENATOR BANKHEAD'S PROPOSAL TO WITHHOLD SOME ACREAGE FROM PRODUCTION NEXT YEAR WITH FARMERS TO RECEIVE A PART OF LOAN COTTON IN COMPENSATION.**

**THE PROPOSAL IS INTERPRETED AS CONSTRUCTIVE AND THOUGH THERE WAS NO OTHER IMPORTANT NEWS, COTTON SENTIMENT WAS COMPARATIVELY CHEERFUL. WALL-STREET MARKET WAS FIRM AND GAINS RANGED FROM ONE TO TWO DOLLARS.**

Bombay, Dec. 15.

The market opened steady but declined on lower Liverpool cables and foreign and domestic liquidation. Prices later rallied sharply on trade buying and covering with scarcity of contracts suggesting a well liquidated market while the sharp rally in December helped the entire list. Finally prices declined partially on realising with the session ending barely steady.

At the opening March was quoted 3 points down at 8.10 which was the lowest level. Later prices advanced to 8.30 but again declined to 8.20 and the market closed at a net rise of 7 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 7 points at 8.65c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 7 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 8 points at 8.45c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool market opened at a decline of 5 points with March 4.54. There was scattered liquidation on unsound statistical situation and dullness of textile. Washington's farm policy uncertainties and the obscure international situation are causing lack of confidence. Later there was Bombay buying before noon and subsequently American buying. Straddle buying against New York and some trade calling. The market closed at a net rise of 1 to 2 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 9 points at 5.22d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton was easy. Giza futures closed unchanged to 6 points down and Uppers closed 4 points down. The Alexandria market was weak on heavy selling and Sakels futures declined 34 to 29 points and Ashmouni contracts were marked down 34 to 23 points.

"Spectacular achievement is part of the technique of Dictatorship. Yet, curiously enough, the opportunity peace fully to earn a living must appeal as much to the peoples of the totalitarian States as to those of other countries. And peace has its victories no less than those obtained under the threat of war, State Messrs. Langley in their weekly report:—

Normally there should be no place in business for politics. Nowadays, unfortunately, international politics is the only foundation upon which lasting recovery can be built. And, until the leaders of the Dictator countries strive for achievement in the direction of peace instead of destroying all confidence by deliberately upsetting the political equilibrium, we cannot do other than view the trade future with almost unrelieved gloom.

POLITICAL SITUATION.

Meanwhile the cotton outlook has been clouded not only by the European political position but also by the continued uncertainty regarding the farm programme for next season. America assumes that the programme will be changed. Meanwhile the farmers on referendum have voted 85 per cent in favour of acreage and marketing quotas which make mandatory a loan at 52 per cent of parity. At no time has the Administration itself been in favour of loans. Congress forced the loan issue most definitely of all last January. Then why should a newly elected Congress listen now to Mr. Wallace rather than to the farmers who elected them and who have just voted 84 per cent in favour of the present farm programme. The present assurance of American opinion on this point is difficult to understand.

The ideal policy is undoubtedly one which allows cotton to flow freely into trade channels and provides a bonus for marketing rather than a loan for holding. But the solution of the whole problem is wrapped up in the condition of world trade. If the world is not in a position to buy more cotton it is no use releasing more cotton. If, on the other hand, there was a reasonable prospect of world trade improving then even the loan policy would not be harmful because prices would be carried above the loan level by demand.

No matter how the U. S. Administration may attempt to avoid the issue, the only real solution lies in growing less cotton and augmenting farmers' incomes by greater soil conservation payments. The problem is a surplus. The remedy is to grow less or consume more. Increased consumption is unlikely until world conditions improve. The process of elimination therefore brings one inevitably to the alternative of growing less. And, as we asserted last week, a reduction in American acreage would not lead to an increase in outside acreage at least so far as India is concerned.

Opinions are still sharply divided as to the relative merits or demerits of old and new crop months in the New York market. Old crop has the advantage of loan support but it is increasingly evident that trade buying will be delayed as long as possible in order to take advantage of the large discounts ahead Eventually, Octobers must come in for a lot of trade buying. Furthermore, October is not only carrying hedges of old crop but also short sales. Should Congress not alter the loan programme in the direction anticipated the upturns in new crop might be sharp.

There is nothing to warrant optimism except possibly the preponderance of pessimism. So much that is destructive is in the price that an upturn should materialise when the present desire to hedge free cotton and mill stocks is satisfied. On recessions May and October look reasonable purchases.

LOCAL FIRM

In Bombay, despite discouragement from America, the undertone remains firm. There is very little fresh business. In fact seldom has either export or domestic inquiry been less active. But the crop is moving slowly and, small as are December commitments, covering by shippers has been sufficient to maintain a firm basis. During January it is improbable that the same tight spot situation will prevail. Arrivals will be larger and, unless there is greater evidence of a broadening demand, offtake will be poor. The Oomra crop undoubtedly suffered both quantity as well as quality damage but we are of the opinion that eventually it will prove to be more than adequate to meet offtake. Just when arrivals will increase it is difficult to say because so much depends on the price level. At the moment there is little in the price to attract cotton quickly to market.

STAPLE COTTON

For staple styles the outlook is becoming increasingly firm. The Sind N. T. crop suffered severely from a heat wave during the early part of October while cotton still in the fields up to a fortnight ago was further damaged by frost.

Reports from the Punjab and Broach districts are mostly satisfactory but in Southern India the outlook for Cambodia is poor. The Salem crop, in particular, looks like being very short this reason. The fact that mills in the South have recently re-imported old crop Cambodia is indicative of the anxiety felt in Southern districts.

Movement of the Broach crop is the most likely to bring pressure on to the Bombay markea and as Broach will not be moving in volume for at least another month the Bombay futures market is likely to remain firm. on any recessions which do occur we would suggest purchases."

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. March Highest
(12-42 p.m.) ..... 8.31+18
N. Y. March Lowest
(10 a.m.) ..... 8.10—03
Liverpool March Highest ..... 4.71—02
Liverpool March Lowest ..... 4.62—07

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—

Cotton:—Trade reports continue poor nevertheless believe American Government policy likely succeed force higher prices eventually.

Wheat:—Buy new contracts around 4/3

Metals:—Buy now.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Market firmed on covering, commission house and trade buying. Foreign selling and hedge selling.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from our foreign friends:—

New York:—

1 "Market affected favourably by securities causing Wall Street covering. Reacted on profit-taking and hedge selling. Rather better feeling is caused by better business situation."

2 "November domestic consumption 595,000 bales, 100,000 above last year. Estimate all foreign growths 16,000,000. 2,100,000 less than last year.

3 "To-day's buying mostly for shorts covering. Southern selling do not expect higher prices in the near future."

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| January | 8.24+07 |
| March | 8.20+07 |
| May | 7.99+06 |
| July | 7.70+06 |
| October | 7.39+05 |
| Middling spot | 8.65+11 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 8.50+16 |
| January | 8.36+07 |
| March | 8.33+07 |
| Middling spot | 8.43+08 |

NEW YORK
New York, Dec. 14

11 a.m. Ranges.

| | |
|---|---|
| January | 8.23/8.23 |
| March | 8.19/8.19 |
| May | 8.00/7.99 |
| Noon Call | |
| March | 8.23 |
| May | 8.04 |

LONDON SPELTER
London, Dec. 14.

Spelter hard (Indian brand)
F.O.B. ..... 12 to 14 1/2

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Dec. 15.

Following a rise of 7 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 159 for Broach A/M. delivery and advanced to Rs. 159/4 on scattered buying influenced by change in the exchange rate. Later on there was general realising and prices declined to Rs. 158/12. The local market seems oversold and somewhat better American advice helped the rise.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of one point and later on was quoted 4 points which induced scattered buying in the local market and Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs. 158/14. The market finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

| | |
|---|---|
| F G M G.— | |
| Broach A/M | ...158 8 0 |
| Broach J/A | ..... 159 10 0 |
| Fine M. G.— | |
| Oomra D/J | ..... 148 2 0 |
| Oomra March | ..... 145 14 0 |
| F. G. M. G.— | |
| Bengal D/J | ..... 122 8 0 |
| Bengal March | ..... 121 12 0 |

### Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| SAKEL— | |
| January | ..... 12.52—34. |
| March | ..... 12.80—30. |
| May | ..... 13.08—29. |
| ASHMOUNI— | |
| December | ..... 10.26—34. |
| February | ..... 10.36—31. |
| April | ..... 10.42—31. |
| GIZA— | |
| January | ..... 12.62—39. |
| March | ..... 12.77—37. |
| May | ..... 12.87—34. |

### Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| GIZA— | |
| Spot | ..... 7.60—15. |
| January | ..... 7.21— 6 |
| March | ..... 7.16— 6. |
| May | ..... 7.11— 6. |
| Giza No. 2.— | |
| January | ..... 7.25— 4. |
| March | ..... 7.30— 3. |
| May | ..... 7.32— 3 |
| July | ..... 7.34— 3. |
| UPPERS— | |
| Spot | ..... 5.99—12. |
| January | ..... 5.94— 4. |
| March | ..... 5.97— 4. |
| May | ..... 6.01— 4. |
| July | ..... 6.02— 4. |
| October | ..... 5.93— 3. |
| November | ..... 5.81— 2. |

### Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Dec 15

Bengal Superfine 133/35
Bengal Fine 130/31 Dec +5 1/2 Jan +4 1/2
Bengal F G 127/28
C P 1 167/69 Dec +17 Jan +14 1/2
C P 2 158/59 Dec +9 Jan +7
Arvi 159/50
Amraoti 153/54
Ellichpur 158/59
Berar 153/54 Dec +4 Jan +3
Malkapur 151/52
Khandesh 142/47
Jalna Sailu 147/48
Burwah Sanavad 154/56
Khandwa 154/56
Mathia F G 132/34 Dec —15 Jan —19
Broach March +3 1/2
Punjab 4 F 181/87 Dec +26
Punjab 289 F 214/19 Dec +59
Sindh N T 199/205

### Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Dec 15

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept

In full-pressed bales

| | Yesterday | This year | Last year |
|---|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | 575 | 9,969 | 917 |
| Central India | 1,776 | 48,518 | 286 |
| Barsi and Nagar | 459 | 10,302 | 5,165 |
| Hyderabad Gaorani | 28 | 554 | 1,181 |
| Berar | 2,260 | 35,893 | 14,701 |
| Central Provinces | 149 | 14,015 | 2,681 |
| Total Oomras | 5,217 | 119,251 | 24,931 |
| Dholera | 953 | 51,836 | 2,885 |
| N W Provinces | | 487 | 1,352 |
| Rajputana | 1,073 | 8,361 | 95 |
| Sind Punjab | 1,269 | 76,958 | 102,634 |
| Broach | | 11,651 | 1,406 |
| Compta and Dharwar | 151 | 11,623 | 7,107 |
| Westerns Northerns | 350 | 9,736 | 804 |
| Cocoanada | | | 12 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | | 2,019 | 811 |
| American | | 512 | 6,625 |
| Egyptian, African and Sudan | | 107,870 | 106,541 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | | 6 | 370 |
| Total | | 9,043 | 400,311 255,573 |

### Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 8th Dec

In full-pressed bales

| | This year | Last year |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 2,020 | 57,363 47,435 |
| Japan and China | 887 | 304,504 64,700 |
| Coast Ports | 5 | 10,593 22,028 |
| Up-country by Rail | | 84,892 99,420 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan | | 12,971 2,425 |
| Total | 2,912 | 470,323 236,008 |

### Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Dec 15

| | Extra Sprfine | Sup | Fine | FG | Good |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M G— | | | | | |
| Bengal | 131 | 128 | 125 | 122 | |
| Punjab | 131 | 128 | 125 | 122 | |
| Rajputana | 131 | 123 | 125 | 122 | |
| Oomra No. 3 | 159 | 156 | 153 | 150 | |
| C P No. 1 | 173 | 170 | 167 | 164 | |
| C P No. 2 | 165 | 162 | 159 | 156 | |

### American Cotton Figures

| F P Bales | 1938-39 | 1937-38 |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts to date 14-12-38 | 2860000 | 5394000 |
| Receipts yesterday 14-12-38 | 7000 | 15000 |
| Exports to date 14-12-38 | 1824000 | 3001000 |
| Stock at Ports 9-12-38 | 3084000 | 3239000 |
| Stock at Interior Towns 9-12-38 | 3492000 | 2608000 |
| Stock at Liverpool 9-12-38 | 1091000 | 959000 |
| Visible Supply 9-12-38 | 7987000 | 7544000 |
| Quantity in sight 9-12-38 | 6804000 | 9492000 |
| Quantity out of sight 9-12-38 | 4488000 | 4829000 |

## GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Dec. 15.

Yesterday London gold prices declined 1 1/2d. to £7-8-0. London Paris Exchange rate was one point down at 117-75. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.67 3/16. London silver prices declined 1/16d. to 20 1/8d. for spot but forward advanced 1/16d. to 19 9/16d. Business was small. The movement represented narrowing of cash premium in view of the absence of demand for spot. Later on there was American buying but forward was dull. New York spot silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 and Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 0/8. London spot parity was Rs. 53-1-6 and forward Rs. 51-11-9. Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 23-12-6. The local market was quietly steady and business was restricted.

GOLD

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready | ..... 37 4 9 |
| Posh delivery | ..... 37 5 6 |
| Posh Tejimandi | ..... 0 5 0 |
| Maha delivery | ..... 37 6 6 |
| Maha Tejimandi | ..... 0 7 3 |

SILVER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready | ..... 51 0 6 |
| Posh delivery | ..... 50 15 0 |
| Posh Tejimandi | ..... 0 14 0 |
| Maha delivery | ..... 50 13 0 |
| Maha Tejimandi | ..... 1 6 0 |

LONDON SILVER
London, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot | ..... 20 1/8 |
| Forward | ..... 19 9/16 |

LONDON GOLD
London, Dec. 14.

Gold bars fine per oz ..... £7-9-0

## LONDON METALS

London, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| Copper | ..... £43 7 6 |
| Lead | ..... £14 15 0 |
| Spelter | ..... £13 15 0 |
| Tin | ..... £215 5 0 |

## LONDON SUGAR

London, Dec. 14.

March ..... 6s 3/4d.

### Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Castorseed May— | |
| Opening | ..... 30 0 0 |
| Highest | ..... 30 3 0 |
| Lowest | ..... 29 15 0 |
| Closing | ..... 30 0 6 |
| Groundnuts Feb— | |
| Opening | ..... 29 10 0 |
| Highest | ..... 30 1 0 |
| Lowest | ..... 29 9 0 |
| Closing | ..... 29 9 9 |
| Cottonseed Jan— | |
| Opening | ..... 22 0 6 |
| Highest | ..... 22 4 0 |
| Lowest | ..... 21 13 0 |
| Closing | ..... 21 13 6 |
| Cottonseed May— | |
| Opening | ..... 22 8 0 |
| Highest | ..... 22 12 0 |
| Lowest | ..... 22 4 0 |
| Closing | ..... 22 5 0 |

### Bombay Metals

Bombay, Dec 15

London market—
Standard copper cash (buyers) £43-5-0
Standard copper 3 months ..... £43-10-0
Electrolytic copper ..... £49-10-0
Bombay market—
Yellow metal sheets ..... Rs. 40-0-0
Copper sheets ..... Rs. 48-0-0
Tone: Steady.

### Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 13th Dec. ..... 8,160

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1938 ..... 391,268
Receipts into Bombay same time last season ..... 247,489

Increase 143,779

### Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—
Jan. 95 March 97 May 108 July 119 Oct. 122 at Cross Rate 4.67 3/16.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1939 158/8—Liverpool May 1939 4.66 Rs. 44 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach J/A 1939 159/12—Liverpool July 1939 4.57 Rs. 39 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1939 158/8—New York May 7.99 Rs. 31 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.67 3/16.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach J/A. 1939 159/12—New York July 7.70 Rs. 23 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.67 3/16.

### Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Dec 14

| | |
|---|---|
| December | ..... dol 0.64 1/2 |
| May | ..... dol 0.67 1/8 |
| July | ..... dol 0.68 3/4 |

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Dec 14.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Jan/Feb. sellers ..... 22
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels Unquoted
Wheat South Australian parcels Afloat sellers ..... 23/3

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Dec. 14.

T. T. London on:—

| | |
|---|---|
| New York | ..... 4.67.28 |
| Paris | ..... 177.75 |
| Berlin | ..... 11.64 1/2 |
| Madrid | ..... 100.00 |
| Montreal | ..... 4.72 3/16 |
| Amsterdam | ..... 8.59 3/4 |
| Brussels | ..... 27.72 1/2 |
| Milan | ..... 88.75 |
| Berne | ..... 20.66 1/2 |

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, Dec. 14.
Bales.

| | |
|---|---|
| Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports | 7,000 |
| Day's exports to Great Britain | Nil |
| Day's exports to the Continent | 2,000 |
| Day's exports to China and Japan | 2,000 |

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Dec. 14.
Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 quality

## GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| 3 1/2 per cent G P Notes | 98/6 |
| 2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan | 99/8 |
| 3 per cent 1951/54 Loan | 101/8 |
| 3 per cent 1941 Bonds | 102/12 |
| 3 per cent 1963/65 | 98/2 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 | 105/2 |
| 4 per cent 1940/43 Bonds | 108/6 |
| 4 per cent 1960/70 Loan | 111/5 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan | 119/2 |
| 5 per cent U P Bonds | 98 |
| 5 per cent 1939/43 Loan | 101/12 |
| 5 per cent 1940/43 Loan | 105/2 |
| TAX FREES | |
| 5 per cent 1943/55 Loan | 116 |
| 4 per cent 1958/63 Mysore | 111/8 |
| 5 per cent 1955 Mysore | 124 |
| CORPORATION DEBENTURES | |
| 4 per cent 1974 B P T | 110/4 |
| 4 per cent 1974 M Deb | 109/8 |
| 4 per cent 1974 M Deb | 119 |
| 5 per cent 1954 M Deb | 130 |

Note:—The 3 1/2 per cent G P Notes quotes 98/2 sellers for next settlement. Cash quotes about 4 annas higher.

### MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Dec. 15.

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 27/32
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 7/8
Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16
Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/5 1/32 to March 1/6 April Nov.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 288 1/2
Bank's buying T T 185 1/4
Bank's buying D D 284 1/2
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,312
Bank's buying T T 1,340
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 78 5/8
Bank's buying T T 77 7/8
Bank's buying 60 days 77
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 63 1/2
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 63 3/8
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 85 1/4
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 47 1/8
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/8
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 85 3/4
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.67.12 14th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 1/64 15th inst.
Hongkong/London 1/3 15th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/8 15th inst.
Java/London 8.57 1/2 15th inst.
London/Paris 177.75 14th inst.
London/Belgium 27.72 1/2 14th inst.
London/Switzerland 20.66 1/2 14th inst
London/Berlin 11.64 1/2 14th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.42 3/8 14th inst.
London/New York 4.67.28 14th inst.
London/Amsterdam 8.59 1/2 14th inst.
London/Italy 88.75 14th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £7-9-1 1/2 13th inst.
Gold £7-9-0 14th inst.
Silver London Ready 20 3/16 13th inst.
Silver London Ready 20 1/8 14th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 1/2 13th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 9/16 14th inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 13th inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 14th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 15/16 to 1 per cent 13th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 15/16 to 1 per cent 14th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 15/16 per cent 13th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 15/16 per cent 14th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—
Call 1 per cent.
3 months 1 1/2 per cent.
6 months 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Firm.

### INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| Call Loan London | ..... 1/2 |
| 3 per cent | ..... 75 3/4 |
| 3 1/2 per cent | ..... 89 3/4 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1954/59 | ..... 101 1/2 |
| 4 per cent 1948/53 | ..... 105 3/4 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 | ..... 111 1/2 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1958/69 | ..... 115 1/4 |
| 5 per cent 1942/47 | ..... 107 1/2 |
| 3 per cent 1949/52 | ..... 98 1/2 |
| 2 1/2 per cent British Consols | 70 1/8 |
| 3 1/2 per cent War Loan | ..... 98 |
| 4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90 | ..... 107 7/8 |
| Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary | ..... 45 |

### Produce Receipts

Bombay, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat | ..... 1,314 cwts |
| Linseed | ..... 388 cwts |
| Gingellyseed | ..... 1,140 cwts |
| Poppyseed | ..... 7 cwts |
| Groundnuts | ..... 28,962 cwts |
| Castorseed | ..... 51 cwts |
| Rice | ..... 46,178 cwts |
| Myrabollams | ..... 3,138 cwts |
| Cottonseed | ..... 10,223 cwts |
| Mowraseed | ..... 58 cwts |
| Gram | ..... 2,319 cwts |
| Joowar | ..... 1,362 cwts |
| Maize | ..... 44 cwts |
| Barley | ..... 616 cwts |
| Bajree | ..... 3,027 cwts |
| Indian sugar | ..... 1,546 cwts |

### Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready Javas | ..... Rs. 15 7 0 |
| Shipment Jan March | ..... 5 15 6 |
| Shipment July Sept | ..... 6 3 0 |
| Kesar | ..... 15 5 0 |
| Saraya | ..... 15 2 0 |
| Java Spot | ..... F 6.40 |

### Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Dec 14

| | |
|---|---|
| January | ..... £10 2 6 |
| February | ..... £10 2 6 |

### Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Dec 14

| | |
|---|---|
| December | ..... 55 7/8d. |
| March | ..... 54 3/8d. |
| May | ..... 55d. |
| March | ..... 51 5/8d. New |
| May | ..... 52 1/8d. New |

# Further Small Rise In Tata Steels

## BULLS AND BEARS LESS AGGRESSIVE

### Cotton Mills Shares Mostly Unchanged

BOMBAY: DEC. 15.

**Encouraging reports of American trade resulted in a further rise in Wall-Street Market, where U. S. Steel shares advanced dollars 2 and Anaconda Coppers advanced 1 point. Dows Industrial average also advanced to 151.83 from 149.59.**

**The local Market despite the recent shake-off is responding reluctantly and the small improvement which is registered day after day indicates that extreme caution is being pursued by Professional Operators.**

**However, Bears seem to have no justification for increasing short interest, while Bulls who are carrying a fairly large long interest do not think it safe to push up prices. This state is responsible for narrow movement and the market is left to adjust its position.**

**In view of approaching Xmas Holidays, it is likely that there may be some evening up of business which may wipe off some of the present rise, but any decline is likely to induce short covering. Bulls rely on the fundamental situation of the Steel industry, but speculative actions and reactions are bound to continue.**

**In the local market most of the business is confined to Tata Steel shares, while Textile shares remain neglected. In some cases holdings of Steel share hedged with sales of Cotton Mill shares.**

**Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,515 and after declining to Rs. 1.510 improved to Rs. 1,517-8. Later on prices sagged to Rs. 1.505 with scattered selling and closed at Rs. 1,507-8 Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 314. Bombay Dyeing shares remained unchanged.**

### TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Ahmd. Advance | 420 0 |
| 200 BOMBAY DYEING | 877 8 |
| 100 CENTURY | 243 0 |
| 100 CENTRAL INDIA | 236 8 |
| 100 COLABA | 144 8 |
| 100 Coorla | 95 0 |
| 250 David | 75 0 |
| 250 Dawn | 321 4 |
| 1 E. D. Sassoon | 0 4 6 |
| 100 Finlay | 118 12 |
| 100 GOKAK | 154 0 |
| 1,000 Hindustan | 1.705 0 |
| 100 Indore | 55 0 |
| 100 Khatau | 117 8 |
| 100 KOHINOOR | 261 0 |
| 150 Laxmi | 517 8 |
| 250 Madras United | 35 0 |
| 100 Morarji | 135 0 |
| 250 Model | 55 0 |
| 50 MYSORE | 89 0 |
| 200 NEW GREAT | 217 0 |
| 100 Oosmanshahi | 40 0 |
| 100 PHOENIX | 223 0 |
| 25 Sassoon Silk | 71 0 |
| 1,000 Sholapur | 3225 0 |
| 50 SIMPLEX | 77 8 |
| 100 SWADESHI | 220 0 |
| 100 Swan | 111 4 |
| 500 Vishnu | 1250 0 |
| 1.000 Westerns | 860 0 |
| BANKS. | |
| 50-100 Baroda | 115 4 |
| 25-50 Central | 29 14 |
| 500 Imperial | 1,570 0 |
| 125-500 Imp. Conty. | 383 12 |
| 50-100 India | 148 8 |
| 100 Reserve Bank | 115 12 |
| 5 Unions | 5 11 6 |
| CEMENTS. | |
| 100 Associated | 108 12 |
| INSURANCE. | |
| 100-500 Empire | 685 0 |
| 15-100 Jupiter | 13 0 |
| 20 Mercantile | 52 0 |
| 15-100 New India | 37 9 |
| 200 Oriental | 4300 0 |
| 10-50 Vulcan | 7 2 |
| ELECTRIC. | |
| 100 Ah. Old | 140 0 |
| 1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY | 1,412 8 |
| 10 Ajmer | 11 14 |
| 10 Amalgmd. | 12 0 |
| 50 Bombay Tram | 123 12 |
| 100 Bombay Suburban | 148 12 |
| 10 Broach | 10 0 |
| 100 Karachi | 186 4 |
| 100 Poona | 170 10 |
| 100 Surat | 172 8 |
| 100 TATA HYDRO | 156 0 |
| 100 TATA POWERS | 1305 0 |
| RAILWAYS. | |
| 100 Ahmedabad Prantij | 951 4 |
| 100 C. Province | 101 8 |
| 100 Dn Baramati | 103 4 |
| 100 Gujarat | 101 0 |
| Mandra Bhon | 101 12 |
| 100 Pachora Jamner | 95 0 |
| 100 Sara Serajgaunj | 101 0 |
| 500 Tapti Valley | 755 0 |
| MINING. | |
| 9 Burma Corp. | 5 15 |
| 8sh. Indian Copper | 2-3-0 |
| 10 Indian Iron and Steel | 29 14 |
| 10 Shivrajpur | 50 0 |
| 70 TATA STEEL DEFDS | 1,507 8 |
| 75 TATA STEEL ORD. | 314 8 |
| MISCELLANEOUS | |
| 100 ALCOCK | 340 0 |
| 60 BELAPUR SUGAR | 187 8 |
| 200-250 Bombay Safe Dep. | 840 0 |
| 150 BOMBAY STEAM | 213 0 |
| 125 B BURMA | 521 4 |
| 50 Bombay Conty | 178 2 |
| 8sh Br. B. Petrol | 3 9 0 |
| 50 BOMBAY TELEPHONE | 21 12 |
| 100 I. BLEACHING | 124 8 |
| 50 Invest Trust | 41 6 |
| 100 I. Radio Defd | 390 0 |
| 100 I. Radio Ord. | 380 0 |
| 100 Port Canning XD | 69 8 |
| 40 Premier Con. | 65 8 |
| 15 Scindia | 17 14 |
| 25 Tata Oil Mill (nil) | 46 4 |
| PREFERENCE | |
| 5 1/2 Amalgmad (T. F.) | 106 0 |
| 7 p. c Andhra Valley | 1510 0 |
| 6 p.c Bombay Steam XD | 283 12 |
| 5 p.c. Bombay Tram (TF) | 73 0 |
| 5 p.c. Central India (T.F.) | 567 8 |
| 6¼ p.c. Prem. Const 1st. | 108 0 |
| 6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const 2nd | 97 0 |
| 7 p.c. Tata Hydro | 148 12 |
| 7½ p.c. Tata Power | 1603 12 |
| 6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st. | 208 12 |
| 7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd. | 160 0 |
| 7 p.c Vishnu | 717 8 |
| DEBENTURES | |
| 3-3/4 p.c Andhra Valley | 102 6 |
| 6 p.c. Andhra Valley | 108 4 |

### ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Rombay, Dec. 15.

Bombay Dyeing (877/8) 882 880 881 877
Century (244) 246 243/8 244 242/8 243/8
Central India (236/8) 238 237 236/8
Kohinoor (262) 263 262 261
New Great (218) 219 217
Simplex (77) 78/8 78 77/8
Swadeshi (220) 221 220
Associated Cement (108/4) 108/4 108 108/12
Andhra (1412/8) 1412/8
Tram. (123/12) 123/8 123/12
Tata Hydro (156/8) 156
Tata Power (1305) 1310 1307 1305
T. Steel Defd. (1492/8) 1515 1510 1517 1512 1505 1507
T. Steel Ord. (312) 315 316 314/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (159/12) 160
Bellapur (188) 188 187/8
B. Steam (213) 213
B. Burma (521/4) 525 523 521

### WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Dec. 14.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karanj have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

| | Dol. |
|---|---|
| Amr. Water Works Com. | 13 |
| Electric Bond Common | 10 1/2 |
| United Corpn. | 3 |
| American Tel and Tel | XD.148 1/2 |
| Western Union Telg. | 23 3/4 |
| New York Central Rly. | 19 1/4 |
| Texas Corp. | 44 |
| Union Carbide | 89 1/2 |
| National Distillers | 27 |
| Guranty Trust | 234 |
| Flinkote | 29 1/4 |
| United States Steel | 66 3/8 |
| Bethlehem Steel | /5 |
| Crucible Steel | 40 |
| Crucible Steel 7 p.c. Pfd. | 87 |
| Ludlum Steel | 27 |
| Republic Steel | 24 |
| Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt | 9 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 35 |
| Int. Nickel of Canada | 54 1/2 |
| Westinghouse Air Brake | 19 1/4 |
| General Motors | 50 1/4 |
| General Electric | 44 1/4 |
| American Radiator | 18 |
| Barnsdall Oil | 18 |
| Consolidated Oil | 8 1/2 |
| Socony Oil | 13 3/4 |
| Chase Bank | 30 3/4 |
| National City Bank | 22 3/4 |
| National Dairy | 12 |
| Ligett Meyers B. | 98 |
| Packard | 5 |

Turnover 2 million shares. Continuing strength. We favour buying Flinkote.

Dow Jones averages 151.83 against 149.59 yesterday.

### HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Dec. 14.

Broach A/M. 1939 op 156 3/4; highest 157 1/4; lowest 156 3/4; closing 157 1/4.
Broach J/A. op 158 1/4; highest 158 5/8; lowest 158 1/4; closing 158 1/2.
Oomra D/J. op 146; highest 146 7/8; lowest 146; closing 146 7/8.
Oomra March op 144 1/2; highest 145; lowest 144 1/2; closing 144 3/4.
Bengal D/J op 121, highest 121 3/4; lowest 121; closing 121 3/4.
Bengal March op 120; highest 120 7/8, lowest 120; closing 120 7/8.
Teji/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (21-12-38) Rs. 1 7/8
Teji/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (21-1-39) Rs. 4 3/4.
Teji/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 9
T/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. 1939 (24-6-39) Rs. 13 3/4.

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 4.74+01 |
| January | 4.72+01 |
| February | 4.71+01 |
| March | 4.71+02 |
| April | 4.68+01 |
| May | 4.66+01 |
| June | 4.61+01 |
| July | 4.57+01 |
| August | 4.52+01 |
| September | 4.47+01 |
| October | 4.43+02 |
| November | 4.44+02 |
| December | 4.45+02 |
| Middling spot | 5.02—09 |

10-12 a.m. quotations.

| | |
|---|---|
| January | 4.63 |
| March | 4.62 |

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 p.c. Bombay Telephone | 52 8 |
| 7 p.c. Sholapur | 80 4 |
| 6 p.c. Tata Hydro. | 108 8 |

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

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# The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1938

## Tribute To Pioneer Art Institute

### J. J. SCHOOL EXHIBITION OPENED

### Premier On Future Of Art Education In India

**WHILE PAYING TRIBUTES TO THE WORK OF THE PIONEER ARTISTS WHO HAD BROUGHT THE J. J. SCHOOL OF ART TO ITS HIGH STATUS TO-DAY, THE HON. MR. B. G KHER, PREMIER OF BOMBAY, WHO OPENED THE ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE SCHOOL ON THURSDAY, HOPED THAT EFFORTS WOULD BE MADE TO ESTABLISH AN INDIAN ACADEMY OF ART ON THE LINES OF THOSE IN WESTERN COUNTRIES.**

The annual exhibition of the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, was opened in the school gardens by the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay on Thursday evening.

On the arrival of the Premier, the members of the staff were presented to him.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF ART SCHOOL

The Director of the School, Mr. Charles Gerard, then read the report in the course of which he said, "The Sir J. J. School of Art from its inception in 1875, has been working with a progressive policy in Art Education in this Presidency and has contributed something substantial towards Indian culture, and it was no exaggeration to say that to-day the School of Art stood in the front rank of institutions in this country for the study of Art from the elementary stages to the advanced courses. This centralised Government institution having a traditional background of over 70 years to its credit, was indeed, a great cultural asset to the Presidency. The Bombay School had attained its present importance as a result of the sustained efforts of its able pioneer artists and educationalists throughout its long career, and had stood the test of time, enjoying the approval and esteem of an Art-loving public, and could be favourably compared with any similar type of Institution in the West."

The number of lady students attending during 1935 was 54 whilst to-day the figure was 73. He said that this was a very encouraging sign of the times as the sphere of Art is one of the most suitable occupations whereby Indian womanhood can contribute something towards the cultural development of this country.

INTERNATIONAL MERIT

He referred to the international recognition of merit gained by Miss S. Virjee, who is now prosecuting further studies in London, after completing her course in the J. J. School of Art. Mr. Y. K. Shukla, who received his artistic training in this School, and who specialised in Indian Design was awarded an Italian Scholarship. He is now continuing his studies at Rome.

The mural decoration of the Metro Cinema was the handiwork of the students of the School executed under the direction of Mr. Gerard. The reconstruction of Quetta had also utilised the work of the students of this school.

Mr. Gerard then requested the Premier to declare the Exhibition open.

The Premier in opening the Exhibition said: "The study of Art has a very important bearing on the culture of a country and your School, which has a history of over 70 years behind it, has not only a National but International importance from that point of view. I have heard with great interest that the number of your students is increasing and particularly that the number of lady students is on the increase."

Mr. Kher expressed satisfaction on the success of the two Indian students Mr. Shukla and Miss Virji.

FUTURE OF ART EDUCATION

"This ancient country" he added, "had attained a high level of perfection in the matter of Art but owing to political and economic conditions there has been a great decline."

Continuing he said: "I feel that a mere imitation of some modern school in the West is not a desirable aim."

He further said that "the expansion and reorganisation of Art Education in Bombay had not received the attention which it deserved. Indeed, the Reorganisation Committee had recommended that this School should be closed. In its opinion what appeared to be the decisive factor was that a province verging on insolvency had no right to continue to be a patron of Fine Arts. While therefore, I am entirely unable to appreciate the point of view of the Retrenchment Committee, I should like to see more Schools of Art opened throughout the country."

Concluding Mr. Kher said "The J. J. School of Art, I hope, will develop into a College of University status.

I think we should have a Provincial Board of Controlling and directing Art Education on the lines of the Academies of Arts in Western countries.

The whole question bristles with difficulties and will have to be carefully considered by a Committee to advise Government as to the best method of improving and reorganising Art Education in the country."

The Premier then inspected the exhibition. Beautiful works of Art were on display. Portraits, paintings, clay-models, pictures, and statues were some of the exhibits. Modern pieces of furniture and drawings of commercial advertisement designs were also on display.

The function terminated with the garlanding of the Premier.

## At J. J. School Of Art Exhibition

Poster in Commercial Art Section by V. A. Paruleker.

Poster by J. P. Kinny.

"FRIENDS MEET"
*(Water-Colour Sketch by A. L. Vyas)*

### *CIVIC HOLIDAY FOR MAHATMA'S BIRTHDAY*

*Madras Govt. And Corporation*

MADRAS, Dec. 15.

The Corporation of Madras passed a resolution in September requesting the Government to declare the birthday of Mahatma Gandhi as a public holiday from next year.

The Government have informed the Corporation that they do not propose to take any action on the resolution.—A. P.

## Fresh Taxation Inevitable

### Bombay Govt. Must Implement Rural Development Programme

(SPECIAL TO THE "CHRONICLE")

**THE PRELIMINARY BUDGET PROPOSALS OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR 1939-40, IT IS UNDERSTOOD, WERE CONSIDERED BY THE CABINET FOR THE FIRST TIME ON THURSDAY, WHEN HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR ATTENDED FOR ABOUT HALF AN HOUR.**

**AFTER THE DEPARTURE OF HIS EXCELLENCY, ALL THE MINISTERS SEEM TO HAVE CONFERRED IN THE PREMIER'S ROOM, FOR MORE THAN FOUR HOURS, GIVING CLOSE ATTENTION TO SOME OF THE IMPORTANT ITEMS EVIDENTLY CONNECTED WITH TAXATION PROPOSALS. THE FACT THAT HIS EXCELLENCY DEVOTED ONLY HALF AN HOUR FOR THE CABINET MEETING AND THAT THE MINISTERS CONTINUED THEIR DELIBERATIONS FOR FOUR HOURS AFTER HIS EXCELLENCY'S DEPARTURE, SHOWS THAT THE BUDGET PROPOSALS ARE STILL AT A PRELIMINARY STAGE.**

RURAL DEVELOPMENT.

Will the Ministry be able to undertake the programme which they have in view, particularly the Rural Development part of it, without taking recourse to fresh taxation? The loss of revenue resulting from the prohibition programme of the Government is closely linked up with this question. The Government had provided 31.50 lakhs as loss of revenue and increase in expenditure on the anti-drink campaign for the year 1938-39. According to a modest estimate, this will be in the neighbourhood of 60 lakhs for the next year. There is one more point to be taken into consideration and that is the wherewithal for the restoration of forfeited lands in Gujarat. This would amount to 6 to 8 lakhs. Though the commitment in this connection was foreseen during the financial year which is to come to a close on the 31st of March, the major part of the restoration process will fall during the next year, thus making a further demand on the resources of the Government.

INADEQUATE RESOURCES.

Taking, therefore, into consideration all these commitments as also the Rural Development programme on which the Ministry desires to lay so much emphasis, one could definitely say that the existing resources at the disposal of the Government are inadequate.

With the approach of the Budget session every year, one hears so much about "drastic retrenchment." The month of December, 1938, is not an exception to this rule. If one were to stand in the corridor of a Government office for only five minutes, one finds that the yearly hobgoblin of a ten per cent. cut in the salaries of all servants, has been revived. But the scare has definitely no basis. It is clear that the Government does not expect to make any substantial saving in the matter of establishment. As pointed out in the Review of the Government's work during the second half year ending July, 1938, though "it was at one time believed that reduced scales of salaries could be applied to nearly all classes of Government servants, there are obvious difficulties in resorting to this course. Government servants at the lower end cannot have reduced salaries while those appointed by the Secretary of State also cannot be subjected to a cut without the sanction of that authority."

NO SURPRISES.

"In this connection it might be remembered all that the Congress Provinces combined in a joint representation to the Secretary of State for India but, as was revealed by Dr. Khare, the then Premier of the Central Provinces, at one of the sittings of the C. P. Assembly, the representation did not meet with any success. In view of this, it can hardly be expected that the Bombay Ministry will have any surprises for us regarding economy proposals.

As was pointed out by the Hon'ble Mr. Latthe during a special interview to the "Chronicle" last week, the question of sales tax has been engaging the attention of the Bombay Government for a long time. Though with the reservations of a clever Finance Minister, he pointed out that the Federal Court's decision regarding the petrol tax was helpful to the other Provincial Ministries "only to the extent of removing a legal difficulty," there is every indication that the Bombay Ministry will decide in favour of sales tax, particularly in view of the rural development programme on which they are so keen. There is also every likelihood of a tax on electrical undertakings imposed in a manner so as not to affect the consumer. It is well-known that some of these concerns which have almost a monopoly in the field, have been making mammoth profits.

One of the methods, it is said, by which the Government can tax them without hitting the consumer is by asking the concerns to reduce the charges which the consumer is called upon to pay and set the difference apart for Governmental revenue by way of a tax. If, for instance, the consumer pays at the rate of 4 annas per unit, the electrical Company would be asked to reduce it to 3 annas per unit and the difference of one anna would be realised as a tax.

EXPECTATIONS REALISED.

As was expressed by the Hon'ble Mr. Latthe in a special interview to the "Chronicle," the Government's expectations on the revenue side for 1938-39 have been fulfilled except for a small difference of about 5 lakhs in Court fees. But the Government seems to have anticipated this in view of general depression which has its repercussions on the litigant public.

All things taken into consideration, fresh taxation is inevitable for a Government which is anxious to do so much for the masses in the rural areas. The Ministry's efforts during the next few days when they will be giving a final shape to the Budget will be to make that taxation equitable.

## *Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day*

*INSPECTOR WADE* — *GUNMAN'S BLUFF*

LATER AT SCOTLAND YARD...
9-15
THAT'S THE STORY, DONAVAN...."SLICK" SLUGGED ME AND CONNORS, WEIGHTED US AND DROPPED US IN THE RIVER!
LEAVING YOU TO DROWN, PLEASANT LITTLE MURDERER, "SLICK"!
PLEASANT IS RIGHT! HE TRIED CONNOR'S' OWN STUNT, USING BLOCKS OF SALT TO WEIGHT US DOWN. BUT I CAME TO, FREED MYSELF....AND MANAGED TO PULL CONNORS OUT!
SO THAT'S THE WAY CONNORS BUMPED OFF "THE TALKER"!
THAT'S WHY HE'S IN A CELL NOW... HE OUGHT TO BE RIPE TO SPILL A LITTLE DIRT ABOUT "SLICK"!
SURE, I'LL SQUEAL ON THAT DOUBLE-CROSSIN' RAT! IF HE'S TAKIN' OVER MY RACKET, HE'LL BE ON THE COAL-BARGE, "SPRAY"!
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